Kansas Parole Board

Mission. The Kansas Parole Board, as part of the criminal justice system, strives to provide public safety by determining the conditions under which offenders may be released from prison in order to maximize their potential to become law-abiding citizens.

Operations. The Kansas Parole Board consists of four members appointed to four-year terms by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate. In addition to making parole decisions concerning inmates who have reached parole eligibility, the Board conducts public comment sessions and parole revocation hearings, issues final discharge from parole supervision, and reviews applications for executive clemency and pardons.

Parole eligibility dates are determined by legislation and do not necessarily indicate release from custody. The Board is required by statute to conduct a parole hearing during the month prior to the month an inmate will be eligible for parole. The hearing is held at the institution where the inmate is housed. The hearing gives the inmate an opportunity to discuss all matters pertinent to parole release, including the parole plan formulated by the inmate.

During the month prior to parole hearings, the Parole Board conducts public comment sessions to obtain additional information pertinent to the parole process. Conducted monthly in the Cities of Topeka, Wichita, and Kansas City, the public comment sessions offer the general public, victims, criminal justice and law enforcement officials, and others an opportunity to offer comments regarding parole eligible offenders.

The Board grants parole only to those inmates judged able and willing to fulfill the obligations of law abiding citizens. Inmates released on parole must abide by the rules and conditions of parole and are supervised by parole officers, who are employees of the Department of Corrections. Revocation proceedings are initiated by parole officers. If there is sufficient evidence that parole conditions have been violated, the parolee is returned to an institution where the final violation hearing is conducted by the Board.

Administrative functions for the Board are conducted by the Department of Corrections. The Parole and Post Release Supervision Program in the Department provides administrative services for the agency. The Kansas Parole Board retains its authority to make parole decisions as an independent state agency.

Goals and Objectives. One of the stated goals of the agency is to develop effective release planning for high risk and high need inmates. An objective of this goal is to create individualized and specialized plans for offenders through appropriate recommendations.

Statutory History. Kansas established its first formal release procedure, administered by the Prison Board, in 1903. The Penal Reform Act of 1973 authorized the transfer of the parole supervision function from the Prison Board to the Secretary of Corrections. The Kansas Adult Authority replaced the Board of Probation and Parole in 1974, and membership of the authority was increased from three to five part-time appointees. In 1979, the status of the authority was increased to full-time. The 1984 Legislature reduced the membership of the authority from five to three members and changed the authority's name to the Kansas Parole Board, effective January 1, 1986. The 1988 Legislature increased the membership to five and the 1997 Legislature reduced it to the current membership of four. Authority for the Board is found in KSA 22-3701, 22-3706, and 22-3707 et seq.

Kansas Parole Board

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|--------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| Ermanditumas by Object | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | 422.052 | 111 161 | 450 115 | | 450.900 |
| Salaries and Wages | 433,052 | 444,461 | 450,115 | | 459,899 |
| Contractual Services | 66,538 | 81,703 | 79,207 | | 70,071 |
| Commodities | 5,546 | 2.702 | 2.500 | | 1.000 |
| Capital Outlay | 7,482 | 2,793 | 2,500 | | 1,000 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | 0=40 <40 | ***** | 4534.000 | h | 4.500.050 |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$512,618 | \$528,957 | \$531,822 | \$ | \$530,970 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$512,618 | \$528,957 | \$531,822 | \$ | \$530,970 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$512,618 | \$528,957 | \$531,822 | \$ | \$530,970 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 512,618 | 528,957 | 531,822 | | 530,970 |
| Aid to Local Governments | , | , | , | | , |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$512,618 | \$528,957 | \$531,822 | \$ | \$530,970 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Total Expenditures | \$512,618 | \$528, 9 57 | \$531,822 | \$ | \$530,970 |
| - | , | ŕ | , i | * | · · |
| FTE Positions | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | | 4.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | | 4.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of cases referred to Director of Rebase Planning | 10 | 25 | 25 |
| Percent of successful transitions from Mirrores-Transitional Living Program | 63.0 % | 65.0 % | 70.0 % |
| Number of parole hearings conducted | 1,803 | 1,761 | 1,673 |

Parsons State Hospital & Training Center_

Mission. The mission of the agency is to provide habilitation, rehabilitation, and residential care to persons with developmental disabilities so that they can acquire greater control of their lives.

Operations. The Habilitation and Treatment Program is the central program of the Hospital. Each of the 11 resident cottages is staffed by a team which develops an individualized plan for each resident. The resident's progress with the treatment plan is periodically reviewed and new objectives are established when necessary.

The General Administration Program provides overall management and the Community Service Program coordinates community-based services. The Medical and Surgical Services Program treats illnesses and injuries and works to prevent infectious disease. The Staff Education and Research Program provides training and continuing education for staff as appropriate. The Ancillary Services Program has three functions: (1) to ensure that all school-aged children are enrolled in the Special Education Program accredited by the Kansas State Department of Education; (2) to provide leisure and vocational activities for the residents, and (3) to provide clinical support services for the residents.

The Physical Plant and Central Services Program operates the power plant, maintains the facilities, and provides dietary, laundry, and supply services. The Capital Improvements Program maintains the agency's

buildings so that they meet applicable codes and regulations as well as conserve energy.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the agency is to support residents of the hospital and individuals with developmental disabilities living in the community in ways that enhance their quality of life and allow more independent living. The agency has established the following objectives:

Continue to develop and plan individual lifestyle program and placement plans for each individual served by the Center.

Systematically evaluate and monitor treatment and support practices so that only the most efficient and effective are implemented.

Provide professional and paraprofessional training for current staff and others who serve persons with developmental disabilities.

Continue to develop the Dual Diagnosis Treatment and Training Services, a statewide program providing inpatient and outpatient treatment to persons with a diagnosis of both mental retardation and a mental illness.

Statutory History. Current statutes governing the existence and operation of the institution are KSA 76-1401 to 76-1415. The Special Education Program is mandated and governed by KSA 72-901 et seq.

Parsons State Hospital & Training Center

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|--|------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| General Administration | 1,059,966 | 1,028,378 | 1,031,998 | | 1,045,716 |
| Habilitation and Treatment | 12,042,772 | 12,476,935 | 12,492,460 | 319,953 | 12,690,732 |
| Staff Education and Research | 258,390 | 253,938 | 255,063 | | 257,714 |
| Community Services | 93,361 | 94,666 | 96,193 | | 89,660 |
| Ancillary Services | 1,412,917 | 1,439,274 | 1,480,185 | | 1,491,257 |
| Medical and Surgical Services | 806,900 | 821,428 | 819,951 | | 835,477 |
| Physical Plant & Central Services | 3,784,060 | 3,741,957 | 3,760,523 | | 3,785,242 |
| Debt Service & Capital Improve. | 1,741,123 | 31,259 | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$21,199,489 | \$19,887,835 | \$19,936,373 | \$319,953 | \$20,195,798 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 16,758,145 | 17,253,480 | 17,256,931 | 319,953 | 17,576,351 |
| Contractual Services | 1,133,411 | 1,118,996 | 1,167,792 | | 1,150,405 |
| Commodities | 1,421,564 | 1,449,900 | 1,477,450 | | 1,451,924 |
| Capital Outlay | 143,185 | 32,200 | 32,200 | | 15,118 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | 42,288 | 45,000 | 46,000 | | 46,000 |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$19,456,305 | \$19,854,576 | \$19,934,373 | \$319,953 | \$20,193,798 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 2,061 | 2,000 | 2,000 | | 2,000 |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$19,458,366 | \$19,856,576 | \$19,936,373 | \$319,953 | \$20,195,798 |
| Capital Improvements | 1,741,123 | 31,259 | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$21,199,489 | \$19,887,835 | \$19,936,373 | \$319,953 | \$20,195,798 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 5,443,598 | 6,354,127 | 5,981,568 | 575,703 | 6,200,124 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | 2,000 | | 2,000 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$5,443,598 | \$6,354,127 | \$5,983,568 | \$575,703 | \$6,202,124 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 14,012,707 | 13,500,449 | 13,952,805 | (255,750) | 13,993,674 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 2,061 | 2,000 | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 1,741,123 | 31,259 | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$15,755,891 | \$13,533,708 | \$13,952,805 | (\$255,750) | \$13,993,674 |
| Total Expenditures | \$21,199,489 | \$19,887,835 | \$19,936,373 | \$319,953 | \$20,195,798 |
| FTE Positions | 516.0 | 513.0 | 513.0 | | 513.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | | 2.1 |
| Total Positions | 518.1 | 515.1 | 515.1 | | 515.1 |
| | | | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
| Performance Measures | | | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Average daily census | | | 189 | 190 | 188 |
| Compliance with intermediate care facil standards for habilitation and treatme | | y retarded | 98.8 % | 100.0 % | 100.0 % |
| | | | | | |
| Percent of residents with a person-center | cu pian in piace | | 83.0 % | 88.0 % | 93.0 % |

Pittsburg State University_

Mission. The overall mission of Pittsburg State University is to provide undergraduate and graduate programs and services primarily to the citizens of Southeast Kansas, but also to others who seek the benefits offered. This is accomplished by a combination of academic programs in Arts and Sciences, Business and Economics, Education, and Technology. The University is equally committed to fulfilling its statewide mission in technology and economic development by facilitating partnerships with secondary and postsecondary educational institutions, businesses, and industries. Excellence in teaching is the primary focus.

Operations. Pittsburg State University established in 1903 to serve the higher education needs of Southeast Kansas. The University's programs include instructional services, academic support services, and student services. Instructional services are provided in four undergraduate schools and a graduate school. A two-year program and certificates are offered in a limited number of fields. The College of Technology has been merged with the Vocational Technical Institute to strengthen the quality of technical and vocational programs offered by the University. In order to ensure the highest level of quality in its programs, the University has received accreditation by nationally recognized organizations. Among others, the University's programs are accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education, the American Assembly of Collegiate Schools of Business, and the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology.

Goals and Objectives. One of the goals of the University is to provide the most enriching educational experience possible through excellence in programs and instruction. In order to achieve this goal, the University will strive to:

Enhance the programs and services of the College of Arts and Sciences by strengthening

existing programs and adding new programs that are of value to the region.

Allocate increased resources to faculty development to ensure adequate professional travel, new teaching strategies, and equipment to improve the learning environment.

Provide academic counseling that will enhance student retention and graduation rates.

Pittsburg State University will continue to assist the region and the state through economic development activities and community service. This goal is accomplished by attempting to:

Enhance activities in economic development and technology transfer through the Business and Technology Institute.

Enhance the University's role as the cultural center of Southeast Kansas, especially in providing a performance and fine arts center.

The University also has a goal to maintain a focus on its statewide role in providing technology education. To accomplish this, the University will:

Develop and expand the College of Technology's state-of-the-art facilities, equipment and curriculum in order to prepare students for careers in the 21st century.

Use the College of Business' American Assembly of Collegiate Schools of Business accreditation, programs, and faculty to enhance its leadership role in the business community.

Statutory History. Pittsburg State University was established by KSA 76-617 et seq. in 1903. That act was repealed in 1970, and the institution is now operated as one of the institutions under the Board of Regents by the authority of KSA 76-711 et seq.

Pittsburg State University

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|--|--------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| Institutional Support | 3,930,365 | 3,996,937 | 4,057,754 | 184,550 | 4,119,149 |
| Educational Program | 33,120,481 | 36,714,785 | 36,015,543 | 3,777,157 | 36,695,715 |
| Research | 1,676,815 | 1,566,355 | 1,587,454 | 86,647 | 1,587,454 |
| Public Service | 1,546,189 | 1,828,480 | 1,870,131 | 93,444 | 1,872,695 |
| Student Aids and Awards | 4,703,640 | 5,048,244 | 5,098,726 | 75,725 | 5,098,726 |
| Auxiliary Enterprises | 3,336,307 | 3,803,163 | 3,863,251 | 85,362 | 3,863,251 |
| Physical Plant | 6,913,055 | 7,083,821 | 7,214,510 | 174,043 | 7,303,591 |
| Debt Service & Capital Improve. | 1,774,011 | 5,195,674 | 2,173,876 | 545,000 | 2,173,876 |
| Total Expenditures | \$57,000,863 | \$65,237,459 | \$61,881,245 | \$5,021,928 | \$62,714,457 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 39,554,329 | 41,084,952 | 41,834,575 | 2,863,319 | 42,667,787 |
| Contractual Services | 5,840,523 | 6,593,876 | 6,417,137 | 330,718 | 6,417,137 |
| Commodities | 3,245,215 | 3,811,124 | 3,704,213 | 191,023 | 3,704,213 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,737,359 | 3,308,356 | 2,455,555 | 1,013,186 | 2,455,555 |
| Debt Service | 478,002 | 467,265 | 453,876 | | 453,876 |
| Non-expense Items | 2,843,213 | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$50,855,428 | \$55,265,573 | \$54,865,356 | \$4,398,246 | \$55,698,568 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | ψ ., ε>ο, 2 .ο | |
| Other Assistance | 4,849,426 | 5,243,477 | 5,295,889 | 78,682 | 5,295,889 |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$55,704,854 | \$60,509,050 | \$60,161,245 | \$4,476,928 | \$60,994,457 |
| Capital Improvements | 1,296,009 | 4,728,409 | 1,720,000 | 545,000 | 1,720,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$57,000,863 | \$65,237,459 | \$61,881,245 | \$5,021,928 | \$62,714,457 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 30,180,336 | 32,056,870 | 31,801,255 | 3,845,128 | 32,537,858 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 50,100,550 | | 51,001,235 | | 32,337,030 |
| Other Assistance | 570,788 | 397,597 | 226,238 | 12,779 | 226,238 |
| Capital Improvements | 570,700 | 371,371 | | 410,000 | 220,230 |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$30,751,124 | \$32,454,467 | \$32,027,493 | \$4,267,907 | \$32,764,096 |
| | ψ50,751,124 | ψ32,434,407 | ψ32,027,473 | φ+,201,201 | ψ32,704,070 |
| Other Funds | 20 675 002 | 22 200 702 | 22.064.101 | 552 110 | 22 1 60 710 |
| State Operations | 20,675,092 | 23,208,703 | 23,064,101 | 553,118 | 23,160,710 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 4,278,638 | 4,845,880 | 5,069,651 | 65,903 | 5,069,651 |
| Capital Improvements | 1,296,009 | 4,728,409 | 1,720,000 | 135,000 | 1,720,000 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$26,249,739 | \$32,782,992 | \$29,853,752 | \$754,021 | \$29,950,361 |
| Total Expenditures | \$57,000,863 | \$65,237,459 | \$61,881,245 | \$5,021,928 | \$62,714,457 |
| FTE Positions | 791.7 | 794.0 | 794.0 | 6.9 | 794.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 791.7 | 794.0 | 794.0 | 6.9 | 794.0 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Doufournou oo Moo | | | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
| Performance Measures | | | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Five-year graduation rate | | | 39.1 % | 41.0 % | 42.0 % |
| Percent of undergraduate credit hours ta | ught by ranked fac | culty | 85.0 % | 85.0 % | 85.0 % |
| | | | | | |

Kansas Racing & Gaming Commission_

Mission. The racing and gaming industries provide a number of economic benefits for Kansans. The Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission is dedicated to protecting the integrity of these industries through the enforcement of Kansas laws and is committed to preserving public trust and confidence.

Operations. The agency is governed by a five-member commission appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The Governor appoints and the Senate confirms an executive director to administer the day-to-day operations of the racing program and an executive director to administer the gaming program. Within the racing program there are several divisions, including administration, licensing, animal health, security, , stewards and judges, and legal. The gaming program consists of an administrative division and a compliance and enforcement division.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established by the Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission:

Maintain the integrity of racing through enforcement of the parimutuel laws, criminal statutes, and regulations adopted by the commission.

Promote the growth of breeding industries and other opportunities for parimutuel racing.

Ensure compliance with tribal-gaming compacts, gaming rules, and internal controls. Investigate alleged violations of the compacts.

Ensure that the gaming facilities are operated in compliance with Tribal-State Compacts.

Audit and verify that the amount of tax received from each organization licensee is correct.

Statutory History. Article 15 of the *Kansas Constitution* was amended in 1986 to permit parimutuel wagering on dog and horse races. The Kansas Parimutuel Racing Act is contained in Article 88 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. The Racing Commission was originally established by KSA 74-8803, and its powers and duties are outlined in KSA 74-8804.

Four tribal-state gaming compacts were approved during the 1995 Legislative Session. These four compacts were signed by the Governor and later approved by the U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs. Subsequently, the State Gaming Agency was created by executive order in August 1995. Under the Tribal Gaming Oversight Act, enacted during the 1996 Legislative Session, the State Gaming Agency was made a part of the Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission. The Tribal Gaming Oversight Act also established specific criminal gaming violations which had not previously existed.

Since July 1, 1996, the separate agencies of Racing and Gaming were integrated into the Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission. Prior to this action the State Gaming Agency was attached to the Department of Commerce and Housing.

Kansas Racing & Gaming Commission

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Gov. Estimate | FY 2002 Curr. Service | FY 2002 Enhanc. Pkg. | FY 2002 Gov. Rec. |
|---|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Expenditures by Program | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Cuii. Service | Ellianc. Fkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Racing Operations | 4,351,482 | 5,165,832 | 5,545,376 | | 4,956,352 |
| Gaming Operations | 1,011,033 | 1,370,531 | 1,275,208 | 5,790 | 1,265,210 |
| Total Expenditures | \$5,362,515 | \$6,536,363 | \$6,820,584 | \$5,790 | \$6,221,562 |
| • | \$5,502,515 | φ 0 ,55 0 ,505 | φυ,020,304 | φ5,770 | φ 0 ,221,302 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 2,832,879 | 3,330,466 | 3,644,252 | 5,790 | 3,226,060 |
| Contractual Services | 1,013,547 | 1,428,065 | 1,369,267 | | 1,208,397 |
| Commodities | 67,535 | 100,943 | 97,960 | | 78,000 |
| Capital Outlay | 102,133 | 144,000 | 144,000 | | 144,000 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$4,016,094 | \$5,003,474 | \$5,255,479 | \$5,790 | \$4,656,457 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 1,346,421 | 1,532,889 | 1,565,105 | | 1,565,105 |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$5,362,515 | \$6,536,363 | \$6,820,584 | \$5,790 | \$6,221,562 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$5,362,515 | \$6,536,363 | \$6,820,584 | \$5,790 | \$6,221,562 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | φ | φ | Φ | φ | φ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 4,016,094 | 5,003,474 | 5,255,479 | 5,790 | 4,656,457 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 1,346,421 | 1,532,889 | 1,565,105 | | 1,565,105 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$5,362,515 | \$6,536,363 | \$6,820,584 | \$5,790 | \$6,221,562 |
| Total Expenditures | \$5,362,515 | \$6,536,363 | \$6,820,584 | \$5,790 | \$6,221,562 |
| FTE Positions | 71.0 | 63.0 | 72.0 | 1.0 | 64.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 13.0 | 12.0 | 13.0 | (1.0) | 11.0 |
| Total Positions | 84.0 | 75.0 | 85.0 | (1.0) | 75.0 |
| TOTAL T OSTUBLIS | 04.0 | 75.0 | 05.0 | | 75.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Racing fund receipts | \$3,617,556 | \$4,080,883 | \$4,104,552 |
| Receipts transferred to the Gaming Revenues Fund | \$592,648 | \$450,000 | \$450,000 |
| Background investigations performed | 93 | 93 | 75 |

Rainbow Mental Health Facility_

Mission. The mission of the facility is to diagnose and treat persons with psychiatric disorders, restore them to an optimum level of functioning, and return them to the community in the shortest time possible.

Operations. Rainbow Mental Health Facility, the smallest of Kansas' three state psychiatric facilities, provides care and treatment to mentally ill adults, adolescents, and children. The Hospital serves the adult citizens of Johnson, Wyandotte, Douglas, Jefferson, Leavenworth, Jackson, Atchison, Nemaha, Brown, and Doniphan Counties. Children and adolescents come from the eastern half of Kansas.

The primary program of the facility is the Psychiatric Services Program, which consists of services for adults, adolescents, and children. In all psychiatric services, a comprehensive evaluation and an individual treatment plan are completed for each patient admitted. The plan may include group and individual therapy, family therapy, family groups, parent groups, medication, music, recreation, art, and other activity therapies. The Educational Program is integrated into the facility's treatment programs, and teachers serve as treatment team members. These educational services are contracted through the Kansas City School District.

The Rainbow Mental Health Facility provides services to adults, adolescents, and children. The adult inpatient program provides services to adults in need of full-time inpatient treatment or inpatient evaluation. Patients are screened and referred for admission by community mental health centers. The average stay for adult patients is 25 days. The child and adolescent inpatient program provides services to youth in need of full-time inpatient treatment or inpatient evaluation. The average stay for youth is 47 days.

In addition to the Psychiatric Services Program, Rainbow operates six programs designed to facilitate The General Administration serving its patients. Program provides the overall management of the facility. The Staff Education and Research Program provides orientation and training for entry level staff and clinical and educational services. The Physical Plant and Central Services Program operates the central heating and cooling system; maintains buildings, grounds, and equipment; supervises dietary and laundry services; and provides supplies for other programs. The Capital Improvements Program provides and maintains buildings and equipment that facilitate other programs, meet applicable codes and regulations, and conserve energy.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the institution is to provide clinically effective treatment specifically designed for each patient. The facility pursues this goal through the following objectives:

Improve patient functioning through inpatient hospitalization.

Provide short-term psychiatric treatment through a comprehensive and integrated range of mental health services that involves the family, community mental health programs, and other community support services.

Provide the latest in medications and short-term psychiatric treatment practices.

Statutory History. Current statutory authority can be found in KSA 76-17a10 et seq. The Hospital is also governed by federal Title XVIII (Medicare) and Title XIX (Medicaid) regulations with which it must comply to receive federal reimbursements.

Rainbow Mental Health Facility

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Gov. Estimate | FY 2002 Curr. Service | FY 2002 Enhanc. Pkg. | FY 2002 Gov. Rec. |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Expenditures by Program | Actual | Gov. Estillate | Cuii. Service | Ellianc, Fkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| General Administration | 1,153,460 | 1,310,700 | 1,288,844 | | 1,304,310 |
| Psychiatric Services | 2,833,546 | 2,929,027 | 2,964,283 | 140,322 | 3,013,204 |
| Staff Education and Research | 84,503 | 93,388 | 94,090 | | 95,482 |
| Ancillary Services | 1,175,078 | 1,214,800 | 1,245,045 | | 1,244,611 |
| Medical Services | 42,296 | 45,950 | 45,950 | | 45,950 |
| Physical Plant & Central Services | 991,664 | 916,496 | 923,408 | | 925,933 |
| Debt Service & Capital Improve. | 28 | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$6,280,575 | \$6,510,361 | \$6,561,620 | \$140,322 | \$6,629,490 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 4,530,866 | 4,871,216 | 4,929,174 | 140,322 | 5,009,933 |
| Contractual Services | 1,380,083 | 1,324,925 | 1,334,415 | · | 1,327,315 |
| Commodities | 243,434 | 269,600 | 292,800 | | 287,011 |
| Capital Outlay | 125,409 | 43,750 | 4,361 | | 4,361 |
| Debt Service | | | · | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$6,279,792 | \$6,509,491 | \$6,560,750 | \$140,322 | \$6,628,620 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 755 | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 755 | 870 | 870 | ¢1.40.222 | 870 |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$6,280,547 28 | \$6,510,361 | \$6,561,620 | \$140,322 | \$6,629,490 |
| Capital Improvements Total Expenditures | \$6,280,575 | \$6,510,361 | \$6,561,620 | \$140,32 2 | \$6,629,490 |
| Expenditures by Fund | ψ0,200,ε/ε | ψο,ε10,ε01 | ψο,εο1,ο2ο | Ψ110,022 | ψ0,02>,1>0 |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 545,198 | 1,102,036 | 655,633 | 833,900 | 739,603 |
| Aid to Local Governments | J 4 J,176 | 1,102,030 | 055,055 | 033,700 | 737,003 |
| Other Assistance | 755 | 870 | 870 | | 870 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$545,953 | \$1,102,906 | \$656,503 | \$833,900 | \$740,473 |
| Other Funds | 1 | 1 / 2 / 2 2 | 1 / | , , | , ,, , |
| State Operations | 5,734,594 | 5,407,455 | 5,905,117 | (693,578) | 5,889,017 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 3,734,374 | 5,407,455 | 5,705,117 | (0/3,370) | 3,007,017 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 28 | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$5,734,622 | \$5,407,455 | \$5,905,117 | (\$693,578) | \$5,889,017 |
| Total Expenditures | \$6,280,575 | \$6,510,361 | \$6,561,620 | \$140,322 | \$6,629,490 |
| FTE Positions | 134.4 | 132.4 | 132.4 | | 132.4 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 23.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | | 23.0 |
| Total Positions | 157.4 | 155.4 | 155.4 | | 155.4 |
| 2000.2 00.000.00 | 20 | 20011 | 20011 | | 20011 |
| | | | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
| Performance Measures | | | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Average length of stay for adolescent an | 55 | 45 | 45 | | |
| Number of seclusion/restraint incidents | 127 | 100 | 100 | | |
| Number of seclusion/restraint hours | | | 98.5 | 100 | 100 |

Board of Regents

Mission. The Kansas Board of Regents, through its diverse postsecondary education system, seeks to provide educational opportunities for all of Kansas' citizens to achieve their greatest potential.

Operations. The Board of Regents consists of nine members appointed by the Governor to four-year overlapping terms. It cannot include more than five persons of the same political party. The Board is subdivided into three advisory commissions: one for Regents institutions; one for community colleges, area vocational schools, and technical colleges; and one for higher education coordination.

In general, the Board is responsible for governing the Regents institutions. As part of the restructuring of higher education during the 1999 Legislative Session, the Board was also given responsibility for supervising community colleges, area vocational schools, and technical colleges, as well as the responsibility for administering adult basic education and supplementary education programs and licensing proprietary schools. This responsibility was transferred from the State Board of Education. The governance of the community colleges, area vocational schools, and technical colleges continues to reside with local boards of trustees for the community colleges and local school district boards of trustees, or multi-boards of control, for the area vocational schools and technical colleges. In addition, the 1999 Legislature required the Board to coordinate among institutions and institutional sectors, including Washburn University and the independent colleges and universities.

Goals and Objectives. The Board of Regents recently developed a set of goals to guide its work. The goals

include creating an integrated articulated system of education that promotes success while maintaining standards.

Another goal for the Board is to enable the postsecondary educational institutions to be a more powerful force in the development of economic opportunity workforce training and improvement of life in the state.

Statutory History. Article 6, Section 2, of the *Kansas Constitution* directs the Legislature to provide for a State Board of Regents. KSA 74-3201 et seq. provide for creation of the Board of Regents, and KSA 76-711 et seq. outline the powers and duties of the Board of Regents. Executive Reorganization Order No. 9, approved by the 1975 Legislature, abolished the State Education Commission and transferred its duties to the Board of Regents. The major functions transferred were administration of the Tuition Grant Program, the State Scholarship Program, and the administrative activities pertaining to the Higher Education Loan Guarantee Program.

KSA 72-6503 gives the Kansas Board of Regents responsibility for administering state funds to Washburn University. Prior to FY 1992, this responsibility belonged to the State Department of Education. KSA 74-3201 et seq. established the Kansas Higher Education Coordination Act. The act abolished the Board and reestablished it with expanded powers and duties. It transferred to the Board powers and duties from the State Board of Education relating to postsecondary and adult education. In addition, the act gives the Board responsibility for coordination of higher education.

Board of Regents

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| F 15 1 B | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | 1.752.261 | 2.006.725 | 2.066.211 | 002.712 | 2.560.116 |
| Administration | 1,753,361 | 2,086,735 | 2,066,311 | 992,712 | 2,568,116 |
| Student Financial Assistance | 14,995,988 | 15,413,688 | 15,258,178 | 2,154,567 | 15,581,412 |
| Postsecondary Education | 102,966,969 | 118,093,275 | 138,989,836 | 11,710,055 | 139,570,310 |
| Debt Service & Capital Improve. | 14,999,756 | 15,000,000 | 23,000,000 | Ф1.4.0 55 .22.4 | 23,000,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$134,716,074 | \$150,593,698 | \$179,314,325 | \$14,857,334 | \$180,719,838 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 1,432,107 | 1,791,060 | 1,807,929 | 326,058 | 1,841,615 |
| Contractual Services | 868,186 | 865,024 | 844,438 | 300,986 | 1,067,099 |
| Commodities | 37,139 | 25,816 | 19,767 | 5,387 | 269,767 |
| Capital Outlay | 49,404 | 179,988 | 181,787 | 314,685 | 181,787 |
| Debt Service | 6,889,756 | 6,535,000 | 6,150,000 | | 6,150,000 |
| Non-expense Items | 291,706 | 290,000 | 290,000 | | 290,000 |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$9,276,592 | \$9,396,888 | \$9,003,921 | \$947,116 | \$9,510,268 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 102,348,627 | 117,363,695 | 138,275,226 | 11,610,465 | 138,851,158 |
| Other Assistance | 14,980,855 | 15,368,115 | 15,185,178 | 2,299,753 | 15,508,412 |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$126,606,074 | \$142,128,698 | \$162,464,325 | \$14,857,334 | \$163,869,838 |
| Capital Improvements | 8,110,000 | 8,465,000 | 16,850,000 | | 16,850,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$134,716,074 | \$150,593,698 | \$179,314,325 | \$14,857,334 | \$180,719,838 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 2,043,868 | 2,407,661 | 2,412,237 | 935,855 | 2,881,151 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 90,682,742 | 104,415,287 | 125,209,903 | 8,305,840 | 125,785,835 |
| Other Assistance | 13,907,992 | 13,790,930 | 13,765,930 | 2,299,753 | 14,089,164 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$106,634,602 | \$120,613,878 | \$141,388,070 | \$11,541,448 | \$142,756,150 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 7,232,724 | 6,989,227 | 6,591,684 | 11,261 | 6,629,117 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 11,665,885 | 12,948,408 | 13,065,323 | 3,304,625 | 13,065,323 |
| Other Assistance | 1,072,863 | 1,577,185 | 1,419,248 | | 1,419,248 |
| Capital Improvements | 8,110,000 | 8,465,000 | 16,850,000 | | 16,850,000 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$28,081,472 | \$29,979,820 | \$37,926,255 | \$3,315,886 | \$37,963,688 |
| Total Expenditures | \$134,716,074 | \$150,593,698 | \$179,314,325 | \$14,857,334 | \$180,719,838 |
| FTE Positions | , , | 28.0 | 28.0 | . , , | 30.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 26.0 1.5 | 28.0 1.5 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 2.0 |
| Total Positions | 27.5 | 29.5 | 31.0 | 5.0 | 32.0 |
| TOTAL POSITIONS | 21.5 | 29.5 | 31.0 | 5.0 | 32.0 |

Administration

Operations. This program includes expenditures for meetings of the Board of Regents, as well as salaries and other operating costs for the staff employed by the Board. The responsibilities of the central office staff include research and analysis on educational and academic management issues as well as review of institutional budgets, planning and analysis of facility needs, and institutional program review. In addition, the Administration Program is developing a common database for all postsecondary institutions.

Goals and Objectives. One goal for the Administration Program is to provide effective and efficient staff support to the Board of Regents and the postsecondary institutions it governs and coordinates.

The other goal of the program is to design, develop, and implement a public postsecondary data information system within five years.

Statutory History. Article 6, Section 2 of the *Kansas Constitution* directs the Legislature to provide for a State Board of Regents. KSA 74-3201 et seq. provide for the creation of the Board of Regents, and KSA 76-711 et seq. outline the powers and duties of the Board. During the 1999 Legislative Session the Kansas Higher Education Coordination Act was passed. It abolished and then reconstituted the State Board of Regents. The reconstituted Board has additional powers and duties related to the financing of postsecondary educational institutions.

Administration

| | EV 2000 | EV 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | EV 2002 |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------|
| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | | FY 2002 Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Salaries and Wages | 1,255,891 | 1,576,451 | 1,591,314 | 317,815 | 1,620,458 |
| Contractual Services | 381,705 | 300,575 | 294,747 | 209,950 | 517,408 |
| Commodities | 25,231 | 11,321 | 5,129 | 5,076 | 255,129 |
| Capital Outlay | 35,469 | 173,388 | 175,121 | 314,685 | 175,121 |
| Debt Service | 33,409 | 173,366 | 173,121 | 314,003 | 1/3,121 |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$1,698,296 | \$2,061,735 | \$2,066,311 | \$847,526 | \$2,568,116 |
| Aid to Local Governments | Ψ1,070,270 | φ2,001,755 | Ψ2,000,511 | φ047,520 | Ψ2,500,110 |
| Other Assistance | 55.065 | 25,000 | | 145,186 | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,753,361 | \$2,086,735 | \$2,066,311 | \$992,712 | \$2,568,116 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 1,675,868 | 2,039,661 | 2,044,237 | 847,526 | 2,513,151 |
| Aid to Local Governments | · · · | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 55,065 | 25,000 | | 145,186 | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$1,730,933 | \$2,064,661 | \$2,044,237 | \$992,712 | \$2,513,151 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 22,428 | 22,074 | 22,074 | | 54,965 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$22,428 | \$22,074 | \$22,074 | \$ | \$54,965 |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,753,361 | \$2,086,735 | \$2,066,311 | \$992,712 | \$2,568,116 |
| FTE Positions | 22.0 | 24.0 | 24.0 | 5.0 | 26.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 0.5 | 0.5 | 2.0 | | 1.0 |
| Total Positions | 22.5 | 24.5 | 26.0 | 5.0 | 27.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
|--|---------|----------|----------|
| | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Complete phase I of postsecondary database | N/A | 100.0 % | N/A |

Student Financial Assistance

Operations. The Board of Regents administers various grant and scholarship programs that award more than \$14.8 million annually. The Board also provides the state's operating grant to Washburn University.

These grant and scholarship programs provide aid to financially needy students attending both public and private institutions in Kansas. The Kansas Comprehensive Grant has three components. Tuition Grant Program provides grants to eligible students attending private Kansas postsecondary institutions to prevent them from being "priced out" of these institutions by higher tuition rates. The Regents Supplemental Grant Program provides assistance to financially needy students attending Regents institutions. And the Washburn Tuition Grant provides funding for eligible Washburn students.

The State Scholarship Program recognizes the academic achievement of outstanding high school students. The Kansas Ethnic Minority Scholarship Program and the Kansas Ethnic Minority Fellowship Program provide awards to ethnic minority students at the undergraduate and graduate levels, respectively, as a means of recruiting and retaining minority students.

The Board also administers programs designed to reduce the shortage of practitioners in certain professional fields. These programs include Scholarships for Osteopathic Medical Education, the Nursing Student Scholarship Program, the Optometry Scholarship Program, and the Teacher Scholarship Program. In general, recipients must practice in the state for one year in exchange for every year they receive a scholarship. Depending on the program, recipients may also be required to practice in underserved areas of the state. Students failing to meet the service requirement must repay the scholarship with interest.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Student Financial Assistance Program is to administer student financial aid programs efficiently and effectively in accordance with statutes, regulations, policies, and procedures. The following objectives are designed to achieve this goal:

Improve service to customers, including students, their families and participating institutions, by improving processes for awarding and distributing financial aid.

Improve administration of the professional service scholarship programs.

Statutory History. KSA 72-6810 et seq. authorize the State Scholarship Program. KSA 74-3265 et seq. authorize the Osteopathic Medical Education Scholarship Program. KSA 72-4400 authorizes the Vocational Education Scholarship Program. KSA 74-3291 et seq. authorize the Nursing Student Scholarship Program. KSA 74-3284 et seq. authorize the Kansas Ethnic Minority Scholarship Program. KSA 74-32,100 et seq. established the Teacher Scholarship Program. KSA 74-32,112 et seq. authorize the Minority Fellowship Program and KSA 74-3278 et seq. the Kansas Distinguished Scholarship Program.

KSA 48-275 et seq. authorize the Kansas National Guard Education Assistance Program, which provides for state payment of tuition and fees for eligible National Guard members. KSA 75-4364 provides tuition and fee waivers for dependents of law enforcement officers who died from injuries sustained in the line of duty. KSA 74-3255 et seq. authorize tuition waivers for students participating in the Kansas Reserve Officers Training Corps. During the 1998 Legislative Session the Tuition Grant and the Regents Supplemental Grant Programs were consolidated into the Kansas Comprehensive Grant Program.

Student Financial Assistance

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | | | | | |
| Contractual Services | 77,602 | 77,670 | 77,670 | | 77,670 |
| Commodities | 276 | 330 | 330 | | 330 |
| Capital Outlay | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$77,878 | \$78,000 | \$78,000 | \$ | \$78,000 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 14,918,110 | 15,335,688 | 15,180,178 | 2,154,567 | 15,503,412 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$14,995,988 | \$15,413,688 | \$15,258,178 | \$2,154,567 | \$15,581,412 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 75,000 | 75,000 | 75,000 | | 75,000 |
| Aid to Local Governments | , | · | , | | |
| Other Assistance | 13,852,927 | 13,765,930 | 13,765,930 | 2,154,567 | 14,089,164 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$13,927,927 | \$13,840,930 | \$13,840,930 | \$2,154,567 | \$14,164,164 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 2,878 | 3,000 | 3,000 | | 3,000 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 1,065,183 | 1,569,758 | 1,414,248 | | 1,414,248 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$1,068,061 | \$1,572,758 | \$1,417,248 | \$ | \$1,417,248 |
| Total Expenditures | \$14,995,988 | \$15,413,688 | \$15,258,178 | \$2,154,567 | \$15,581,412 |
| FTE Positions | | | | | |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Recommend statutory changes to improve scholarship programs | N/A | N/A | 100.0 % |
| Receive and perform timely data entry of the student financial aid applications | N/A | 100.0 % | N/A |

Postsecondary Education_

Operations. This program implements the Board's responsibilities relating to the distribution of state aid to community colleges, technical schools and colleges, Washburn University, and state universities for specific enhancements, including faculty salary increases. The program provides services to adults without a high school diploma. In addition, the staff aids the Board in the development of coordination activities related to postsecondary education, including Washburn University as well as the independent colleges and universities. Coordination of postsecondary education is being developed.

Goals and Objectives. A goal for the Postsecondary Education Program is to provide adult education and literacy services in order to assist adults in becoming

literate and obtaining the knowledge and skills necessary for employment and self-sufficiency.

A second goal is to assist parents in obtaining the educational skills necessary to contribute to their children's education.

Statutory History. During the 1999 Legislative Session the Kansas Higher Education Coordination Act was passed. It can be found in the KSA 74-3201 et seq. Statutory changes provided for supervision of postsecondary institutions and programs formerly under the State Board of Education, created a higher education coordinating role for the Board, and changed the funding for community colleges and Washburn University.

Postsecondary Education

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | Č | |
| Salaries and Wages | 176,216 | 214,609 | 216,615 | 8,243 | 221,157 |
| Contractual Services | 408,879 | 486,779 | 472,021 | 91,036 | 472,021 |
| Commodities | 11,632 | 14,165 | 14,308 | 311 | 14,308 |
| Capital Outlay | 13,935 | 6,600 | 6,666 | | 6,666 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | 291,706 | 290,000 | 290,000 | | 290,000 |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$610,662 | \$722,153 | \$709,610 | \$99,590 | \$714,152 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 102,348,627 | 117,363,695 | 138,275,226 | 11,610,465 | 138,851,158 |
| Other Assistance | 7,680 | 7,427 | 5,000 | | 5,000 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$102,966,969 | \$118,093,275 | \$138,989,836 | \$11,710,055 | \$139,570,310 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 293,000 | 293,000 | 293,000 | 88,329 | 293,000 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 90,682,742 | 104,415,287 | 125,209,903 | 8,305,840 | 125,785,835 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$90,975,742 | \$104,708,287 | \$125,502,903 | \$8,394,169 | \$126,078,835 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 317,662 | 429,153 | 416,610 | 11,261 | 421,152 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 11,665,885 | 12,948,408 | 13,065,323 | 3,304,625 | 13,065,323 |
| Other Assistance | 7,680 | 7,427 | 5,000 | | 5,000 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$11,991,227 | \$13,384,988 | \$13,486,933 | \$3,315,886 | \$13,491,475 |
| Total Expenditures | \$102,966,969 | \$118,093,275 | \$138,989,836 | \$11,710,055 | \$139,570,310 |
| FTE Positions | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | | 4.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | | 1.0 |
| Total Positions | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | | 5.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of applicants who receive a GED or Adult H.S. Diploma | 75.0 % | 80.0 % | 85.0 % |
| Percent of participants who achieve citizenship skills | 40.0 % | 50.0 % | 60.0 % |

Debt Service & Capital Improvements_

Operations. The Board of Regents distributes a lump sum appropriation of funds from the Educational Building Fund to the campuses for rehabilitation and repair. In addition, beginning in FY 1998, the debt service payment for the "Crumbling Classrooms" bond issue has been paid through this program. This program allows the Regents universities to make many

repairs to the aging buildings on the campuses and to construct new facilities, such as the Nursing Education Building at the University of Kansas Medical Center.

Statutory History. Capital improvement projects are authorized individually by appropriation acts of the Legislature.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | 1 10 10 10 | Cov. Estimate | Cuiii 201 / 100 | Zimmier I ng. | 001111001 |
| Salaries and Wages | | | | | |
| Contractual Services | | | | | |
| Commodities | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | | | | | |
| Debt Service | 6,889,756 | 6,535,000 | 6,150,000 | | 6,150,000 |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$6,889,756 | \$6,535,000 | \$6,150,000 | \$ | \$6,150,000 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 8,110,000 | 8,465,000 | 16,850,000 | | 16,850,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$14,999,756 | \$15,000,000 | \$23,000,000 | \$ | \$23,000,000 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 6,889,756 | 6,535,000 | 6,150,000 | | 6,150,000 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 8,110,000 | 8,465,000 | 16,850,000 | | 16,850,000 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$14,999,756 | \$15,000,000 | \$23,000,000 | \$ | \$23,000,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$14,999,756 | \$15,000,000 | \$23,000,000 | \$ | \$23,000,000 |
| FTE Positions | | | | | |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | | | | | |

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Department of Revenue

Mission. The mission of the Department is to collect taxes and fees as fairly as possible, administer Kansas law with fairness to all citizens, and provide exemplary service to the customer, the taxpayer.

Operations. The Department is organized into seven programs:

Administrative Services provides management control, policy direction, strategic planning, legal services, personnel services, information systems support, and administrative support to all parts of the Department.

Aid to Local Governments distributes funds to local governments from the sand royalty tax, bingo enforcement tax, the minerals production tax, dealer vehicle fees for full privilege license plates, and taxes on marijuana and controlled substances.

Alcoholic Beverage Control regulates the sale and distribution of alcoholic beverages in the state and enforces regulations governing cigarette and tobacco products and bingo games.

Tax Operations administers virtually all state taxes, including personal and corporate income, retail sales and use, estate, minerals, motor fuels, and excise.

Property Valuation appraises state property and assists local appraisers in administering assessments and tax laws.

Motor Vehicles administers Kansas law relating to vehicle issuance of license plates and certificates of

title, motor vehicle dealer licensing, and driver licensing control.

Homestead Property Tax Refunds provides property tax rebates to elderly and low-income citizens.

Goals and Objectives. The Department has established the following goals to accomplish its mission:

Encourage and achieve the highest degree of voluntary compliance with Kansas laws.

Provide assistance to Kansas citizens and local governments in an efficient and courteous manner.

Improve quality customer service and organizational performance.

Foster the personal and professional growth of its personnel.

Utilize progressive technology to improve productivity and efficiency.

Statutory History. The organization, powers, and duties of the Department of Revenue are found in KSA 75-5101 et seq. The current department was formed in 1972 through consolidation of the former Departments of Revenue, Motor Vehicles, Alcoholic Beverage Control, Property Valuation, Ports of Entry, and the Motor Vehicle Reciprocity Commission. KSA 75-5127 authorizes the Secretary of Revenue to organize the Department in the most efficient manner.

Department of Revenue

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | C | |
| Administrative Services | 25,558,048 | 23,023,863 | 23,301,619 | 2,898,456 | 23,196,006 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 5,317,003 | 5,267,500 | 5,862,500 | | 5,862,500 |
| Alcoholic Beverage Control | 1,838,048 | 1,849,734 | 1,873,708 | 486,368 | 1,914,518 |
| Tax Operations | 24,286,613 | 25,550,214 | 25,331,117 | 4,504,215 | 25,709,347 |
| Property Valuation | 4,343,542 | 5,031,920 | 4,284,586 | 735,000 | 4,894,950 |
| Motor Vehicles | 22,000,279 | 16,159,441 | 15,887,450 | 500,000 | 16,485,519 |
| Homestead Property Tax Refunds | 14,997,936 | 15,100,000 | 14,430,000 | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$98,341,469 | \$91,982,672 | \$90,970,980 | \$9,124,039 | \$78,062,840 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 42,002,630 | 41,409,706 | 42,326,898 | 1,548,331 | 43,402,722 |
| Contractual Services | 20,983,757 | 22,846,771 | 21,581,900 | 5,851,945 | 21,732,936 |
| Commodities | 9,415,071 | 3,404,764 | 3,576,112 | 43,700 | 3,366,112 |
| Capital Outlay | 3,122,274 | 1,453,931 | 693,570 | 1,680,063 | 1,198,570 |
| Debt Service | | · · · · | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$75,523,732 | \$69,115,172 | \$68,178,480 | \$9,124,039 | \$69,700,340 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 5,320,836 | 5,267,500 | 5,862,500 | | 5,862,500 |
| Other Assistance | 17,496,901 | 17,600,000 | 16,930,000 | | 2,500,000 |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$98,341,469 | \$91,982,672 | \$90,970,980 | \$9,124,039 | \$78,062,840 |
| Capital Improvements | · · · · | · · · · · | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$98,341,469 | \$91,982,672 | \$90,970,980 | \$9,124,039 | \$78,062,840 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 30,390,323 | 32,291,725 | 32,612,969 | 7,012,343 | 32,668,126 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 14,997,964 | 15,100,000 | 14,430,000 | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$45,388,287 | \$47,391,725 | \$47,042,969 | \$7,012,343 | \$32,668,126 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 45,133,409 | 36,823,447 | 35,565,511 | 2,111,696 | 37,032,214 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 5,320,836 | 5,267,500 | 5,862,500 | | 5,862,500 |
| Other Assistance | 2,498,937 | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 | | 2,500,000 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$52,953,182 | \$44,590,947 | \$43,928,011 | \$2,111,696 | \$45,394,714 |
| Total Expenditures | \$98,341,469 | \$91,982,672 | \$90,970,980 | \$9,124,039 | \$78,062,840 |
| FTE Positions | 1,175.5 | 1,162.0 | 1,162.0 | 20.0 | 1,162.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 1,175.5 | 1,162.0 | 1,162.0 | 20.0 | 1,162.0 |

Administrative Services

Operations. The Administrative Services Program provides management support, coordination of policy direction, strategic planning, administrative appeals for aggrieved taxpayers, legal services, information technology support, and personnel services that assist the operating programs in carrying out their respective collection and enforcement responsibilities. program is directed by the Secretary of Revenue and includes a variety of management and administrative services, such as research and revenue analysis, internal auditing, and accounting. The purpose of the program is to improve the efficiency of departmental operations and support operational units in increasing the degree of taxpayer compliance with state laws. The Office of the Secretary, Resource Management, Legal Services, the Office of Policy and Research, and Information Services are all operated under the Division of Administrative Services.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of Administrative Services is to foster a culture based on principle-centered leadership, trust, open communication, teamwork, high performance, skill development, self-motivation, and continuous improvement. One objective to accomplish this goal is to:

Develop and implement a communication plan to keep all personnel and the public informed of policies, changes, or issues affecting them.

Another goal is the use of progressive technology to improve productivity and efficiency in support of quality business processes. An objective for this goal is to:

Maintain existing computer operations while implementing system changes required by legislative mandate or business process changes.

Another goal is to encourage and achieve the highest degree of voluntary compliance by training Department associates to administer the laws and mandates properly.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5101 provides for the organization and powers of the Department of Revenue and the Secretary of Revenue. The Administrative Services Program is organized under the provisions of KSA 75-5127, allowing the Secretary to organize the Department efficiently.

Administrative Services

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 10,156,908 | 10,180,525 | 10,356,435 | 1,015,807 | 10,625,822 |
| Contractual Services | 12,618,315 | 11,813,883 | 11,830,131 | 765,386 | 11,480,131 |
| Commodities | 1,000,570 | 359,382 | 495,183 | | 470,183 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,778,422 | 670,073 | 619,870 | 1,117,263 | 619,870 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$25,554,215 | \$23,023,863 | \$23,301,619 | \$2,898,456 | \$23,196,006 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 3,833 | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$25,558,048 | \$23,023,863 | \$23,301,619 | \$2,898,456 | \$23,196,006 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 7,325,238 | 8,345,019 | 8,496,023 | 1,911,760 | 8,355,388 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$7,325,238 | \$8,345,019 | \$8,496,023 | \$1,911,760 | \$8,355,388 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 18,228,977 | 14,678,844 | 14,805,596 | 986,696 | 14,840,618 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 3,833 | | · · · · · | , | · · · · · |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$18,232,810 | \$14,678,844 | \$14,805,596 | \$986,696 | \$14,840,618 |
| Total Expenditures | \$25,558,048 | \$23,023,863 | \$23,301,619 | \$2,898,456 | \$23,196,006 |
| FTE Positions | 228.0 | 226.0 | 226.0 | 4.0 | 226.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 228.0 | 226.0 | 226.0 | 4.0 | 226.0 |
| | | | | | |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of appeals resolved within 270 days of docketing | 85.0 % | 100.0 % | 100.0 % |
| Percent of correspondence or inquiries answered within seven days | 88.0 % | 85.0 % | 85.0 % |

Aid to Local Governments

Operations. This program provides for the distribution of certain state-collected taxes to local governments as aid and tax refunds. A royalty of 15 cents per ton is paid by persons, partnerships, or corporations taking sand from or beneath the bed of any state-owned river. Local governments must use these funds for bank stabilization, soil conservation, or maintenance and operation of flood control systems. After deducting expenses incurred in collecting the tax, 75.0 percent of the balance is deposited in the State Water Plan Fund and the remainder is distributed to affected drainage districts.

Fifty percent of all receipts from the sale of full-privilege license plates to manufacturers and dealers of vehicles is deposited in the County Treasurers' Vehicle Licensing Fee Fund. The amounts due each county treasurer from this fund are paid quarterly, based on the amount received from licensed manufacturers or dealers whose established place of business is located in that county.

The mineral production tax was enacted by the 1983 Legislature and places excise taxes of 8.0 percent of gross value on oil and gas and \$1 per ton on coal. Of the taxes collected, 93.0 percent is deposited in the State General Fund and 7.0 percent in the Special County Mineral Production Tax Fund. These funds are distributed proportionately to the counties where the production occurred. One-half of the distribution is credited to each county general fund and one-half to the school districts in the county.

The drug tax is imposed on marijuana, domestic marijuana plants, and other controlled substances. Of

all monies received from the collection of assessments of delinquent taxes and penalties, 75.0 percent is remitted to county, city, and state law enforcement agencies that were involved in the investigation. Amounts remitted to local governments must be credited to special law enforcement trust funds for use solely for law enforcement and criminal prosecution.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to be accountable for the distribution of aid payments to local governments. An objective for this goal is to:

Ensure that all aid payments are made on or before the scheduled distribution dates.

Statutory History. KSA 70a-101 et seq. provide that anyone taking sand, gravel, oil, gas, and minerals from within or beneath the bed of any river which is the property of the state must pay a royalty. The 1996 Legislature amended KSA 70a-101 et seq. to authorize the removal of sand. KSA 8-145 establishes the County Treasurers' Vehicle Licensing Fee Fund.

HB 2013 was passed by the 2000 Legislature, removing the previous distribution of 1/3 of bingo tax revenues to cities and counties. The 1983 Legislature passed KSA 79-4217, which imposed an excise tax on the production of oil, gas, coal, and salt. The 1987 Legislature amended KSA 79-4217 and deleted salt products from the severance tax statutes. KSA 79-5202 imposes a tax on marijuana, domestic marijuana plants, and other controlled substances, as defined by KSA 79-5201. The local proportionate share of the amounts collected was increased from 50.0 percent to 75.0 percent under 1994 HB 2613.

Aid to Local Governments

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | | | | | |
| Contractual Services | | | | | |
| Commodities | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Aid to Local Governments | 5,317,003 | 5,267,500 | 5,862,500 | | 5,862,500 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$5,317,003 | \$5,267,500 | \$5,862,500 | \$ | \$5,862,500 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | 5,317,003 | 5,267,500 | 5,862,500 | | 5,862,500 |
| Other Assistance | · · · | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | , , , , <u></u> | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$5,317,003 | \$5,267,500 | \$5,862,500 | \$ | \$5,862,500 |
| Total Expenditures | \$5,317,003 | \$5,267,500 | \$5,862,500 | \$ | \$5,862,500 |
| FTE Positions | | | | | |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | | | | | |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
|---|---------|----------|----------|
| | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Percent of aid payments distributed on schedule | 100.0 % | 100.0 % | 100.0 % |

Alcoholic Beverage Control.

Operations. The Alcoholic Beverage Control Division provides oversight to several regulatory and enforcement activities within the state. The Division's first priority is the regulation of the distribution and sale of alcoholic beverages. All persons and organizations involved in the sale of alcoholic beverages, including retailers, suppliers, distributors, drinking establishments, salespersons, caterers, and private clubs, must obtain licenses or permits to operate. The Division also monitors the movement of alcoholic beverages in the state, audits alcoholic beverage tax returns, and takes enforcement actions as necessary. The agency also conducts criminal tax fraud investigations.

The Division functions through four primary The Investigation and Criminal processes. Enforcement Unit provides the enforcement arm for the agency and performs the following: investigating applicants and inspecting premises for compliance with laws governing alcoholic beverage establishments and sales; conducting inspections of private clubs, drinking establishments, retail liquor hotel/caterers, distributors, bingo licensees, and bingo parlors. Enforcement agents are certified state law enforcement officers. They work closely with local law enforcement agencies. This process also enforces the cigarette laws concerning sales to minors as part of a cooperative effort with other state agencies to decrease access to cigarette and tobacco products by youth.

The licensee administrative action process focuses their efforts on legal action taken against licensees who violate the state's liquor laws. The licensing and marketing section works directly with license applicants and licensees to ensure only authorized persons or organizations obtain licenses. Once the license is obtained, the compliance field inspectors of the Compliance Section work with licensees to ensure they remain compliant with the laws.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established for this program:

Improve the voluntary compliance with liquor laws, tobacco laws and bingo laws.

Enforce the tax on illegal drugs.

Investigate alleged tax fraud cases as assigned.

Work closely with local law enforcement agencies to uphold the laws.

Maximize technical capabilities to automate and improve the business processes of the agency.

Statutory History. In 1948, Kansas voters amended the state constitution, and the 1949 Legislature enacted the Kansas Liquor Control Act to provide for the regulation of all phases of manufacture, distribution, sale, possession, and traffic in alcoholic liquor and manufacture of beer except 3.2 percent and less (KSA 41-101 et seq.). The 1965 Legislature passed the Kansas Club Law, placing private clubs under the Director of Alcoholic Beverage Control (KSA 41-2601 et seq.). In 1972, the Legislature converted the Office of the Director of Alcoholic Beverage Control from an independent agency to a division of the Department of Revenue (KSA 75-5359). KSA 79-4701 et seq. contain the state bingo laws.

The 1985 Legislature enacted a variety of legislation, including increasing the drinking age for cereal malt beverage from 18 to 21 by 1987 and allowing farm wineries to sell wine to liquor stores. The 1986 Legislature amended the *Kansas Constitution* (Article 15, Section 10) to allow "liquor-by-the-drink." The voters approved this amendment to the constitution in November of that year. Liquor-by-the-drink was made publicly available through properly licensed establishments July 1, 1987.

Alcoholic Beverage Control

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 1,571,006 | 1,615,560 | 1,639,534 | 360,818 | 1,680,344 |
| Contractual Services | 201,127 | 214,384 | 214,384 | 77,450 | 214,384 |
| Commodities | 30,869 | 19,790 | 19,790 | 15,300 | 19,790 |
| Capital Outlay | 35,046 | | | 32,800 | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$1,838,048 | \$1,849,734 | \$1,873,708 | \$486,368 | \$1,914,518 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,838,048 | \$1,849,734 | \$1,873,708 | \$486,368 | \$1,914,518 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 1,443,376 | 1,648,974 | 1,607,341 | 486,368 | 1,644,470 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$1,443,376 | \$1,648,974 | \$1,607,341 | \$486,368 | \$1,644,470 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 394,672 | 200,760 | 266,367 | | 270,048 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$394,672 | \$200,760 | \$266,367 | \$ | \$270,048 |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,838,048 | \$1,849,734 | \$1,873,708 | \$486,368 | \$1,914,518 |
| FTE Positions | 36.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 10.0 | 38.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 36.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 10.0 | 38.0 |
| | | | | | |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of compliance with liquor license selling regulations | 72.0 % | 80.0 % | 85.0 % |
| Percent of compliance among tobacco licenses in relation to sales to minors | 78.1 % | 80.0 % | 85.0 % |
| Conviction rate of cases where criminal charges are filed | N/A | 98.0 % | 98.0 % |

Tax Operations_

Operations. The Tax Operations Program administers virtually all state taxes, including personal and corporate income, retail sales and use, estate, minerals, motor fuels, and excise, such as cigarettes and alcoholic beverages. The program also administers sales and transient guest taxes for local governments. The program is divided into four core business processes: Compliance Management, Customer Relations, Enforcement, and Channel Management, the last referring to the Department's ability to collect effectively from, and provide information to, its customers. In addition, the processing of all tax returns, the distribution of tax receipts, and data processing services are part of Tax Operations.

The Customer Account Resolution (CAR) unit is responsible for collection of delinquent taxes. Accounts unable to be resolved by the CAR are referred to the Civil Tax Enforcement Unit. Remedies include garnishment of wages, seizure of assets, bankruptcy proceedings, as well as other litigation.

Information sharing agreements with the Internal Revenue Service allow the Division's Discovery Unit to utilize the IRS computer tapes to identify taxpayers who have filed a federal tax return but not a state return. Information is also received to allow adjustments to be made to returns audited by the IRS, such as revenue agent reports. The program also administers the Homestead Property Tax and Food Sales Tax Refunds Programs.

Goals and Objectives. A primary goal of the Tax Operations Division is to provide exceptional customer service. This goal will be achieved through the following objectives:

Provide consistent tax information by using established agency policies.

Provide timely and accurate information through a single point of contact.

Adapt service in response to customer feedback.

Another goal is to expand and encourage customer self-service through the following objectives:

Expand service to 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Expand electronic fund transfer capabilities.

Expand credit card payment capabilities.

Another goal is to increase the rate of voluntary compliance with the tax laws through the following objectives:

Provide education to customers on how to comply with tax laws.

Apply strategic decision/risk management processes to support an effective audit selection program.

Develop the ability to handle prosecutorial tasks internally and expeditiously.

Another goal is to reduce accounts receivable and speed resolution through the following strategies:

Apply decision analysis to enable associates to focus on current, collectable cases to allow for more rapid turnover of case inventory.

Implement associate-managed cases and use collection activity statistics to evaluate performance.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5102 through 75-5104 establish the Division of Taxation in the Department of Revenue. The 1997 Kansas Tax Equity and Fairness Act (KSA 79-2968) made a number of changes with respect to tax policy administration. The changes allow the Department to conduct informal conferences to resolve appeals issues requiring the state to pay interest on excess state collections and excess taxpayer payments, as well as to clarify in statute numerous property tax issues.

Tax Operations

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | 4 6 0 6 7 4 0 4 | 1.5.00.1.0.50 | 4 | 454.504 | 17.050.077 |
| Salaries and Wages | 16,867,104 | 16,394,369 | 16,655,661 | 171,706 | 17,062,855 |
| Contractual Services | 3,818,349 | 5,642,330 | 5,170,894 | 4,279,109 | 5,191,930 |
| Commodities | 1,007,005 | 877,765 | 942,162 | 28,400 | 892,162 |
| Capital Outlay | 96,189 | 135,750 | 62,400 | 25,000 | 62,400 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$21,788,647 | \$23,050,214 | \$22,831,117 | \$4,504,215 | \$23,209,347 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 2,497,966 | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 | | 2,500,000 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$24,286,613 | \$25,550,214 | \$25,331,117 | \$4,504,215 | \$25,709,347 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 17,825,755 | 18,710,315 | 18,876,672 | 4,504,215 | 19,057,322 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 28 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$17,825,783 | \$18,710,315 | \$18,876,672 | \$4,504,215 | \$19,057,322 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 3,962,892 | 4,339,899 | 3,954,445 | | 4,152,025 |
| Aid to Local Governments | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | · · · | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| Other Assistance | 2,497,938 | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 | | 2,500,000 |
| Capital Improvements | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | · · · | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$6,460,830 | \$6,839,899 | \$6,454,445 | \$ | \$6,652,025 |
| Total Expenditures | \$24,286,613 | \$25,550,214 | \$25,331,117 | \$4,504,215 | \$25,709,347 |
| FTE Positions | 499.5 | 488.0 | 488.0 | 6.0 | 488.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | == | == | == | | |
| Total Positions | 499.5 | 488.0 | 488.0 | 6.0 | 488.0 |
| | | | | | |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Average number of days it takes to process electronic non-exception individual income tax refunds | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Percent of increase in the number of customers that use electronic filing | 23.0 % | 50.0 % | 50.0 % |

Property Valuation.

Operations. The Director of the Division of Property Valuation administers the Property Valuation Program. The Director exercises general supervision over administration of the property tax laws. This includes the duty to guide and supervise all local officials in the process.

This program has four functions, one of which is state-assessed valuations. This function values all state-assessed property, including all public utility and motor carrier companies operating to, from, through, or in Kansas. The second function, guidelines and rules, promotes uniformity by providing valuation guidelines and rules to local officials responsible for the valuation and assessment of property for tax purposes. The third function is training and qualifications. It provides on-site and classroom valuation and assessment training for local officials, particularly county appraisers.

The Division of Property Valuation is responsible for accurately maintaining the list of those eligible to serve as county appraisers and county hearing officers. The Division further administers the new registered mass appraiser designation program. The final function prepares the annual sales/assessment ratio study that statistically measures the accuracy and uniformity of appraisals. Preparation of the substantial compliance report that measures appraisals and procedures for compliance is also part of this function.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Property Valuation Division is to provide counties, taxpayers, and staff with clear, useful, and accessible rules for valuing property for tax purposes. An objective for this goal is to:

Achieve customer satisfaction with rules at least 90.0 percent of the time.

Another goal is to provide education for county appraisers and officials, taxpayers, and staff regarding the valuation of property and other tax-related issues. Objectives for this goal are to:

Maintain a "very" or "extremely" satisfied rating on course evaluations from students at least 90.0 percent of the time.

Achieve a satisfaction rating with the annual education program of 95.0 percent or better from students' supervisors.

Another goal of the Division is to ensure that uniform and accurate valuations and assessments occur in order to provide a fair basis for spreading the cost of local services. Objectives for this goal include:

Strive to have 99.0 percent of the residential values in Kansas fall within counties that meet statistical standards.

Strive to have 97.0 percent of the commercial values in Kansas fall within counties that meet statistical standards.

Strive to have 100.0 percent of the counties in substantial compliance with statistical and procedural standards.

A general property tax was Statutory History. enacted by the 1861 Legislature, with administration left to individual counties. The State Tax Commission was created in 1907 to operate a state assessment system, including hearing appeals, sitting as the State Board of Equalization, assessing public service companies and railroads, supervising local assessments. personal and directing property valuations.

Duties of the Tax Commission were transferred to the Commission of Revenue and Taxation in 1939, with property tax administration assigned to the Ad Valorem Division of the Commission. In 1957, the Property Valuation Department was established for ad valorem tax administration and assessment. The Property Valuation Department became a division of the new Department of Revenue under the executive reorganization of 1972.

Property Valuation

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | _ | |
| Salaries and Wages | 3,506,303 | 3,372,962 | 3,423,778 | | 3,509,142 |
| Contractual Services | 740,845 | 1,566,093 | 741,543 | 230,000 | 786,543 |
| Commodities | 89,911 | 83,865 | 113,965 | | 88,965 |
| Capital Outlay | 6,483 | 9,000 | 5,300 | 505,000 | 510,300 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$4,343,542 | \$5,031,920 | \$4,284,586 | \$735,000 | \$4,894,950 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$4,343,542 | \$5,031,920 | \$4,284,586 | \$735,000 | \$4,894,950 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 3,795,954 | 3,587,417 | 3,632,933 | 110,000 | 3,610,946 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$3,795,954 | \$3,587,417 | \$3,632,933 | \$110,000 | \$3,610,946 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 547,588 | 1,444,503 | 651,653 | 625,000 | 1,284,004 |
| Aid to Local Governments | , | | , | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$547,588 | \$1,444,503 | \$651,653 | \$625,000 | \$1,284,004 |
| Total Expenditures | \$4,343,542 | \$5,031,920 | \$4,284,586 | \$735,000 | \$4,894,950 |
| FTE Positions | 77.0 | 77.0 | 77.0 | | 77.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 77.0 | 77.0 | 77.0 | | 77.0 |
| | | | | | |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of residential valuations meeting requirements | 96.0 % | 99.0 % | 99.0 % |
| Percent of commercial valuations meeting requirements | 78.0 % | 97.0 % | 97.0 % |
| Percent of customers indicating overall satisfaction with the information, filing procedure, and guides provided | 98.0 % | 90.0 % | 90.0 % |

Motor Vehicles

Operations. The Motor Vehicles Program administers Kansas law relating to vehicle titling and registration, motor vehicle dealer licensing, and driver's licensing control. The Vehicles Administration Subprogram administers the medical review program for driver safety and makes public records available for qualifying individuals and businesses.

The Vehicle Registration Subprogram administers laws requiring the titling and registration of all motor vehicles, including commercial vehicles operating in the state. County treasurers act as agents of the state in processing vehicle titles and registrations. Currently, over 2.5 million vehicles are registered annually and approximately 900,000 titles are issued The subprogram licenses 3,500 motor annually. vehicle manufacturers, dealers, and factory representatives in the state and licenses approximately 5,000 dealer salespersons. The subprogram also administers Kansas laws, other states' laws, and intergovernmental agreements relating to registration reciprocity and prorational fleet registration for the motor carrier industry. The Division provides registration and cab cards for approximately 2,200 Kansas-based motor carriers.

The Driver License and Driver Control Subprogram administers all driver tests and issues appropriate licenses. The subprogram records license suspensions or revocations, driving convictions, accident reports, hearings, traffic citations, and verifications of insurance termination.

Goals and Objectives. One goal is to improve customer service by providing on-line registration

renewals via the Internet. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Develop an on-line system for vehicle owners/lessees to apply for vehicle registration renewals on-line.

Another goal of the Division is to improve customer service by electronic transfer of lien data from lien holders to the VIPS/Mainframe Vehicle System. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Partner with several large lien holders representing at least 35.0 percent of the total lien holder population in acting as a "pilot" for Electronic Lien Filing forms.

Another goal is to improve efficiency at the state and county levels on title and registration documentation. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Maintain errors made by counties at 5.0 percent or less.

Assure titles are delivered within 24 days.

Statutory History. The first Motor Vehicle Registration Law was enacted in 1913. An Office of the State Vehicle Commissioner was created in 1929. In 1931, a Uniform Operators and Chauffeurs Driver Licensing Act was passed. In 1939, duties of the vehicle commissioner were transferred to the State Highway Commission. In 1972, the function was transferred to the Department of Revenue. Basic law governing the Division of Motor Vehicles and appointment of the director is found in KSA 75-5110.

Motor Vehicles

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 9,901,309 | 9,846,290 | 10,251,490 | | 10,524,559 |
| Contractual Services | 3,605,121 | 3,610,081 | 3,624,948 | 500,000 | 4,059,948 |
| Commodities | 7,286,716 | 2,063,962 | 2,005,012 | | 1,895,012 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,206,134 | 639,108 | 6,000 | | 6,000 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$21,999,280 | \$16,159,441 | \$15,887,450 | \$500,000 | \$16,485,519 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 999 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$22,000,279 | \$16,159,441 | \$15,887,450 | \$500,000 | \$16,485,519 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 21,999,280 | 16,159,441 | 15,887,450 | 500,000 | 16,485,519 |
| Aid to Local Governments | · · · | · · · · | | , | · |
| Other Assistance | 999 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$22,000,279 | \$16,159,441 | \$15,887,450 | \$500,000 | \$16,485,519 |
| Total Expenditures | \$22,000,279 | \$16,159,441 | \$15,887,450 | \$500,000 | \$16,485,519 |
| FTE Positions | 335.0 | 333.0 | 333.0 | | 333.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 335.0 | 333.0 | 333.0 | | 333.0 |

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Homestead Property Tax Refunds_

Operations. The Homestead Property Tax Refund Program provides property tax relief in the form of refunds to qualified taxpayers. The refund is restricted to claimants who lived in Kansas for the entire taxable year, resided in a dwelling on the property tax roles, and whose household income does not exceed \$25,000. The claimant must be 55 years of age or older, totally and permanently disabled, blind, or have at least one dependent child under 18 residing with the claimant for the entire year.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Homestead Property Tax Program is to estimate annual refund expenditures accurately.

Statutory History. In 1970, KSA 79-4501 et seq. created the Kansas Homestead Property Tax Relief Act to provide tax relief to persons 65 years of age and over who own their homestead through income tax credits and refunds. Tax relief was expanded in 1972 to claimants who were disabled or blind, and the household income limitation was increased. In 1975 the program was expanded to include renters. The age restriction was lowered to 55 in 1981. In 1989, a two-year circuit breaker program was provided for

qualified households that experienced a 50.0 percent increase in property taxes between 1988 and 1989.

The 1997 amendments to KSA 79-4508 increased the household income limitation of \$25,000, established a new filing deadline of April 15, modified the definition of household to reflect that used for the Food Sales Tax Refund Program, increased the renters accrued property tax percentage from 15.0 to 20.0, and eliminated the use of net operating or capital losses in determining household income. Although the 1998 Legislature did not amend the Homestead Act itself, the Legislature made it possible for the Food Sales Tax Refund to be claimed using the individual income tax form.

The 1999 Legislature approved the use of the Homestead appropriation to finance refunds authorized under KSA 79-4530. This statute provides a refund of property taxes when the appraised value of a single-family residence rises by 75.0 percent or more from one year to the next. In the first year, the claimant is eligible for a refund of 80.0 percent of the property tax associated with the increase, 50.0 percent the second year, and 25.0 percent the third and final year.

Homestead Property Tax Refunds

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | | | | | |
| Contractual Services | | | | | |
| Commodities | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 14,997,936 | 15,100,000 | 14,430,000 | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$14,997,936 | \$15,100,000 | \$14,430,000 | \$ | \$ |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 14,997,936 | 15,100,000 | 14,430,000 | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$14,997,936 | \$15,100,000 | \$14,430,000 | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Total Expenditures | \$14,997,936 | \$15,100,000 | \$14,430,000 | \$ | \$ |
| FTE Positions | | | | | |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | | | | | |

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Revisor of Statutes

Mission. The Revisor of Statutes provides bill drafting and legal research services for all legislators, committees, and the Legislative Coordinating Council.

Operations. The Office of Revisor of Statutes operates under the supervision of the Legislative Coordinating Council. The agency is responsible for continuous statutory revision, publication of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*, and supervision of the computerized legislative information system involving bill status and bill typing. The Revisor of Statutes also provides staff services to the Interstate Cooperation Commission and acts as secretary to the Legislative Coordinating Council.

Goals and Objectives. This agency's goals include the following:

Strive to prepare bills, resolutions, and other legislative documents to the highest professional standards consistent with the time available for their preparation.

Compile, edit, index, and publish the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* accurately and in a timely manner.

Provide first-rate, professional legal services to the Legislature.

Statutory History. The Office of Revisor of Statutes was established as a separate state agency in 1971. Prior to that time, the office had been a Division of the Legislative Council (predecessor to the Legislative Coordinating Council). Statutes for the Office of Revisor of Statutes are found in KSA 46-1211 et seq.

Revisor of Statutes

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 1,692,846 | 1,775,558 | 1,838,088 | | 1,834,036 |
| Contractual Services | 500,169 | 650,626 | 643,765 | | 643,765 |
| Commodities | 10,799 | 17,100 | 17,300 | | 17,300 |
| Capital Outlay | 19,265 | 42,900 | 33,500 | | 33,500 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$2,223,079 | \$2,486,184 | \$2,532,653 | \$ | \$2,528,601 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$2,223,079 | \$2,486,184 | \$2,532,653 | \$ | \$2,528,601 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$2,223,079 | \$2,486,184 | \$2,532,653 | \$ | \$2,528,601 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 2,223,079 | 2,486,184 | 2,532,653 | | 2,528,601 |
| Aid to Local Governments | , , , <u></u> | , , , | , , , | | , , , |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$2,223,079 | \$2,486,184 | \$2,532,653 | \$ | \$2,528,601 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Total Expenditures | \$2,223,079 | \$2,486,184 | \$2,532,653 | \$ | \$2,528,601 |
| FTE Positions | 26.0 | 26.0 | 26.0 | | 26.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | | 10.0 |
| Total Positions | 36.0 | 36.0 | 36.0 | | 36.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of legislative drafting deadlines met | 99.0 % | 100.0 % | 100.0 % |
| Days KSA preparation deadline exceeded | | | |
| Percent of staff training participation | 98.0 % | 100.0 % | 98.0 % |
| Legislative documents drafted | 2,581 | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Publication documents compiled | 8,620 | 9,400 | 9,440 |

Secretary of State_

Mission. The mission of the Secretary of State is to act as custodian of official government documents for the State of Kansas. This includes administering laws relating to elections and legislative matters, corporations, and the Uniform Commercial Code. The Secretary of State also appoints notaries public; maintains a registry of trademarks; maintains files on labor union reports; licenses labor union business agents; supervises the registration of all legislative lobbyists; registers and regulates athlete agents; and files and publishes state administrative rules.

Operations. The Secretary of State holds one of four constitutional state offices and is elected to a four-year term. The Secretary of State serves on the State Board of Canvassers, the State Elections Contest Board, and the State Rules and Regulations Board.

The Secretary of State is responsible for distribution of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and its supplements, Session Laws of Kansas, Kansas Administrative Regulations, and Kansas Register. The Office of the Secretary of State acts as a clearinghouse for information requested by the general public and by county election officers in matters pertaining to election statutes and practices. In addition, the

Secretary of State maintains a supply of Kansas state flags for sale to the general public.

To carry out these and other responsibilities, the Office of the Secretary of State is organized into the following divisions: Administration, Corporations, Elections and Legislative Matters, Legal, and Uniform Commercial Code. Each of the divisions is headed by a deputy assistant Secretary of State.

Statutory History. Article 1, Section 1, of the *Kansas* Constitution provides that there be a Secretary of State elected to a term of four years. Although the constitution makes few specific references to the powers and duties of the Secretary of State, more than 600 statutes prescribe duties and responsibilities to be performed. Laws pertaining to corporations may be found in Chapter 17 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated. Source law for the duties of the Secretary of State with respect to elections is found primarily in Chapter 25 of the statutes, although specific references to elections are contained throughout Kansas law. The portion of the Uniform Commercial Code governing secured transactions and setting forth the obligations of the Secretary of State is found in Article 4, Part 9 of Chapter 84 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

Secretary of State

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| Administration | 1,982,840 | 1,858,080 | 2,118,777 | | 2,116,732 |
| Corporations | 852,965 | 469,466 | 493,542 | | 494,348 |
| Elections and Legislative Matters | 474,567 | 930,692 | 484,460 | 28,500 | 466,415 |
| Uniform Commercial Code | 492,026 | 414,343 | 431,467 | | 438,055 |
| Total Expenditures | \$3,802,398 | \$3,672,581 | \$3,528,246 | \$28,500 | \$3,515,550 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 2,077,615 | 2,228,502 | 2,286,807 | 28,500 | 2,315,111 |
| Contractual Services | 1,054,509 | 1,283,666 | 957,602 | , | 926,602 |
| Commodities | 185,690 | 95,491 | 95,491 | | 95,491 |
| Capital Outlay | 484,584 | 64,922 | 188,346 | | 178,346 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$3,802,398 | \$3,672,581 | \$3,528,246 | \$28,500 | \$3,515,550 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$3,802,398 | \$3,672,581 | \$3,528,246 | \$28,500 | \$3,515,550 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$3,802,398 | \$3,672,581 | \$3,528,246 | \$28,500 | \$3,515,550 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 2,057,732 | 2,021,427 | 1,826,905 | 28,500 | 1,803,349 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$2,057,732 | \$2,021,427 | \$1,826,905 | \$28,500 | \$1,803,349 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 1,744,666 | 1,651,154 | 1,701,341 | | 1,712,201 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$1,744,666 | \$1,651,154 | \$1,701,341 | \$ | \$1,712,201 |
| Total Expenditures | \$3,802,398 | \$3,672,581 | \$3,528,246 | \$28,500 | \$3,515,550 |
| FTE Positions | 54.0 | 57.0 | 56.0 | 1.0 | 57.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 54.0 | 57.0 | 56.0 | 1.0 | 57.0 |
| | | | | | |

Administration

Operations. The Administration Division provides administrative services, including accounting, payroll, inventory, purchasing, data processing, microfilm, agency printing, and publications. The Division's statutory duties include appointing notaries public, auditing cemeteries and funeral homes and administering labor union and business agent filings. It also issues commissions of appointment to boards and files regulations and official signatures.

When the Secretary of State's Office relocated to Memorial Hall in January 2000, the Administration Division assumed responsibility for the agency customer service center. The Administration Division publishes the *Kansas Register*, a weekly publication which replaces the use of commercial newspapers to publish official notifications. The register is financed through a special fee fund. In addition, the *Kansas Administrative Rules and Regulations* and the *Session Laws of Kansas* are published by this division.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of this program is to provide economical and efficient administrative support for other divisions of the Secretary of State. The agency pursues this goal through the following objectives:

Allow all employees to communicate electronically.

Maintain a system to analyze cost efficiencies in the filing and dissemination of records for which the agency is custodian.

Statutory History. The Office of the Secretary of State was created by Article I of the *Kansas Constitution*. Specific statutory citations for many of the functions are distributed throughout the Kansas statutes. The Secretary of State is the custodian of documents and is the recording officer for state government.

Administration

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | _ | |
| Salaries and Wages | 1,095,500 | 1,246,475 | 1,354,251 | | 1,366,206 |
| Contractual Services | 505,215 | 566,345 | 577,882 | | 573,882 |
| Commodities | 114,567 | 19,682 | 19,682 | | 19,682 |
| Capital Outlay | 267,558 | 25,578 | 166,962 | | 156,962 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$1,982,840 | \$1,858,080 | \$2,118,777 | \$ | \$2,116,732 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,982,840 | \$1,858,080 | \$2,118,777 | \$ | \$2,116,732 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 1,226,007 | 959,847 | 1,128,218 | | 1,126,173 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$1,226,007 | \$959,847 | \$1,128,218 | \$ | \$1,126,173 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 756,833 | 898,233 | 990,559 | | 990,559 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$756,833 | \$898,233 | \$990,559 | \$ | \$990,559 |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,982,840 | \$1,858,080 | \$2,118,777 | \$ | \$2,116,732 |
| FTE Positions | 23.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 | | 29.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 23.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 | | 29.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
|---|---------|----------|----------|
| | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| 100.0% of agency transactions are posted electronically | NA | NA | Yes |

Corporations_

The Division collects, processes, and provides information on 306,334 active and inactive corporations organized or doing business in Kansas. The Office of the Secretary of State reviews proposed articles of incorporation and grants corporate powers to applicants. All corporations must have a resident agent and registered office that can be used to serve subpoenas. The Secretary of State maintains the name and address for public inquiry. Subsequent filings changing corporate status are reviewed to ensure that requirements are met. Corporations created under another state's law and wishing to do business in Kansas must file with the Secretary of State. All corporations domiciled or doing business in Kansas must submit an annual report to the Secretary of State and pay a franchise fee based on the shareholder's equity of the corporation attributable to Kansas. In addition, the Corporations Division administers a number of similar functions, including registration of trade and service marks, general partnerships, limited partnerships, limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies, cooperative societies, charitable solicitation certificates.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of this program is to provide accurate and timely information on business organizations located in Kansas. The agency pursues this goal through the following objectives:

Reduce the time required to review and correct the corporate documents filed with the Corporations Division.

Adopt a plan for electronic filing and dissemination of corporate documents, including annual reports.

Reduce the handling and storage of paper documents.

Statutory History. The Kansas Corporation Code has a history dating from before Kansas attained statehood. An extensive recodification occurred in 1972 when the Kansas Legislature amended the code to parallel the existing Delaware Corporation Law. The law pertaining to corporations is located primarily in Chapter 17 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*.

.Corporations

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | _ | |
| Salaries and Wages | 497,797 | 366,118 | 399,435 | | 405,241 |
| Contractual Services | 174,709 | 87,633 | 78,392 | | 73,392 |
| Commodities | 26,588 | 15,715 | 15,715 | | 15,715 |
| Capital Outlay | 153,871 | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$852,965 | \$469,466 | \$493,542 | \$ | \$494,348 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$852,965 | \$469,466 | \$493,542 | \$ | \$494,348 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 466,456 | 351,315 | 351,201 | | 352,007 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$466,456 | \$351,315 | \$351,201 | \$ | \$352,007 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 386,509 | 118,151 | 142,341 | | 142,341 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$386,509 | \$118,151 | \$142,341 | \$ | \$142,341 |
| Total Expenditures | \$852,965 | \$469,466 | \$493,542 | \$ | \$494,348 |
| FTE Positions | 16.0 | 11.0 | 11.0 | | 11.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 16.0 | 11.0 | 11.0 | | 11.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of documents that had filing time reduced from six days to five | | | |
| minutes | NA | NA | 5.0 % |

Elections & Legislative Matters.

Operations. The Division encourages public understanding of Kansas laws and greater citizen participation in the election process. The Division sells and distributes the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* and its supplements, *Kansas Administrative Regulations* and supplements, *Session Laws of Kansas, House and Senate Journals, Kansas Election Statistics*, and *Kansas Election Laws*. In addition, the program registers legislative lobbyists, files monthly reports, registers voters, and sells Kansas flags.

The Division receives filings of candidates for state and national offices. It is the public repository for different types of documents, including statements of substantial interest required by the Kansas Conflict of Interest Law, papers and petitions of office candidacy, and campaign finance reports required by either the Kansas Campaign Finance Act or the Federal Election Campaign Act. In addition, the Division canvasses and maintains custody of state election returns.

The Division provides technical assistance to county election officers and answers questions from the public regarding election matters. The Division conducts periodic seminars and distributes a newsletter for county election officers to assist with the technical aspects of election administration. The National Voter Registration Act (NVRA) mandates that an application for voter registration be included as a part of the application for motor vehicle drivers' licenses and non-driver identification cards. The law also requires agencies that administer public assistance programs to make voter registration forms available. The Elections and Legislative Matters Division assists county election officers with compliance under the NVRA and ensures that the secretary's duties as the chief state election officer under the NVRA are performed in a

timely, efficient, and lawful manner. The Division also serves as a filing office for enrolled legislation.

The Elections and Legislative Matters Division was responsible for adjusting the FY 2000 federal census figure's in accordance with requirements of the *Kansas Constitution*. In FY 2001, it will deliver the adjustment report to the Legislature for redrawing state legislative and U.S. congressional districts.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Elections and Legislative Matters Division is to provide services to the general public which will improve the understanding of Kansas law and the legislative process. The agency pursues this goal through the following objectives:

Increase voter registration and participation in the electoral process.

Increase the public's electronic access to files.

Propose and implement legislation affecting elections, registration, and voting.

Statutory History. Kansas election law is contained primarily in Chapter 25 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, although specific statutes on elections are contained throughout. PL 98-435 requires the Secretary of State to develop and monitor activities regarding disabled voters' accessibility to polling places in each county. It also mandates the Secretary of State to make available registration and voting aids for the elderly and disabled, including the availability a telecommunications system capable disseminating voter information to the hearing impaired.

Elections & Legislative Matters

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | · · | |
| Salaries and Wages | 185,409 | 293,647 | 193,135 | 28,500 | 197,090 |
| Contractual Services | 228,944 | 549,744 | 221,984 | | 199,984 |
| Commodities | 32,398 | 47,957 | 47,957 | | 47,957 |
| Capital Outlay | 27,816 | 39,344 | 21,384 | | 21,384 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$474,567 | \$930,692 | \$484,460 | \$28,500 | \$466,415 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$474,567 | \$930,692 | \$484,460 | \$28,500 | \$466,415 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 345,801 | 710,265 | 347,486 | 28,500 | 325,169 |
| Aid to Local Governments | , | · | , | | · |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$345,801 | \$710,265 | \$347,486 | \$28,500 | \$325,169 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 128,766 | 220,427 | 136,974 | | 141,246 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$128,766 | \$220,427 | \$136,974 | \$ | \$141,246 |
| Total Expenditures | \$474,567 | \$930,692 | \$484,460 | \$28,500 | \$466,415 |
| FTE Positions | 5.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 1.0 | 6.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 5.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 1.0 | 6.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of county voter registration quarterly reports that are filed | | | |
| electronically | 38 | 45 | 50 |

Uniform Commercial Code

Operations. The Division serves as a repository for filings relating to financial transactions secured by interests in personal property. The Secretary of State maintains a file of the financial statements required of commercial transactions where the debtor and creditor agree that certain property will be considered as collateral to secure the debt. Thus, potential creditors can inquire about the status of property proposed as collateral in financial transactions.

Parties who wish to obtain information about these filings may conduct searches electronically or by written request via telecopiers located at various register of deeds offices and by telephone. Parties may access computerized information in various formats.

The ability to determine whether such property has already been "secured" (used as collateral in another contract currently in force) minimizes the possibility of error or outright fraud in credit transactions requiring collateral. It also establishes the priority of claims in the event of default. Inquiries are processed daily and files updated as new information is received.

The operational costs of the program are financed by the Uniform Commercial Code Fee Fund. Filing fees are assessed with 80.0 percent of the receipts deposited in the Uniform Commercial Code Fee Fund and 20.0 percent in the State General Fund. Goals and Objectives. The Uniform Commercial Code Program cites customer service as a priority. The agency pursues this goal of effective customer service through the following objectives:

Provide opportunities for customer education.

Reduce processing time required to file and search in the UCC database by both paper and electronic filings.

Implement revised Article 9 of the UCC, passed during the 2000 Legislative Session.

Statutory History. The Uniform Commercial Code was adopted by the 1965 Legislature. The Secretary of State began maintaining the necessary files in January 1966, as authorized and directed by the act. The portion of the code governing secured transactions and setting forth obligations of the Secretary of State in this regard is found in Article 9, Part 4 of Chapter 84 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated. The 1983 Legislature amended the Uniform Commercial Code by removing the exemption of agricultural products and equipment from filing with the Secretary of State. The 1997 Legislature amended the Code to authorize the Secretary of State to adopt administrative rules governing UCC filings and searches. The 2000 Legislature revised Article 9 of the UCC to be consistent with federal law.

_Uniform Commercial Code

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | _ | |
| Salaries and Wages | 298,909 | 322,262 | 339,986 | | 346,574 |
| Contractual Services | 145,641 | 79,944 | 79,344 | | 79,344 |
| Commodities | 12,137 | 12,137 | 12,137 | | 12,137 |
| Capital Outlay | 35,339 | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$492,026 | \$414,343 | \$431,467 | \$ | \$438,055 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$492,026 | \$414,343 | \$431,467 | \$ | \$438,055 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 19,468 | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$19,468 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 472,558 | 414,343 | 431,467 | | 438,055 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$472,558 | \$414,343 | \$431,467 | \$ | \$438,055 |
| Total Expenditures | \$492,026 | \$414,343 | \$431,467 | \$ | \$438,055 |
| FTE Positions | 10.0 | 11.0 | 11.0 | | 11.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 10.0 | 11.0 | 11.0 | | 11.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
|--|---------|----------|----------|
| | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Agency meets the two-day turn around requirement for UCC filings | NA | 99.0 % | 99.0 % |

Kansas Sentencing Commission

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Sentencing Commission is to develop, implement, maintain, and monitor an equitable, rational, and consistent sentencing system which reduces disparity and ensures public safety. Functioning within the same agency, the Kansas Criminal Justice Coordinating Council has established a mission to analyze and define issues and processes in the criminal justice system, identify alternative solutions, and make recommendations for improvements.

Operations. Membership of the Kansas Sentencing Commission includes the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, two district judges appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Corrections, and the Chairperson of the Parole Board. Additional members include six appointments by the Governor and four members of the Legislature, two of which are from the Senate and appointed by the President of the Senate, and two from the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker. The Governor appoints a chairperson from the two district court judges.

The sentencing guidelines developed by the Commission became effective July 1, 1993. Since then, the primary responsibility of the Sentencing Commission has consisted of monitoring and implementing the guidelines. Commission staff forecasts both state adult and juvenile correctional facility populations, conducts criminal justice research studies, and completes tasks assigned by the Governor or specifically requested by Commission members.

During the 1994 Legislative Session, the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council was created. At that time, the Director and staff of the Sentencing Commission were designated to serve as staff for the

Council. Additionally, the Law Enforcement Anti-Drug Abuse Program duties and staff, previously located in the Department of Administration, were transferred to the Sentencing Commission. These responsibilities include administering the U.S. Bureau of Justice Assistance Grant and the Bureau of Justice Statistics Grant. Members of the Kansas Criminal Justice Coordinating Council include the Governor, the Attorney General, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Secretary of Corrections, the Secretary of Social and Rehabilitation Services, and the Director of the Kansas Bureau of Investigation.

Goals and Objectives. The Kansas Sentencing Commission's goal is to develop and maintain a sentencing system that minimizes racial or geographical bias. An objective to meet this goal is to:

Monitor sentencing guidelines, provide training to criminal justice professionals, and conduct criminal justice research studies.

The Kansas Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's goal is to define statewide issues for improvement in the criminal justice system. An objective to meet this goal is to:

Analyze criminal justice issues and make appropriate recommendations.

Statutory History. The Sentencing Commission was created by the 1989 Legislature. The statutory authority for the agency is found in KSA 74-9101 et seq. KSA 74-9501 gave the responsibilities associated with staffing to the Kansas Criminal Justice Coordinating Council and transferred the Law Enforcement Anti-Abuse Program from the Department of Administration to the Commission.

Kansas Sentencing Commission

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 438,741 | 492,491 | 455,409 | 63,291 | 453,036 |
| Contractual Services | 407,159 | 531,191 | 153,900 | | 153,900 |
| Commodities | 13,338 | 13,500 | 13,500 | | 13,500 |
| Capital Outlay | 2,866 | 5,000 | 6,000 | | 5,000 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | 3,353,679 | 1,687,139 | 3,115,000 | | 1,881,600 |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$862,104 | \$1,042,182 | \$628,809 | \$63,291 | \$625,436 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 1,654,219 | 949,015 | 2,940,000 | | 1,058,400 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$2,516,323 | \$1,991,197 | \$3,568,809 | \$63,291 | \$1,683,836 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$2,516,323 | \$1,991,197 | \$3,568,809 | \$63,291 | \$1,683,836 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 286,061 | 709,845 | 365,734 | 37,848 | 359,097 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 14,603 | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$300,664 | \$709,845 | \$365,734 | \$37,848 | \$359,097 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 576,043 | 332,337 | 263,075 | 25,443 | 266,339 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 1,639,616 | 949,015 | 2,940,000 | | 1,058,400 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$2,215,659 | \$1,281,352 | \$3,203,075 | \$25,443 | \$1,324,739 |
| Total Expenditures | \$2,516,323 | \$1,991,197 | \$3,568,809 | \$63,291 | \$1,683,836 |
| FTE Positions | 9.0 | 10.0 | 9.0 | 1.0 | 9.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 3.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
| Total Positions | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.0 | 2.0 | 11.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of adult journal presentence investigation reports entered into database | 16,477 | 16,800 | 17,100 |
| Number of training seminars on sentencing guidelines given | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| Number of grants administered | 62 | 65 | 65 |
| Accuracy of projected prison populations (monthly average) | .52 % | .50 % | .50 % |

Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services _

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services (SRS) is to protect children and promote adult self-sufficiency.

Operations. SRS is a cabinet-level department directed by a secretary appointed by the Governor. To accomplish its mission, the Department administers five programs: Administration, Integrated Service Delivery, Children and Family Policy, Health Care Policy, and Capital Improvements. SRS also manages the state mental hospitals and mental retardation facilities. These are budgeted as separate state agencies and are discussed elsewhere in the budget.

Statutory History. The *Kansas Constitution* provides for relief to be given to individuals who have claims upon the aid of society. Until 1936, providing such aid was the responsibility of county governments. The constitution was amended in 1936 to allow the state to participate in relief programs, and in 1937 the State Welfare Department was created. The Department, supervised by a Board of Social Welfare, was empowered to participate in the programs offered by the federal Social Security Act and to establish welfare programs for the care of the needy.

In 1939, the Division of Institutional Management was created in the Department to supervise the operation of the state hospitals. In 1953, the Department of Social Welfare was reorganized to create two divisions: Social Welfare and Institutional Management. In 1968, the Legislature provided for transfer of the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation from the Board of Vocational Education to the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services.

The 1973 Legislature created SRS to replace the Board of Social Welfare in accordance with Governor's Executive Reorganization Order No. 1 (KSA 75-5301 et seq.). In addition, the 1973 Legislature provided that the state, instead of the counties, would finance the assistance programs. The 1996 Legislature transferred responsibility for administration of longterm care programs for Kansans over the age of 65 from SRS to the Department on Aging (KSA 75-5321a and KSA 75-5945 et seq.). The 1997 Legislature transferred all programs for juvenile offenders, including authority for administration of the three state youth centers, from SRS to the Juvenile Justice Authority (KSA 75-7001 et seq.) and renamed them juvenile correctional facilities.

Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| Administration | 45,140,911 | 43,750,088 | 40,271,791 | 2,560,000 | 39,670,979 |
| Child and Family Policy | 168,610,784 | 205,852,580 | 179,465,302 | 19,265,940 | 196,715,370 |
| Integrated Service Delivery | 296,580,167 | 308,461,746 | 305,718,337 | 9,450,230 | 313,291,983 |
| Health Care Policy | 1,038,637,993 | 1,128,366,080 | 1,149,769,216 | 48,115,465 | 1,205,678,979 |
| Capital Improvements | 199,478 | 4,153,897 | 4,162,950 | 27,201,491 | 7,862,950 |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,549,169,333 | \$1,690,584,391 | \$1,679,387,596 | \$106,593,126 | \$1,763,220,261 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 144,488,541 | 144,072,686 | 144,750,245 | 582,897 | 146,984,852 |
| Contractual Services | 114,946,275 | 128,004,722 | 126,290,574 | 13,425,828 | 124,910,574 |
| Commodities | 2,639,737 | 1,798,611 | 1,798,995 | | 1,773,995 |
| Capital Outlay | 3,591,644 | 1,195,057 | 1,705,584 | 317,394 | 1,305,584 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$265,666,197 | \$275,071,076 | \$274,545,398 | \$14,326,119 | \$274,975,005 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 111,892,160 | 105,483,950 | 103,231,762 | 16,475,000 | 111,986,762 |
| Other Assistance | 1,171,411,498 | 1,305,875,468 | 1,297,447,486 | 48,590,516 | 1,368,395,544 |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$1,548,969,855 | \$1,686,430,494 | \$1,675,224,646 | \$79,391,635 | \$1,755,357,311 |
| Capital Improvements | 199,478 | 4,153,897 | 4,162,950 | 27,201,491 | 7,862,950 |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,549,169,333 | \$1,690,584,391 | \$1,679,387,596 | \$106,593,126 | \$1,763,220,261 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 93,162,053 | 87,890,785 | 90,519,974 | 3,498,617 | 90,543,187 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 60,812,507 | 56,842,175 | 56,997,250 | 4,400,000 | 56,997,250 |
| Other Assistance | 416,453,595 | 435,561,687 | 433,385,388 | 25,095,319 | 471,336,805 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$570,428,155 | \$580,294,647 | \$580,902,612 | \$32,993,936 | \$618,877,242 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 172,504,144 | 187,180,291 | 184,025,424 | 10,827,502 | 184,431,818 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 51,079,653 | 48,641,775 | 46,234,512 | 12,075,000 | 54,989,512 |
| Other Assistance | 754,957,903 | 870,313,781 | 864,062,098 | 23,495,197 | 897,058,739 |
| Capital Improvements | 199,478 | 4,153,897 | 4,162,950 | 27,201,491 | 7,862,950 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$978,741,178 | \$1,110,289,744 | \$1,098,484,984 | \$73,599,190 | \$1,144,343,019 |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,549,169,333 | \$1,690,584,391 | \$1,679,387,596 | \$106,593,126 | \$1,763,220,261 |
| FTE Positions | 4,152.2 | 3,878.5 | 3,931.5 | 2.0 | 3,878.5 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 173.1 | 168.2 | 174.2 | 12.0 | 168.2 |
| Total Positions | 4,325.3 | 4,046.7 | 4,105.7 | 14.0 | 4,046.7 |
| | .,020.0 | .,0 .0.7 | .,200.7 | 10 | .,0 .0.7 |

Administration_

Operations. The purpose of the Administration Program is to be actively involved with the other programs to identify program goals and objectives and implement the operational support to achieve them. Administration includes the offices described below.

Legal Services includes the Department's legal and special investigation services. Human Resources is responsible for personnel operations, organizational development, and the Office of Diversity. Accounting and Administrative Operations is responsible for cash management, internal and external reporting, procurement services, facility management, and agency payables and receivables. The Office of Budget prepares, oversees, and executes the SRS budget. Resource Development maximizes federal funds through grants and manages recoveries and collections. Information Technology Services develops, manages, and maintains information technology projects for SRS. The Office of Public Affairs produces and designs informational materials for the public and media. The Office of Planning and Policy Coordination carries out strategic and business planning for the agency. The Office of Audit, Management Review, and Evaluation provides objective audit, assurance, and consulting services to the agency. The Office of Prevention is the central point of contact for prevention resources to support the development of healthy children and families.

Goals and Objectives. This program's goals include the following:

Improve the quality of services provided.

Increase the cost effectiveness of services provided by the program.

Statutory History. The Administration Program performs various management functions required by law. These are listed in KSA 39-708(c), KSA 75-5310, and KSA 75-53169. These functions were centralized into a single unit in 1974. The personnel and Civil Rights/Equal Employment Opportunity functions are administered according to KSA 75-2925 through 75-2926.

_____Administration

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | Current | Enhance. | Governor's |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Actual | Estimate | Service | Package | Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 16,923,862 | 18,918,954 | 18,920,239 | | 19,049,427 |
| Contractual Services | 20,415,825 | 18,717,533 | 16,699,362 | 460,000 | 16,394,362 |
| Commodities | 461,143 | 240,495 | 269,505 | | 244,505 |
| Capital Outlay | 887,002 | 826,869 | 1,263,653 | | 863,653 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$38,687,832 | \$38,703,851 | \$37,152,759 | \$460,000 | \$36,551,947 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 6,453,079 | 5,046,237 | 3,119,032 | 2,100,000 | 3,119,032 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$45,140,911 | \$43,750,088 | \$40,271,791 | \$2,560,000 | \$39,670,979 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 13,432,621 | 13,103,013 | 14,910,331 | 460,000 | 14,702,970 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 380,387 | 182,503 | 182,503 | 2,100,000 | 182,503 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$13,813,008 | \$13,285,516 | \$15,092,834 | \$2,560,000 | \$14,885,473 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 25,255,211 | 25,600,838 | 22,242,428 | | 21,848,977 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 6,072,692 | 4,863,734 | 2,936,529 | | 2,936,529 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$31,327,903 | \$30,464,572 | \$25,178,957 | \$ | \$24,785,506 |
| Total Expenditures | \$45,140,911 | \$43,750,088 | \$40,271,791 | \$2,560,000 | \$39,670,979 |
| FTE Positions | 401.0 | 381.1 | 382.1 | | 381.1 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 43.5 | 43.9 | 43.9 | | 43.9 |
| Total Positions | 444.5 | 425.0 | 426.0 | | 425.0 |
| | | | | | |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Support Service expenditures as a percentage of agency expenditures | 2.7 % | 2.5 % | 2.4 % |
| Percent of youth using alcohol in the past 30 days | 37.0 % | 30.0 % | 30.0 % |
| Percent of youth using tobacco in the past 30 days | 19.0 % | 7.0 % | 7.0 % |
| Percent of youth using marijuana in the past 30 days | 10.0 % | 17.0 % | 17.0 % |

Children & Family Policy_

Operations. The Children and Family Policy Program is responsible for providing and developing a broad range of services to develop family strengths, prevent the dissolution of families, and ensure the well being of children. The emphasis of the program is to maintain children within their family and reunify separated families when possible. If reunification is not possible or not in the child's best interest, the program attempts to provide children with a permanent alternative family through foster care, adoption, or permanent guardianship. The program also provides oversight and assistance to increase the quality of childcare and early childhood education.

The program provides services directly to clients through SRS staff and monitors services provided by private vendors through contracts or grants. Prioritization of some services begun in FY 1997 resulted in changed roles for SRS staff and new relationships with partners in the private sector. Under this new model, there is a single screening for intake and assessment and a single SRS staff case manager assigned to each child or family. The SRS worker delivers some services directly including intake and assessment, child protective services, and family

services. Other services, including adoption, family preservation, and foster care, are provided by private agencies under contract with SRS.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the program include the following:

Ensure the safety of children.

Provide permanent families for children.

Administer the program in an effective and efficient manner.

Provide experiences to help children develop to their full potential.

Statutory History. The Children and Family Policy Division is governed by both state and federal statute. The *Kansas Code for the Care of Children* (KSA 38-1501 et seq.) identifies the responsibilities of the Secretary related to children in need of care. KSA 75-7001 creates the Juvenile Justice Authority and transfers to it all of the state programs for juvenile offenders previously administered by SRS.

Children & Family Policy

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | Current | Enhance. | Governor's |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Estimate | Service | Package | Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 3,170,685 | 3,256,281 | 3,298,591 | 366,504 | 3,370,696 |
| Contractual Services | 7,922,784 | 10,477,495 | 10,181,412 | 2,840,828 | 9,976,412 |
| Commodities | 112,982 | 99,132 | 99,776 | | 99,776 |
| Capital Outlay | 52,756 | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$11,259,207 | \$13,832,908 | \$13,579,779 | \$3,207,332 | \$13,446,884 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 12,035,964 | 15,714,047 | 15,864,154 | 13,875,000 | 24,619,154 |
| Other Assistance | 145,315,613 | 176,305,625 | 150,021,369 | 2,183,608 | 158,649,332 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$168,610,784 | \$205,852,580 | \$179,465,302 | \$19,265,940 | \$196,715,370 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 5,505,685 | 4,101,038 | 4,194,235 | 1,661,354 | 4,133,386 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 1,046,368 | 1,635,468 | 1,716,883 | 1,800,000 | 1,716,883 |
| Other Assistance | 39,201,110 | 60,185,558 | 49,648,211 | 1,418,636 | 56,980,959 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$45,753,163 | \$65,922,064 | \$55,559,329 | \$4,879,990 | \$62,831,228 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 5,753,522 | 9,731,870 | 9,385,544 | 1,545,978 | 9,313,498 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 10,989,596 | 14,078,579 | 14,147,271 | 12,075,000 | 22,902,271 |
| Other Assistance | 106,114,503 | 116,120,067 | 100,373,158 | 764,972 | 101,668,373 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$122,857,621 | \$139,930,516 | \$123,905,973 | \$14,385,950 | \$133,884,142 |
| Total Expenditures | \$168,610,784 | \$205,852,580 | \$179,465,302 | \$19,265,940 | \$196,715,370 |
| FTE Positions | 74.5 | 68.0 | 68.0 | 2.0 | 68.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 11.8 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 12.0 | 10.0 |
| Total Positions | 86.3 | 78.0 | 78.0 | 14.0 | 78.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of children placed with adoptive families within 180 days of referral | 34.0 % | 55.0 % | 55.0 % |
| Average number of children in foster care per each month | 5,488 | 5,000 | 4,900 |
| Number of families referred to family preservation services | 3,360 | 3,360 | 3,360 |

Integrated Service Delivery

Operations. The Integrated Service Delivery Program includes Child Support Enforcement, Economic and Employment Support, Rehabilitation Services, and Field Operations.

The Child Support Enforcement Subprogram determines the parentage of children and enforces child support obligations. Support enforcement services recover the cost of public assistance but are also provided to children not on public assistance.

Economic and Employment Support administers public assistance programs including Temporary Assistance for Families (TAF), General Assistance, Food Stamps, Low Income Energy Assistance, Funeral Assistance, and Refugee Assistance.

The TAF Program provides cash assistance to eligible families with children for a maximum of 60 months. To receive TAF benefits, recipients must be seeking employment or be in job training. General Assistance provides state funded financial support to physically and mentally disabled adults who are awaiting decisions on federal disability benefits. Employment services are provided by agency staff and contracts with employment organizations. Child Care assistance is provided to TAF parents, former TAF parents, and low income families who, without child care assistance, would require public assistance.

The Rehabilitation Services Subprogram provides disabled Kansans individualized services to achieve employment and independence. Services include counseling, physical and mental restoration, supported employment, job placement, and rehabilitation technology. Specialized services communication and job training are provided to deaf and blind Kansans. The subprogram also makes disability and blindness determinations for most Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) and Supplemental Security Income (SSI) claims.

Field Operations oversees 11 area offices and offices located in each of the state's 105 counties. Area office staff determines eligibility for public assistance, medical assistance, and food stamps; investigates allegations of abuse and neglect of children and elderly adults; and enforces child support orders. Staff provides employment counseling and assistance for people with disabilities. SRS area and local offices also oversee child welfare services, including family services, family preservation, foster care, and adoption.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to provide customer service through a coordinated system emphasizing referral of customers to the appropriate resources and programs.

Statutory History. SRS is authorized to operate federal and state assistance programs under KSA 39-708c. KSA 39-709 sets out the general eligibility rules for financial assistance. The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PL 104-193) amended many of the federal statutes governing this program. This law combined cash assistance programs into one block grant, imposed work requirements on welfare recipients, and limited lifetime benefits. Kansas' welfare reform program is authorized by KSA 39-7,101 et seq. KSA 39-753 et seq. require SRS to enforce child support orders.

Participation of the state in federal vocational rehabilitation programs is provided for in KSA 72-4308 through KSA 72-4316a. KSA 75-5372 to 75-5374 designate Rehabilitation Services as the lead unit in SRS for transition planning. The Division of Services for the Blind is authorized by KSA 39-708c. Section 304 of PL 96-265 requires state agencies to make disability determinations in compliance with SSA regulations, performance standards, and other administrative requirements and procedures.

Integrated Service Delivery

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | Current | Enhance. | Governor's |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Estimate | Service | Package | Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | _ | |
| Salaries and Wages | 118,185,999 | 114,678,032 | 114,992,789 | 216,393 | 117,042,575 |
| Contractual Services | 46,378,224 | 53,187,973 | 54,613,432 | 125,000 | 53,743,432 |
| Commodities | 1,670,188 | 1,313,877 | 1,303,948 | | 1,303,948 |
| Capital Outlay | 971,479 | 368,188 | 441,931 | 317,394 | 441,931 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$167,205,890 | \$169,548,070 | \$171,352,100 | \$658,787 | \$172,531,886 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 4,411,206 | 4,292,773 | 4,209,694 | | 4,209,694 |
| Other Assistance | 124,963,071 | 134,620,903 | 130,156,543 | 8,791,443 | 136,550,403 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$296,580,167 | \$308,461,746 | \$305,718,337 | \$9,450,230 | \$313,291,983 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 59,183,488 | 54,075,078 | 54,532,610 | 377,263 | 54,910,765 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 830,086 | 848,174 | 857,766 | | 857,766 |
| Other Assistance | 52,967,538 | 52,361,752 | 51,954,812 | 7,730,546 | 54,473,284 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$112,981,112 | \$107,285,004 | \$107,345,188 | \$8,107,809 | \$110,241,815 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 108,022,402 | 115,472,992 | 116,819,490 | 281,524 | 117,621,121 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 3,581,120 | 3,444,599 | 3,351,928 | | 3,351,928 |
| Other Assistance | 71,995,533 | 82,259,151 | 78,201,731 | 1,060,897 | 82,077,119 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$183,599,055 | \$201,176,742 | \$198,373,149 | \$1,342,421 | \$203,050,168 |
| Total Expenditures | \$296,580,167 | \$308,461,746 | \$305,718,337 | \$9,450,230 | \$313,291,983 |
| FTE Positions | 3,558.0 | 3,319.7 | 3,371.7 | | 3,319.7 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 64.8 | 51.3 | 51.3 | | 51.3 |
| Total Positions | 3,622.8 | 3,371.0 | 3,423.0 | | 3,371.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of Temporary Assistance for Needy Families cases returning within 12 months | 31.0 % | 33.0 % | 32.0 % |
| Percent of Temporary Assistance for Needy Families cases closed because of employment | 45.0 % | 45.0 % | 46.0 % |
| Percent of cases with a child support obligation | 67.0 % | 69.0 % | 70.0 % |
| Percent of rehabilitated clients gaining competitive employment | 89.0 % | 90.0 % | 91.0 % |
| Average number of days to process federal disability claims | 64 | 63 | 61 |

Health Care Policy

Operations. The Health Care Policy Program includes five subprograms: Medical Policy/Medicaid, Mental Health and Substance Abuse Treatment and Recovery, Community Support Services, the Sex Predator Treatment Program, and the Developmental Disability Council.

The Medical Policy/Medicaid Subprogram purchases medical services for adults and children eligible for Medicaid, MediKan, and HealthWave benefits. Medicaid and HealthWave are regulated and partially funded by the federal government. The MediKan Program is wholly administered and funded by the state. Services are delivered through a mix of managed health care and fee for services.

The Mental Health and Substance Abuse Treatment and Recovery Subprogram (MHSATR) contracts with community agencies to provide services to individuals and families who experience mental illness and/or substance abuse. The program emphasizes informed consumer choice and provides services in the least restrictive environment. MHSATR awards state and federal funds to nonprofit programs and evaluates the effectiveness of services. It oversees the three state psychiatric hospitals as well as the licensure and contract funding of community mental health centers.

The Community Support Services Subprogram administers a system of community-based services for people with severe disabilities. Services are coordinated through partnerships with developmental disabilities organizations and provided through community service providers. Federal, state, local, and private sources finance services, including independent living counseling, attendant care, and family respite care. The federal government waives some Medicaid rules allowing states to be reimbursed for community based services, if they can be provided at a lower cost than institutional care. Kansas operates waiver programs for individuals with head injuries, physical disabilities, developmental disabilities, and for those dependent on medical equipment. program oversees the two state hospitals for the developmentally disabled.

The Developmental Disability Council is a federally funded council that advocates for services to keep disabled individuals in the community.

The Sex Predator Treatment Program provides longterm care and treatment for civilly committed sexually violent predators.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the program include the following:

Maintain and improve the health of eligible children and adults while maintaining or reducing the rate of growth in expenditures.

Administer an effective community-based system of supports for individuals with mental illness, substance abuse, physical disabilities, and developmental disabilities.

Statutory History. The statute that gives the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services authority to administer a medical assistance program is KSA 39-708c(a). KSA 39-709 and 39-708c specify eligibility criteria for the program and require the Secretary of SRS to develop a state plan to comply with federal requirements. Federal requirements concerning the Medicaid Program are contained in Title XIX of the Social Security Act. The 1998 legislation enacted authorizing implementation of the HealthWave insurance program for uninsured children in Kansas.

The management structure of MHSATR is outlined in KSA 75-5308d, 75-5308e, and 75-5316a. The Treatment Act for mentally ill persons (KSA 59-2901) sets the methods by which mentally ill patients are provided both voluntary and involuntary mental health treatments. KSA 65-4411 et seq. describe the procedures used to provide state aid to community facilities for the developmentally disabled. The Developmentally Disabilities Reform Act is found in KSA 39-1801 et seq. Statutory authority regarding substance abuse treatment can be found in KSA 65-4001.

____Health Care Policy

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | Current | Enhance. | Governor's |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Expenditures by Object | Actual | Estimate | Service | Package | Rec. |
| Salaries and Wages | 6,207,995 | 7,219,419 | 7,538,626 | | 7,522,154 |
| Contractual Services | 40,229,442 | 45,621,721 | 44,796,368 | 10,000,000 | 44,796,368 |
| Commodities | 395,424 | 145,107 | 125,766 | | 125,766 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,680,407 | | | | |
| Debt Service | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$48,513,268 | \$52,986,247 | \$52,460,760 | \$10,000,000 | \$52,444,288 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 88,991,911 | 80,430,893 | 80,038,882 | 500,000 | 80,038,882 |
| Other Assistance | 901,132,814 | 994,948,940 | 1,017,269,574 | 37,615,465 | 1,073,195,809 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,038,637,993 | \$1,128,366,080 | \$1,149,769,216 | \$48,115,465 | \$1,205,678,979 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 15,040,259 | 16,611,656 | 16,882,798 | 1,000,000 | 16,796,066 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 58,555,666 | 54,176,030 | 54,240,098 | 500,000 | 54,240,098 |
| Other Assistance | 324,284,947 | 323,014,377 | 331,782,365 | 15,946,137 | 359,882,562 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$397,880,872 | \$393,802,063 | \$402,905,261 | \$17,446,137 | \$430,918,726 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 33,473,009 | 36,374,591 | 35,577,962 | 9,000,000 | 35,648,222 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 30,436,245 | 26,254,863 | 25,798,784 | | 25,798,784 |
| Other Assistance | 576,847,867 | 671,934,563 | 685,487,209 | 21,669,328 | 713,313,247 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$640,757,121 | \$734,564,017 | \$746,863,955 | \$30,669,328 | \$774,760,253 |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,038,637,993 | \$1,128,366,080 | \$1,149,769,216 | \$48,115,465 | \$1,205,678,979 |
| FTE Positions | 118.7 | 109.7 | 109.7 | | 109.7 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 53.0 | 63.0 | 69.0 | | 63.0 |
| Total Positions | 171.7 | 172.7 | 178.7 | | 172.7 |
| | | | | | |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of children in HealthWave reporting that all needed medical care was received | 75.0 % | 80.0 % | 82.0 % |
| Number of consumers with severe and persistent mental illness treated by community mental health centers | 13,900 | 14,100 | 14,500 |
| Average monthly persons with physical disabilities receiving community services | 3,600 | 3,600 | 3,600 |
| Average monthly persons with developmental disabilities receiving community services | 5,244 | 5,564 | 5,564 |

Capital Improvements_

Operations. The Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services is responsible for operation and maintenance of the Rehabilitation Center for the Blind in Topeka and the Chanute State Office Building. In addition, all systemwide capital improvements and rehabilitation and repair projects for the state hospitals are included in this budget. Capital improvements specific to each state hospital are contained in the budgets of the respective institutions. State office building and rehabilitation and repair funding comes from rents charged to agencies and programs occupying the building space. The majority of the rehabilitation and repair projects in the state hospitals are financed from the State Institutions Building Fund.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to maintain facilities in a sound and operable condition.

Statutory History. Article 7, Section 6 of the Kansas Constitution authorizes the deposit of funds received from a permanent property tax levy in the State Institutions Building Fund. The constitution authorizes expenditures from this fund for institutions caring for those who are mentally ill, retarded, blind, tubercular, or deaf. It also authorizes the use of these funds for children who are dependent, neglected, or delinquent and in need of institutional care or Finally, the fund can be used for treatment. institutions that primarily provide vocational rehabilitation for disabled persons.

.Capital Improvements

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | Current | Enhance. | Governor's |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Estimate | Service | Package | Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | | | | | |
| Contractual Services | | | | | |
| Commodities | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 199,478 | 4,153,897 | 4,162,950 | 27,201,491 | 7,862,950 |
| Total Expenditures | \$199,478 | \$4,153,897 | \$4,162,950 | \$27,201,491 | \$7,862,950 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 199,478 | 4,153,897 | 4,162,950 | 27,201,491 | 7,862,950 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$199,478 | \$4,153,897 | \$4,162,950 | \$27,201,491 | \$7,862,950 |
| Total Expenditures | \$199,478 | \$4,153,897 | \$4,162,950 | \$27,201,491 | \$7,862,950 |
| FTE Positions | | | | | |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | | | | | |

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Board of Tax Appeals.

Mission. The mission of the Board of Tax Appeals is to resolve disputes in an impartial and timely manner regarding any tax issue between various taxing authorities and the taxpayers of the state, as well as to authorize various taxing subdivisions to exceed budget limitations and/or issue no-fund warrants.

Operations. The Board of Tax Appeals consists of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Board members serve staggered, four-year terms. One member is selected from each of the four congressional districts and one member is from the state at-large.

The statutory duties of the Board include hearing appeals arising from property taxes paid under protest, equalization appeals, tax exemptions, and tax grievances. The Board hears appeals resulting from the orders of the Director of Taxation involving sales tax, income tax, homestead tax refunds, drug tax assessments, liquor enforcement tax, and compensating use taxes. The Board also hears appeals resulting from the orders of the Director of Property Valuation regarding reappraisal appeals, agriculture use values, state-assessed properties, and valuation guides.

It also has the authority to approve the issuance of nofund warrants and certain general obligation bonds for local governments. Industrial revenue bond applicants must file specified information with the Board concerning issuance of the bonds, the valuation of property purchased or acquired, and tax exemption applications.

Based on present trends, the Board of Tax Appeals anticipates the majority of its cases will be related to exemptions from taxation and valuation appeals. The creation of the Small Claims Division in 1998 requires all single-family residential property owners to go through the Small Claims Division as of July 1, 2000.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Board of Tax Appeals is to hear and determine tax appeals brought before the Board in an expeditious and conscientious manner. The objectives established to reach this goal include the following:

Reduce the current number of open cases by hearing them as soon as possible after receipt, deciding the cases once they have been fully submitted, and issuing orders setting forth the Board's decision.

Reduce the number of cases actually scheduled for hearing and reduce the time between the time an appeal is filed and a hearing is held by holding status conferences.

Be more responsive to the people of Kansas by ensuring a fair hearing to all Kansas taxpayers; continuing to travel to outlying areas to hear appeals on single-family residential, agricultural land, and small commercial properties; and decreasing the time from the date an appeal is filed with the Board to the date an order is certified.

Continue to develop the Small Claims Division into a functional part of the agency that will hear and decide matters within its jurisdiction in a just, courteous, and expeditious manner in compliance with law.

Statutory History. Authority for the Board is found under KSA 74-2433 et seq. In 1957, the Legislature created the Board of Tax Appeals and a new state Board of Tax Appeals was created in 1969. During the 1998 Legislative Session, the Small Claims Division was created and Board members' educational requirements were amended. Also, Board members were placed under the Supreme Court rules of judicial conduct.

_Board of Tax Appeals

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 1,482,832 | 1,536,466 | 1,550,739 | | 1,575,127 |
| Contractual Services | 427,587 | 526,200 | 518,793 | | 498,793 |
| Commodities | 35,220 | 40,546 | 40,546 | | 35,546 |
| Capital Outlay | 124,491 | 23,800 | 35,000 | | 20,816 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$2,070,130 | \$2,127,012 | \$2,145,078 | \$ | \$2,130,282 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$2,070,130 | \$2,127,012 | \$2,145,078 | \$ | \$2,130,282 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$2,070,130 | \$2,127,012 | \$2,145,078 | \$ | \$2,130,282 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 2,063,192 | 2,112,512 | 2,130,578 | | 2,115,782 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$2,063,192 | \$2,112,512 | \$2,130,578 | \$ | \$2,115,782 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 6,938 | 14,500 | 14,500 | | 14,500 |
| Aid to Local Governments | , | · | , | | · |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$6,938 | \$14,500 | \$14,500 | \$ | \$14,500 |
| Total Expenditures | \$2,070,130 | \$2,127,012 | \$2,145,078 | \$ | \$2,130,282 |
| FTE Positions | 33.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 | | 31.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | | 2.0 |
| Total Positions | 35.0 | 33.0 | 33.0 | | 33.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Total filings | 7,856 | 9,548 | 8,276 |
| Cases closed | 8,772 | 7,680 | 8,799 |
| Active cases | 5,111 | 5,559 | 5,400 |

Topeka Correctional Facility_

Mission. The mission of Topeka Correctional Facility, as part of the criminal justice system, contributes to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while actively encouraging and assisting them to become law-abiding citizens.

Operations. The Topeka Correctional Facility (TCF) has an operating capacity of 838 inmates and is made up of what were once three separate prison facilities. These three are the Central Unit, with a capacity for 522 women: 62 maximum custody, 460 medium custody; the Reception and Diagnostic Unit, which can house 220 maximum custody men and 16 women; and the West Unit, which is located on the grounds of the former Topeka State Hospital, with the capacity for 80 minimum custody women. The Reception and Diagnostic Unit will be transferred to the El Dorado Correctional Facility and will be operational in March 2001.

The Central Unit houses all females for the Department of Corrections. The Reception and Diagnostic Unit provides both sentencing courts and professional mental health staff in the Department of Corrections with an evaluation summary describing the psychiatric, psychological, social, substance abuse, educational, and medical condition for each offender committed to the custody of the Secretary of Corrections. Facility operations are organized under eight major budgetary programs: Administration, Security, Classification and Programs, Transportation, Testing and Psychiatric Evaluation, Support Services. West Unit. and Capital Improvements.

The Administration Program provides for overall management and operation of the institution and includes financial management, planning, and personnel administration. The Security Program's primary function is to minimize escapes from the institution, minimize acts of physical violence by inmates, and provide staff with a safe working environment. Correctional officers control internal

and external movement of inmates; monitor activities; supervise work details; investigate incidents relating to the security, safety, and well-being of the institution, inmates, and staff; and perform miscellaneous duties. Classification and Programs maintains all the records regarding work assignments, progress reviews, attitudinal and adjustment counseling, probation/parole counseling, and other matters regarding the inmates. The Inmate Transportation Program provides for the movement of inmates among the various correctional facilities. The Testing and Psychiatric Evaluation Program provides an evaluation summary of the psychiatric, psychological, social substance abuse, educational, and medical evaluation for each offender committed to the custody of the Secretary of Corrections. The Support Services Program includes such activities as laundry and supply as well as facilities operations and physical plant maintenance. Both food service as well as medical and mental health services are contracted by the Department of Corrections with private firms.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the facility is to provide for the secure and humane confinement of offenders and provide for public safety. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Limit the number of inmate assaults on staff.

Limit the number of inmate escapes.

Statutory History. The general statutory citation for the Department of Corrections and the correctional institutions under its control is Article 75, Chapter 52 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. Specific statutory citations include KSA 75-2505, which provides that Topeka Correctional Facility operate under the general supervision and management of the Secretary of Corrections; KSA 75-5210 and 75-5211, which deal with the treatment of inmates and the types of programs that the Secretary of Corrections must establish; and KSA 75-5252, which prescribes the duties and responsibilities of the wardens of the correctional institutions.

Topeka Correctional Facility

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|--------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| Administration | 1,262,608 | 1,279,676 | 1,323,391 | 2,493 | 1,328,576 |
| Security | 6,285,522 | 6,059,651 | 5,071,617 | 543,078 | 5,193,951 |
| Inmate Transportation | 497,470 | 363,816 | 502,339 | 4,570 | 54,465 |
| Classification and Programs | 1,033,150 | 1,076,552 | 1,259,459 | 7,181 | 1,216,937 |
| Testing & Pyschiatric Evaluation | 1,059,242 | 848,612 | | | |
| Support Services | 2,346,488 | 2,305,676 | 2,174,123 | 671,765 | 2,178,275 |
| Debt Service & Capital Improve. | 914,371 | 863,429 | 850,721 | 6,667 | 852,589 |
| Total Expenditures | \$13,398,851 | \$12,797,412 | \$11,181,650 | \$1,235,754 | \$10,824,793 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 11,000,882 | 10,620,799 | 9,210,793 | 563,989 | 9,045,476 |
| Contractual Services | 1,197,500 | 1,149,453 | 1,133,975 | | 949,703 |
| Commodities | 971,880 | 914,954 | 782,235 | | 774,967 |
| Capital Outlay | 144,680 | 75,445 | 54,647 | 671,765 | 54,647 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$13,314,942 | \$12,760,651 | \$11,181,650 | \$1,235,754 | \$10,824,793 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 361 | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$13,315,303 | \$12,760,651 | \$11,181,650 | \$1,235,754 | \$10,824,793 |
| Capital Improvements | 83,548 | 36,761 | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$13,398,851 | \$12,797,412 | \$11,181,650 | \$1,235,754 | \$10,824,793 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 13,158,115 | 12,592,129 | 11,031,692 | 1,235,754 | 10,674,835 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 361 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$13,158,476 | \$12,592,129 | \$11,031,692 | \$1,235,754 | \$10,674,835 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 156,827 | 168,522 | 149,958 | | 149,958 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 83,548 | 36,761 | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$240,375 | \$205,283 | \$149,958 | \$ | \$149,958 |
| Total Expenditures | \$13,398,851 | \$12,797,412 | \$11,181,650 | \$1,235,754 | \$10,824,793 |
| FTE Positions | 304.0 | 218.0 | 254.0 | | 247.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 4.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | 3.0 |
| Total Positions | 308.0 | 221.0 | 257.0 | | 250.0 |
| | | | | | |
| Performance Measures | | | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
| Number of escapes | | | | | |
| Number of assaults on staff | | | 18 | 20 | 20 |

Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility_____

Mission. The mission of the Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility is to promote public safety, hold male offenders accountable for their behavior, and improve the offender's ability to live more productively and responsibly in the community. The facility maintains conditions of confinement that are secure, humane, and habilitative, and it operates within the expectations of community norms and offender needs.

Operations. The Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility is a state institution for the incarceration and rehabilitation of youth, generally between the ages of 13 to 23, whom the courts have found to be juvenile offenders or felons. With implementation of the sentencing matrix on July 1, 1999, convicted juveniles are placed in the facility by court order. Sentences are determined by the court, and the Facility's Superintendent no longer has authority to release juveniles to regulate population levels. Juvenile offenders are placed in the juvenile correctional facility for serious offenses with longer stays.

This 276-bed, secured juvenile facility is located on approximately 60 acres in the northwest area of Topeka. The Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility is the most secure juvenile correctional facility in the state. It serves the citizens of Kansas by maintaining custody of the juveniles while providing services and programs to habilitate and enable offenders to return to their communities as productive citizens. An on-site educational program is provided under contract with

USD 609. The Administration Program as well as the Physical Plant and Central Services Program provide the support needed to operate the institution efficiently.

Goals and Objectives. Goals of the Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility include the following:

Maintain a high standard of professionalism in providing juvenile correctional services and programs so as to ensure a controlled, healthy, safe, and secure environment for the habilitation of offenders.

Improve the juveniles life skills and competency to function in a complex and technical society.

Statutory History. The Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility was established in 1879 as the State Reform School and as the first institution for juvenile rehabilitation in the state. In 1901 the school was renamed the State Industrial School for Boys. In 1971, younger offenders who had been adjudicated delinquent or miscreant were transferred to the Atchison facility. In 1974, the name of the institution was changed to the Youth Center at Topeka. The current name, Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility, was established during the 1997 Legislative Session (KSA 76-2101). On July 1, 1997, responsibility for the juvenile correctional facilities in Kansas was transferred from the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services to the Juvenile Justice Authority (KSA 75-7001 et seq.).

Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|--|--------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| General Administration | 1,256,313 | 1,128,978 | 1,140,304 | 137,053 | 1,136,818 |
| Special Education Services | 2,235,886 | 2,345,143 | 2,432,377 | | 2,385,863 |
| Juvenile Correctional Services | 4,748,881 | 4,821,724 | 4,927,163 | 490,356 | 5,108,776 |
| Ancillary Services | 1,916,304 | 2,015,806 | 2,072,329 | 25,282 | 2,040,760 |
| Physical Plant & Central Services | 1,925,771 | 1,886,650 | 2,019,013 | 2,909 | 1,946,941 |
| Debt Service & Capital Improve. | 333,243 | 766 | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$12,416,398 | \$12,199,067 | \$12,591,186 | \$655,600 | \$12,619,158 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 7,714,561 | 7,805,158 | 8,022,557 | 529,718 | 8,225,689 |
| Contractual Services | 3,678,662 | 3,837,491 | 4,009,336 | 25,084 | 3,867,930 |
| Commodities | 513,390 | 468,832 | 513,493 | 16,798 | 479,739 |
| Capital Outlay | 176,542 | 86,820 | 45,800 | 84,000 | 45,800 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$12,083,155 | \$12,198,301 | \$12,591,186 | \$655,600 | \$12,619,158 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$12,083,155 | \$12,198,301 | \$12,591,186 | \$655,600 | \$12,619,158 |
| Capital Improvements | 333,243 | 766 | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$12,416,398 | \$12,199,067 | \$12,591,186 | \$655,600 | \$12,619,158 |
| Expenditures by Fund State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 11,608,186 | 11,699,861 | 12,146,142 | 655,600 | 12,074,114 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$11,608,186 | \$11,699,861 | \$12,146,142 | \$655,600 | \$12,074,114 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 474,969 | 498,440 | 445,044 | | 545,044 |
| Aid to Local Governments | , | · | · | | · |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 333,243 | 766 | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$808,212 | \$499,206 | \$445,044 | \$ | \$545,044 |
| Total Expenditures | \$12,416,398 | \$12,199,067 | \$12,591,186 | \$655,600 | \$12,619,158 |
| FTE Positions | 226.0 | 226.0 | 226.0 | 15.0 | 226.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 226.0 | 226.0 | 226.0 | 15.0 | 226.0 |
| | | | | | |
| Performance Measures | | | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
| Percent of offenders who showed improvement on standardized academic instruments | | | 71.0 % | 75.0 % | 75.0 % |
| Percent of juveniles who successfully complete conditional release | | | 45.0 % | 45.0 % | 45.0 % |
| Number of juveniles who escaped from custody | | | 2 | | |

Department of Transportation_

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Department of Transportation (KDOT) is to provide a statewide transportation system to meet the needs of Kansas.

Operations. The Department of Transportation has administrative and planning responsibilities for aviation, highways, public transportation, railroads, and waterways. The agency focuses on highway planning, design, construction, reconstruction, and maintenance; however, emphasis is also placed on rail and aviation transportation modes. The Department is directed by the Secretary of Transportation, who is appointed by the Governor. A 12-member Highway Advisory Commission, which consists of two members appointed by the Governor from each of six highway districts, advises the Secretary regarding system improvement. Aviation and rail advisory groups have also been formed administratively.

The Department is funded through state-imposed special user fees and fuel taxes, a portion of the state sales tax, interest on investments of highway related revenues, and federal funds. The current funding structure established by the 1999 Legislature provides a phased four-cent motor fuels tax increase and increases in the sales tax transfer. The 1999

Legislature also provided \$995.0 million in additional bond authority. That revenue stream along with projected federal funding will finance the Comprehensive Transportation Program from FY 2000 through FY 2009.

The State of Kansas includes 133,962 miles of public roads and highways. Of those miles, 10,385 maintained by the Department of Transportation, 238 by the Kansas Turnpike Authority, and 122,658 by local governments. The remaining 236 miles are located on the grounds of state parks and in other areas. Of the 10,385 miles of highways maintained by the state, 635 are on the interstate highway system.

Statutory History. The Department of Transportation was created by the 1975 Legislature to replace the State Highway Commission, which had been established in 1929. Article 50, Chapter 75 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* establishes and provides for administration of the Department. Article 4, Chapter 68 prescribes the powers and duties of the Secretary of Transportation. The fuel tax laws are contained in Article 34, Chapter 79. Vehicle registration fees and motor vehicle laws are contained in Chapter 8.

Department of Transportation

| Expenditures by Program | | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|--|--|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| Management 46,041,157 51,568,775 52,787,673 | T 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Local Support 170,086,384 180,427,021 183,832,096 184,556,471 Maintenance 189,086,436 192,015,951 202,176,930 199,970,456 Construction 350,815,925 70,709,114 7500,000 519,427,070 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$19427,070 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$19427,070 Total Expenditures \$766,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$38,670,404 82,095,972 \$83,670,404 82,095,972 \$83,670,404 82,095,972 \$83,670,404 82,095,972 \$83,670,404 82,095,972 \$83,670,404 \$83,670,998 \$84,856,363 \$84,856,363 \$84,856,363 \$84,856,363 \$84,856,363 | | 46 041 157 | E1 E C0 77E | 52 707 672 | | 40 172 017 |
| Maintenance 189,086,436 192,015,951 202,176,930 — 199,970,456 Construction 350,815,925 707,079,114 510,884,844 7,500,000 519,427,070 Total Expenditures by Object \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 Expenditures by Object \$20,000,000 \$ | | | | | | |
| Construction 350,815,925 707,079,114 510,884,844 7,500,000 519,427,070 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 76,277,415 80,552,951 83,670,404 | | | | | | |
| Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 76,277,415 80,552,951 83,670,404 82,095,972 Contractual Services 29,426,365 32,404,437 33,338,527 33,338,527 Commodities 23,446,670 25,609,239 28,458,854 27,408,854 Capital Outlay 109,415,623 109,132,231 114,188,158 27,408,854 Capital Outlay 109,415,623 109,132,231 114,188,158 27,408,856,363 Non-expense Items 84,856,363 Non-expense Items 53,217,484 68,574,847 84,856,363 84,856,363 Non-expense Items 540,616,859 5346,273,705 5344,512,306 \$ | | | | | | |
| Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 76,277,415 80,552,951 83,670,404 82,095,972 Contractual Services 29,426,365 32,404,437 33,338,527 33,338,527 Commodities 23,446,670 25,609,239 28,458,854 27,408,854 Capital Outlay 109,415,623 109,132,231 114,188,158 109,867,098 Debt Service 53,217,484 68,574,847 84,856,363 84,856,363 Non-expense Items | | , , | , , | , , | | , , |
| Salaries and Wages 76,277,415 80,552,951 83,670,404 | Total Expenditures | \$750,029,902 | \$1,131,090,001 | \$949,001,545 | \$7,500,000 | \$952,110,914 |
| Contractual Services 29,426,365 32,404,437 33,338,527 33,338,527 Commodities 23,446,670 25,609,239 28,458,854 27,408,854 Capital Outlay 109,415,623 109,132,231 114,188,158 109,867,098 Debt Service 53,217,484 68,574,847 84,856,363 84,856,363 Non-expense Items 84,856,363 Non-expense Items Subtotal: State Operations 168,103,745 177,818,389 180,977,756 1818,16,393 Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 400,000 Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$460,616,859 \$494,492,094 \$525,890,062 \$519,783,207 Capital Improvements \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 State Operations <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | |
| Commodities 23,446,670 25,609,239 28,458,854 — 27,408,854 Capital Outlay 109,415,623 109,132,231 114,188,158 — 109,867,098 Debt Service 53,217,484 68,574,847 84,856,363 — 84,856,363 Non-expense Items — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — | | | , , | , , | | |
| Capital Outlay 109,415,623 109,132,231 114,188,158 — 109,867,098 Debt Service 53,217,484 68,574,847 84,856,363 — 84,856,363 Non-expense Items — — — — — — 84,856,363 Non-expense Items — \$291,783,557 \$316,273,705 \$344,512,306 \$— \$337,566,814 Aid to Local Governments 168,103,745 177,818,389 180,977,756 — 181,816,393 Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 — 400,000 Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$460,616,859 \$494,492,094 \$525,890,062 \$— \$519,783,207 Capital Improvements 295,413,043 636,598,767 423,791,481 7,500,000 432,333,707 Expenditures by Fund State Operations — — — — — — State Operations — — — — — — — Aid to Local Governments 11,181,826 10,343,189 | Contractual Services | 29,426,365 | 32,404,437 | 33,338,527 | | 33,338,527 |
| Debt Service 53,217,484 68,574,847 84,856,363 | | , , | | , , | | |
| Non-expense Items | • | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations \$291,783,557 \$316,273,705 \$344,512,306 \$ \$337,566,814 Aid to Local Governments 168,103,745 177,818,389 180,977,756 181,816,393 Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 400,000 Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$460,616,859 \$494,492,094 \$525,890,062 \$ \$519,783,207 Capital Improvements 295,413,043 636,598,767 423,791,481 7,500,000 432,333,707 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 Expenditures by Fund \$11,181,826 10,343,189 | | 53,217,484 | 68,574,847 | 84,856,363 | | 84,856,363 |
| Aid to Local Governments 168,103,745 177,818,389 180,977,756 181,816,393 Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 400,000 Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$460,616,859 \$494,492,094 \$525,890,062 \$519,783,207 Capital Improvements 295,413,043 636,598,767 423,791,481 7,500,000 432,333,707 Total Expenditures by Fund State General Fund ** * | | | | | | |
| Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 | | | | | \$ | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$460,616,859 \$494,492,094 \$525,890,062 \$ \$519,783,207 Capital Improvements 295,413,043 636,598,767 423,791,481 7,500,000 432,333,707 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 Expenditures by Fund State General Fund \$11,181,826 \$10,343,189 \$- \$- \$- State Operations \$-< | | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements 295,413,043 636,598,767 423,791,481 7,500,000 432,333,707 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations | | | , , | | • | |
| Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations | 1 1 | | | | | |
| State General Fund State Operations | Total Expenditures | \$756,029,902 | \$1,131,090,861 | \$949,681,543 | \$7,500,000 | \$952,116,914 |
| State Operations | Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments 11,181,826 10,343,189 10,343,189 11,181,826 Other Assistance Capital Improvements 62,240,428 51,708,599 141,082,485 7,500,000 121,108,648 Subtotal: State General Fund \$73,422,254 \$62,051,788 \$151,425,674 \$7,500,000 \$132,290,474 Other Funds 291,783,557 316,273,705 344,512,306 337,566,814 Aid to Local Governments 156,921,919 167,475,200 170,634,567 170,634,567 Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 400,000 Capital Improvements 233,172,615 584,890,168 282,708,996 311,225,059 Subtotal: Other Funds \$682,607,648 \$1,069,039,073 \$798,255,869 \$ \$819,826,440 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 FTE Positions 3,219.5 3,247.5 3,2 | State General Fund | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | State Operations | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements 62,240,428 51,708,599 141,082,485 7,500,000 121,108,648 Subtotal: State General Fund \$73,422,254 \$62,051,788 \$151,425,674 \$7,500,000 \$132,290,474 Other Funds \$150,921,919 \$167,475,200 \$170,634,567 | | 11,181,826 | 10,343,189 | 10,343,189 | | 11,181,826 |
| Subtotal: State General Fund \$73,422,254 \$62,051,788 \$151,425,674 \$7,500,000 \$132,290,474 Other Funds State Operations 291,783,557 316,273,705 344,512,306 337,566,814 Aid to Local Governments 156,921,919 167,475,200 170,634,567 170,634,567 Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 400,000 Capital Improvements 233,172,615 584,890,168 282,708,996 311,225,059 Subtotal: Other Funds \$682,607,648 \$1,069,039,073 \$798,255,869 \$ \$819,826,440 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 FTE Positions 3,219.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 Other Unclassified Positions 4.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 | Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Other Funds State Operations 291,783,557 316,273,705 344,512,306 337,566,814 Aid to Local Governments 156,921,919 167,475,200 170,634,567 170,634,567 Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 400,000 Capital Improvements 233,172,615 584,890,168 282,708,996 311,225,059 Subtotal: Other Funds \$682,607,648 \$1,069,039,073 \$798,255,869 \$ \$819,826,440 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 FTE Positions 3,219.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 Other Unclassified Positions 4.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 | | , , | , , | , , | | , , |
| State Operations 291,783,557 316,273,705 344,512,306 337,566,814 Aid to Local Governments 156,921,919 167,475,200 170,634,567 170,634,567 Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 400,000 Capital Improvements 233,172,615 584,890,168 282,708,996 311,225,059 Subtotal: Other Funds \$682,607,648 \$1,069,039,073 \$798,255,869 \$ \$819,826,440 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 FTE Positions 3,219.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 Other Unclassified Positions 4.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 | Subtotal: State General Fund | \$73,422,254 | \$62,051,788 | \$151,425,674 | \$7,500,000 | \$132,290,474 |
| Aid to Local Governments 156,921,919 167,475,200 170,634,567 170,634,567 Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 400,000 Capital Improvements 233,172,615 584,890,168 282,708,996 311,225,059 Subtotal: Other Funds \$682,607,648 \$1,069,039,073 \$798,255,869 \$ \$819,826,440 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 FTE Positions 3,219.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 Other Unclassified Positions 4.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 | Other Funds | | | | | |
| Other Assistance 729,557 400,000 400,000 400,000 Capital Improvements 233,172,615 584,890,168 282,708,996 311,225,059 Subtotal: Other Funds \$682,607,648 \$1,069,039,073 \$798,255,869 \$ \$819,826,440 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 FTE Positions 3,219.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 Other Unclassified Positions 4.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 | State Operations | 291,783,557 | 316,273,705 | 344,512,306 | | 337,566,814 |
| Capital Improvements 233,172,615 584,890,168 282,708,996 311,225,059 Subtotal: Other Funds \$682,607,648 \$1,069,039,073 \$798,255,869 \$ \$819,826,440 Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 FTE Positions 3,219.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 Other Unclassified Positions 4.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 | Aid to Local Governments | 156,921,919 | 167,475,200 | 170,634,567 | | 170,634,567 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds Total Expenditures \$682,607,648 \$756,029,902 \$1,069,039,073 \$1,131,090,861 \$798,255,869 \$949,681,543 \$ | Other Assistance | 729,557 | 400,000 | 400,000 | | 400,000 |
| Total Expenditures \$756,029,902 \$1,131,090,861 \$949,681,543 \$7,500,000 \$952,116,914 FTE Positions 3,219.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 Other Unclassified Positions 4.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 | Capital Improvements | 233,172,615 | 584,890,168 | 282,708,996 | | 311,225,059 |
| FTE Positions 3,219.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 3,247.5 Other Unclassified Positions 4.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 | | | | | • | |
| Other Unclassified Positions 4.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 | Total Expenditures | \$756,029,902 | \$1,131,090,861 | \$949,681,543 | \$7,500,000 | \$952,116,914 |
| Other Unclassified Positions 4.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 | FTE Positions | 3,219.5 | 3,247.5 | 3,247.5 | | 3,247.5 |
| Total Positions 3,223.5 3,250.5 3,250.5 | Other Unclassified Positions | * | , | | | |
| | Total Positions | 3,223.5 | 3,250.5 | 3,250.5 | | 3,250.5 |

Management.

Operations. The Department of Transportation consists of a central headquarters and six geographical districts. The districts are further divided into maintenance areas and subareas throughout the 105 counties. The agency management structure is organized into an Office of the Secretary and six divisions. The Department is headed by a Secretary appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate. The Secretary, with approval of the Governor, appoints the State Transportation Engineer and division directors.

The program performs several functions for the agency. First, it establishes the goals and policy direction for the agency, and it provides management planning. Second, the program provides general administrative services, such as financial control and computer support. Third, the program is responsible for transportation data collection and analysis. Fourth, it provides aviation and rail policy development and public transportation planning. Fifth, it coordinates

public outreach through media, legislative, and intergovernmental relations.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Management Program is to foster transportation programs that advance all modes of transportation. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Provide a program detailing the specific surface transportation projects that are required to facilitate the successful completion of the Comprehensive Transportation Program.

Improve public-use airports through state financial and planning assistance.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5015 authorizes the Secretary of Transportation to organize the Department in a manner considered most efficient and in accordance with other provisions of law.

_Management

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|--------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 24,332,601 | 26,376,728 | 27,565,378 | | 27,153,902 |
| Contractual Services | 14,094,378 | 17,028,505 | 17,332,531 | | 17,332,531 |
| Commodities | 1,327,720 | 1,546,444 | 1,652,019 | | 1,652,019 |
| Capital Outlay | 5,556,901 | 6,217,098 | 5,837,745 | | 1,624,465 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations Aid to Local Governments | \$45,311,600 | \$51,168,775 | \$52,387,673 | \$ | \$47,762,917 |
| Other Assistance | 729,557 | 400,000 | 400,000 | | 400,000 |
| Capital Improvements | 12),331 | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$46,041,157 | \$51,568,775 | \$52,787,673 | \$ | \$48,162,917 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 45,311,600 | 51,168,775 | 52,387,673 | | 47,762,917 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 729,557 | 400,000 | 400,000 | | 400,000 |
| Capital Improvements | , | , | , | | ´ |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$46,041,157 | \$51,568,775 | \$52,787,673 | \$ | \$48,162,917 |
| Total Expenditures | \$46,041,157 | \$51,568,775 | \$52,787,673 | \$ | \$48,162,917 |
| FTE Positions | 553.5 | 568.5 | 568.5 | | 568.5 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | | 3.0 |
| Total Positions | 556.5 | 571.5 | 571.5 | | 571.5 |
| | | | | | |
| Performance Measures | | | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
| Percent of bridges on the state highway system that are safe | | | 86.0 % | 86.0 % | 86.0 % |
| Percent of roadway miles on the state highway system with desirable levels of service during peak hours of travel | | | 95.6 % | 95.0 % | 95.0 % |
| Percent of the state highway system m or "acceptable" | 90.0 % | 85.0 % | 85.0 % | | |
| Number of major modification project | 123 | 196 | 76 | | |
| Number of substantial maintenance project miles resurfaced | | | 1,496 | 1,095 | 1,200 |
| Number of priority bridge projects completed | | | 31 | 62 | 46 |
| Number of public-use airports improved | | | 25 | 26 | 27 |

Local Support.

Operations. The Local Support Program provides planning and financial assistance for preservation and improvement of local roads, streets, and bridges; capital and operating assistance for rural public transportation and specialized transportation of the elderly and disabled; improvement of rail facilities and service or measures to soften the effect of abandonment of rail service; improvement of publicuse aviation facilities; transportation planning by local organizations; and highway safety activities designed to reduce traffic accidents and fatalities.

The largest portion of local aid represents state-shared revenues distributed to cities, counties, and townships for road, bridge, and street improvements. Local governments receive 40.45 percent of net motor fuel tax collections and 100.0 percent of the motor carrier property tax revenues through the Special City and County Highway Fund and the County Equalization and Adjustment Fund. As motor fuel tax rates increase consistent with the 1999 Comprehensive Transportation Program, the percentage of net motor fuel tax collections received by local governments will correspondingly begin to decrease this year and will continue to decrease until FY 2004, at which time the percentage will be 36.65.

The Special City and County Highway Fund is distributed 57.0 percent to counties and 43.0 percent to cities. Funds are allocated to counties on the basis of

registration fees collected, average daily vehicle miles (excluding interstate miles) traveled in the county, and total road mileage. The amount distributed to cities is based on population.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Local Support Program is to assist in providing a local transportation system that is safe, efficient, and reliable. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Provide federal financial and state planning assistance to local governments to improve transportation.

Statutory History. KSA 68-402 authorizes the Secretary of Transportation to enter into all contracts and agreements necessary to cooperate with federal agencies in the procurement of federal aid. KSA 68-402b authorizes counties, cities, and other political subdivisions to enter into contracts with the Secretary of Transportation for federal funds and establishes the procedures for their distribution. Distribution of state funds from the Special City and County Highway Fund and the County Equalization and Adjustment Fund is provided in KSA 79-3425 and 79-3425(c), respectively. KSA 75-5025 et seg. authorize the Secretary to accept and utilize federal funds for railroad revitalization. KSA 75-5033 provides \$6.0 million annually for public transportation for the elderly and disabled.

Department of Transportation Local Support

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 2,508,135 | 2,896,298 | 2,983,795 | | 2,939,313 |
| Contractual Services | 2,161,101 | 2,949,535 | 3,110,264 | | 3,110,264 |
| Commodities | 58,402 | 39,375 | 43,501 | | 43,501 |
| Capital Outlay | 38,969 | 83,424 | 76,780 | | 7,000 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$4,766,607 | \$5,968,632 | \$6,214,340 | \$ | \$6,100,078 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 165,319,777 | 174,458,389 | 177,617,756 | | 178,456,393 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$170,086,384 | \$180,427,021 | \$183,832,096 | \$ | \$184,556,471 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | 11,181,826 | 10,343,189 | 10,343,189 | | 11,181,826 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$11,181,826 | \$10,343,189 | \$10,343,189 | \$ | \$11,181,826 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 4,766,607 | 5,968,632 | 6,214,340 | | 6,100,078 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 154,137,951 | 164,115,200 | 167,274,567 | | 167,274,567 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$158,904,558 | \$170,083,832 | \$173,488,907 | \$ | \$173,374,645 |
| Total Expenditures | \$170,086,384 | \$180,427,021 | \$183,832,096 | \$ | \$184,556,471 |
| FTE Positions | 55.0 | 57.0 | 57.0 | | 57.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 1.0 | | | | |
| Total Positions | 56.0 | 57.0 | 57.0 | | 57.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of programmed local road and street projects contracted in the programmed year | 69.8 % | 75.0 % | 80.0 % |
| Percent change in the annual ridership for rural public transportation operations in Kansas | (0.1) % | .05 % | 0.5 % |
| Average number of days to complete a traffic study | 30 | 20 | 30 |
| Injuries per million vehicle miles | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Percent of injuries related to alcohol | 8.0 % | 7.4 % | 7.2 % |
| Percent of Kansas drivers and passengers using seat belts | 63.0 % | 63.0 % | 65.0 % |

Maintenance ___

Operations. The Maintenance Program contains all regular and substantial highway and bridge maintenance functions performed by the state. Regular maintenance activities are designed to preserve, repair, and restore the roadway system to its designed or accepted standards. System elements include travelway surfaces, shoulders, roadsides, drainage facilities, bridges, signs, and markings. Also included are such traffic services as lighting and signal operation, snow and ice removal, and operation of roadside rest areas.

Maintenance activities are undertaken to offset the effects of deterioration, damage, and vandalism. Deterioration includes the effects of aging, material fatigue, and design and construction weaknesses. Activities also include repair of buildings and equipment essential to perform maintenance activities. Substantial maintenance projects are completed by contract and are based on statewide need.

Funds are also provided to cities to assist in maintenance of routes designated as highway connecting links. Costs for maintenance of these links are apportioned between the Department of Transportation and the city as determined by agreement. Currently, 37.0 percent of the approximately 820 miles of designated connecting links are maintained by cities or the Kansas Turnpike Authority, which the Department of Transportation reimburses at the rate of \$3,000 per lane-mile. The Department of Transportation sets aside approximately \$3.0 million annually for substantial maintenance projects on connecting links to be matched with city

funding on a 50/50 or 25/75 basis, depending on city size, up to \$200,000 per resurfacing project.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Maintenance Program is to maintain a state highway system that is safe and reliable. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Provide routine maintenance through the state workforce to ensure a safe and useable State Highway System.

Minimize the need for major reconstruction or renovation on the State Highway System through resurfacing and other contract actions.

KSA 68-407 empowers the Statutory History. Secretary of Transportation to perform all work or enter into any contract in accordance with the improvement, construction, reconstruction, maintenance of the state highway system. KSA 68-406 and 68-412 provide for the designation and improvement of city connecting links. KSA 68-416 requires the Secretary to apportion annually and distribute quarterly to cities \$3,000 per lane-mile for the maintenance of city connecting links. KSA 68-416a provides for the designation of responsibilities for maintenance of city connecting links. KSA 8-1337 and KSA 8-1338 assign authority to the Secretary of Transportation to set speed limits. KSA 68-404 and 68-415 provide for the Secretary to control entrances on state highways, and KSA 8-1911 provides authority to the Secretary to issue oversize or overweight permits to commercial motor carriers.

_Maintenance

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Cuii. Service | Ellianc. Fkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Salaries and Wages | 49,436,679 | 51,279,925 | 53,121,231 | | 52,002,757 |
| Contractual Services | 10,985,488 | 10,520,897 | 10,658,732 | | 10,658,732 |
| Commodities | 22,060,548 | 24,023,420 | 26,763,334 | | 25,713,334 |
| Capital Outlay | 103,819,753 | 102,831,709 | 108,273,633 | | 108,235,633 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$186,302,468 | \$188,655,951 | \$198,816,930 | \$ | \$196,610,456 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 2,783,968 | 3,360,000 | 3,360,000 | | 3,360,000 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$189,086,436 | \$192,015,951 | \$202,176,930 | \$ | \$199,970,456 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 186,302,468 | 188,655,951 | 198,816,930 | | 196,610,456 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 2,783,968 | 3,360,000 | 3,360,000 | | 3,360,000 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$189,086,436 | \$192,015,951 | \$202,176,930 | \$ | \$199,970,456 |
| Total Expenditures | \$189,086,436 | \$192,015,951 | \$202,176,930 | \$ | \$199,970,456 |
| FTE Positions | 1,551.0 | 1,554.0 | 1,554.0 | | 1,554.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 1,551.0 | 1,554.0 | 1,554.0 | | 1,554.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of lane miles of asphalt roadway on the state highway system that are repaired during the year | 18.5 % | 19.0 % | 19.0 % |
| Percent of shoulder miles on the state highway system that are repaired | 45.4 % | 40.0 % | 40.0 % |
| Lane miles of state highway system repaired | 3,826 | 3,900 | 3,900 |

Construction_

Operations. The Construction Program of the Department of Transportation consists of those functions necessary to construct new highways. Program activities include right-of-way purchase, design, construction supervision, materials testing, agency facilities construction and remodeling, and payment of principal and interest on construction financed through the issuance of bonds. In addition, federal aid to local governments is included in this Highway Construction projects are program. classified either priority bridges. modification, or system enhancement.

Projects under the Priority Bridge Program are designed to replace or rehabilitate substandard bridges. Substandard bridges are those in deteriorated condition or with deficiencies in load carrying capacity, width, or traffic service. Special consideration is given to replacing cribbed bridges, which are bridges with temporary structural supports to keep them in use. Bridges with vertical clearance deficiencies will be replaced at the rate of one bridge every other year until all the critical bridges are replaced.

In addition to the core bridge rehabilitation and replacement category, two priority bridge set-aside categories have been established to meet current needs more effectively. The two set-asides include the bridge deck replacement category and the culverts-bridges category.

The projects under the Major Modification Program are designed to improve safety and service of the existing roadway system. In addition to this roadway program, a number of projects are financed each year with major modification funds that are set aside for this purpose. These include Economic Development; Geometric Improvement; Railroad/Highway Crossing; Railroad Grade Separations; Hazard Elimination (HES); Guard Fence Upgrades; Corridor Management; Railroad Crossing Surfacing; Local Partnership

Railroad Grade Separation; and Intelligent Transportation Systems.

The System Enhancement Program was established to improve safety, relieve congestion, improve access, and enhance economic development. The categories are corridor improvements, bypass construction, and interchange/separation improvements. Projects must be on the State Highway System or a logical addition to the State Highway System.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Construction Program is to provide quality construction projects, which enhance transportation in Kansas. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Prepare projects for construction according to planned program schedules.

Ensure highway construction projects are completed in accordance with established specifications and schedules.

Statutory History. KSA 68-404 et seq. authorize the Secretary of Transportation to investigate all highway conditions and expend funds from the State Highway Fund and other appropriate sources in order to maintain or improve the state highway system. KSA 68-407 gives the Secretary the authority to enter into all contracts necessary for construction, improvement, or maintenance of highways.

The selection of consultants, their prequalifications, and quality control of services are addressed in KSA 75-5801 et seq. KSA 68-412 authorizes acquisition of right-of-way when the land is required for operation of the Department of Transportation or the improvement of the state transportation system. The authority for the Department to own, construct, or maintain buildings is found in the *Kansas Constitution*, Article II, and KSA 68-404, 68-413, and 68-416.

_Construction

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | | | | | |
| Contractual Services | 2,185,398 | 1,905,500 | 2,237,000 | | 2,237,000 |
| Commodities | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | | | | | |
| Debt Service | 53,217,484 | 68,574,847 | 84,856,363 | | 84,856,363 |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$55,402,882 | \$70,480,347 | \$87,093,363 | \$ | \$87,093,363 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 295,413,043 | 636,598,767 | 423,791,481 | 7,500,000 | 432,333,707 |
| Total Expenditures | \$350,815,925 | \$707,079,114 | \$510,884,844 | \$7,500,000 | \$519,427,070 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 62,240,428 | 51,708,599 | 141,082,485 | 7,500,000 | 121,108,648 |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$62,240,428 | \$51,708,599 | \$141,082,485 | \$7,500,000 | \$121,108,648 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 55,402,882 | 70,480,347 | 87,093,363 | | 87,093,363 |
| Aid to Local Governments | , , , <u></u> | , , , , <u></u> | , , , <u></u> | | , , , , |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 233,172,615 | 584,890,168 | 282,708,996 | | 311,225,059 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$288,575,497 | \$655,370,515 | \$369,802,359 | \$ | \$398,318,422 |
| Total Expenditures | \$350,815,925 | \$707,079,114 | \$510,884,844 | \$7,500,000 | \$519,427,070 |
| FTE Positions | 1,060.0 | 1,068.0 | 1,068.0 | | 1,068.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | -, | -, | -,== | | -,550.0 |
| Total Positions | 1,060.0 | 1,068.0 | 1,068.0 | | 1,068.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of project miles designed | 123 | 196 | 76.4 |
| Number of bridge projects designed | 104 | 177 | 119 |
| Number of major modification projects completed | 21 | 182 | 70 |
| Number of substantial maintenance projects completed | 207 | 235 | 100 |
| Number of priority bridge projects completed | 6 | 55 | 46 |

State Treasurer_

Mission. The mission of the State Treasurer is to manage public funds to ensure sound financial practices. The agency will partner with Kansas citizens in the pursuit of their financial security.

Operations. The State Treasurer is one of six state officials elected every four years. The Treasurer is responsible for the timely receipt and deposit of all revenues and, as a member of the Pooled Money Investment Board, assists in the investment of state funds to provide optimum levels of safety, liquidity, and yield. In addition, the Treasurer serves on the Committee on Surety Bonds and Insurance, which assures appropriate insurance coverage for the State of Kansas. In 1993, the Treasurer statutorily became a member of the KPERS Board of Trustees.

The Treasurer registers all municipal bonds issued in the state and acts as both registrar and paying agent for the majority of those municipal issues. The agency administers the unclaimed property program and distributes monies from the state treasury to local governments, primarily local ad valorem tax reduction aid and county and city revenue sharing aid. The Office of the State Treasurer is organized into five programs: Administration, Municipal Bond Services, Cash Management Services, Unclaimed Property, and Postsecondary Education Savings. The Pooled Money Investment Board, an independent five-member board, is also included in the Office of the State Treasurer's budget.

Statutory History. The primary responsibilities of the State Treasurer are covered in Chapters 10, 12, 58, and 75 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. The Treasurer is a member of the Pooled Money Investment Board by KSA 75-4222 and the Committee on Surety Bonds and Insurance by KSA 75-4101. KSA 74-4905 provides for KPERS board membership for the State Treasurer.

The State Treasurer was established as an elected official in Article I of the *Kansas Constitution*. In 1972, Article I was amended to eliminate the position of State Treasurer as a constitutional office. The office continued as an elective one and, in 1979, KSA 25-101b was amended to change the Treasurer's term from two to four years.

_State Treasurer

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| Administration | 920,309 | 856,399 | 923,965 | | 884,938 |
| Municipal Bond Services | 424,835 | 427,772 | 455,530 | | 450,255 |
| Cash Management Services | 114,553,890 | 107,915,564 | 108,595,115 | 20,160,840 | 114,739,641 |
| Pooled Money Investment Board | 666,165 | 713,751 | 745,733 | | 741,260 |
| Unclaimed Property | 566,495 | 596,172 | 647,735 | | 618,361 |
| Postsecondary Education Savings | 119,626 | 233,424 | 237,500 | | 235,694 |
| Total Expenditures | \$117,251,320 | \$110,743,082 | \$111,605,578 | \$20,160,840 | \$117,670,149 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 2,045,401 | 2,183,718 | 2,299,890 | | 2,264,708 |
| Contractual Services | 1,050,639 | 1,235,132 | 1,307,112 | | 1,263,612 |
| Commodities | 90,547 | 68,600 | 73,700 | | 73,700 |
| Capital Outlay | 233,069 | 57,500 | 80,930 | | 59,930 |
| Debt Service | · | | , | | · |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$3,419,656 | \$3,544,950 | \$3,761,632 | \$ | \$3,661,950 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 113,831,664 | 107,198,132 | 107,843,946 | 20,160,840 | 114,008,199 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$117,251,320 | \$110,743,082 | \$111,605,578 | \$20,160,840 | \$117,670,149 |
| | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements Total Expenditures | \$117,251,320 | \$110,743,08 2 | \$111,605,578 | \$20,160,840 | \$117,670,149 |
| Total Expenditures | \$117,251,320 | \$110,743,082 | \$111,605,578 | \$20,160,840 | \$117,670,149 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund | \$117,251,320 | \$110,743,082 | \$111,605,578 | \$20,160,840 | \$117,670,149 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund | | , , | , , | \$20,160,840 | |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations | 2,164,159 | 1,871,115 | 1,657,134 | | 1,598,380 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments | | , , | , , | \$20,160,840 20,160,840 | |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance | 2,164,159 | 1,871,115 | 1,657,134 | | 1,598,380 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments | 2,164,159 | 1,871,115 | 1,657,134 | | 1,598,380 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: State General Fund | 2,164,159 94,834,660 | 1,871,115 88,670,406 | 1,657,134 88,670,406 | 20,160,840 | 1,598,380 94,834,659 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: State General Fund Other Funds | 2,164,159 94,834,660 \$96,998,819 | 1,871,115 88,670,406 \$90,541,521 | 1,657,134 88,670,406 \$90,327,540 | 20,160,840 | 1,598,380 94,834,659 \$96,433,039 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: State General Fund Other Funds State Operations | 2,164,159 94,834,660 \$96,998,819 1,255,497 | 1,871,115 88,670,406 \$90,541,521 | 1,657,134 88,670,406 \$90,327,540 2,104,498 | 20,160,840 | 1,598,380 94,834,659 \$96,433,039 2,063,570 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: State General Fund Other Funds State Operations Aid to Local Governments | 2,164,159 94,834,660 \$96,998,819 | 1,871,115 88,670,406 \$90,541,521 | 1,657,134 88,670,406 \$90,327,540 | 20,160,840 | 1,598,380 94,834,659 \$96,433,039 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: State General Fund Other Funds State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance | 2,164,159 94,834,660 \$96,998,819 1,255,497 | 1,871,115 88,670,406 \$90,541,521 | 1,657,134 88,670,406 \$90,327,540 2,104,498 | 20,160,840 \$20,160,840 | 1,598,380 94,834,659 \$96,433,039 2,063,570 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: State General Fund Other Funds State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements | 2,164,159 94,834,660 \$96,998,819 1,255,497 18,997,004 | 1,871,115 88,670,406 \$90,541,521 1,673,835 18,527,726 | 1,657,134 88,670,406 \$90,327,540 2,104,498 19,173,540 | 20,160,840 \$20,160,840 | 1,598,380 94,834,659 \$96,433,039 2,063,570 19,173,540 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: State General Fund Other Funds State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance | 2,164,159 94,834,660 \$96,998,819 1,255,497 | 1,871,115 88,670,406 \$90,541,521 1,673,835 18,527,726 \$20,201,561 | 1,657,134 88,670,406 \$90,327,540 2,104,498 | 20,160,840 \$20,160,840 | 1,598,380 94,834,659 \$96,433,039 2,063,570 |
| Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: State General Fund Other Funds State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Other Funds Other Funds Total Expenditures | 2,164,159 94,834,660 \$96,998,819 1,255,497 18,997,004 \$20,252,501 \$117,251,320 | 1,871,115 88,670,406 \$90,541,521 1,673,835 18,527,726 \$20,201,561 \$110,743,082 | 1,657,134 88,670,406 \$90,327,540 2,104,498 19,173,540 \$21,278,038 \$111,605,578 | 20,160,840 \$20,160,840 \$ | 1,598,380 94,834,659 \$96,433,039 2,063,570 19,173,540 \$21,237,110 \$117,670,149 |
| Total Expenditures Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: State General Fund Other Funds State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: Other Funds Total Expenditures FTE Positions | 2,164,159 94,834,660 \$96,998,819 1,255,497 18,997,004 \$20,252,501 | 1,871,115 88,670,406 \$90,541,521 1,673,835 18,527,726 \$20,201,561 | 1,657,134 88,670,406 \$90,327,540 2,104,498 19,173,540 \$21,278,038 | 20,160,840 \$20,160,840 \$ \$20,160,840 | 1,598,380 94,834,659 \$96,433,039 2,063,570 19,173,540 \$21,237,110 |
| Expenditures by Fund State General Fund State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Subtotal: State General Fund Other Funds State Operations Aid to Local Governments Other Assistance Capital Improvements Other Funds Other Funds Total Expenditures | 2,164,159 94,834,660 \$96,998,819 1,255,497 18,997,004 \$20,252,501 \$117,251,320 | 1,871,115 88,670,406 \$90,541,521 1,673,835 18,527,726 \$20,201,561 \$110,743,082 | 1,657,134 88,670,406 \$90,327,540 2,104,498 19,173,540 \$21,278,038 \$111,605,578 | 20,160,840 \$20,160,840 \$ \$20,160,840 | 1,598,380 94,834,659 \$96,433,039 2,063,570 19,173,540 \$21,237,110 \$117,670,149 |

Administration_

Operations. The Administration Program provides management and direction for all activities of the State Treasurer's Office. The program establishes policy, assigns and directs the work of the agency, determines priorities, allocates available resources on the basis of those priorities, and requires internal reviews of operations and procedures. Management functions include personnel, payroll, and budgeting. The program also maintains the management information system and provides general office support.

The program also manages information resources and provides general office support, such as reception, purchasing, accounts receivable, and telephone and fax communications support. Information resource management encompasses computer hardware and software acquisition. installation. maintenance. application development, application design and implementation, communications, and training. The Agricultural Production Loan Deposit Program, which was established by the 2000 Legislature, was implemented as part of the Administration Program on July 1, 2000.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Administration Program is to provide statewide

leadership in the area of public finance. This goal is pursued through the following objectives:

Share financial expertise with the Legislature and other state agencies.

Serve as a liaison with the financial community and government leaders on the national, state, and local levels.

A second goal is to implement cost effective and efficient automation solutions and provide office support services. Achieving this goal is accomplished through the following objective:

Alleviate rising hardware and software maintenance costs by ensuring that the appropriate capability of computer systems is properly maintained.

Statutory History. The Office of State Treasurer was created in Article I of the *Kansas Constitution*. In 1972, the Treasurer was changed from a constitutional to a statutory office. It continues as an elective position. In 1979, KSA 25-101b was amended to change the Treasurer's term from two years to four.

Administration

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | C | |
| Salaries and Wages | 599,089 | 658,249 | 689,215 | | 678,188 |
| Contractual Services | 146,503 | 162,250 | 189,750 | | 166,750 |
| Commodities | 31,190 | 18,400 | 21,000 | | 21,000 |
| Capital Outlay | 143,527 | 17,500 | 24,000 | | 19,000 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$920,309 | \$856,399 | \$923,965 | \$ | \$884,938 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$920,309 | \$856,399 | \$923,965 | \$ | \$884,938 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 916,011 | 831,399 | 905,965 | | 866,938 |
| Aid to Local Governments | · | · | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$916,011 | \$831,399 | \$905,965 | \$ | \$866,938 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 4,298 | 25,000 | 18,000 | | 18,000 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$4,298 | \$25,000 | \$18,000 | \$ | \$18,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$920,309 | \$856,399 | \$923,965 | \$ | \$884,938 |
| FTE Positions | 14.5 | 14.5 | 14.5 | | 14.5 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 14.5 | 14.5 | 14.5 | | 14.5 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of in-house training sessions | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Number of staff trained | 8 | 10 | 20 |
| Number of manual processes automated | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Number of new applications designed and implemented | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Number of existing applications modified | 6 | 3 | 3 |

Municipal Bond Services

Operations. The Municipal Bond Services Program is responsible for the registration of all municipal bonds issued in the state. This program is also a registrar and paying agent for the majority of all municipal issues as well as state issues. As registrar and transfer agent for approximately 90.0 percent of the outstanding municipal bond issues in the state, the State Treasurer maintains records on approximately 30,000 bondholders to permit prompt and accurate processing of transactions, as well as timely payments of principal and interest to owners. This program services 176 bearer issues and nearly 2,000 registered issues. When the State Treasurer is named the fiscal agent, a fee is charged to the issuing municipality for the service provided. Under current law, amounts are received and deposited in the state treasury and credited to the State General Fund.

Goals and Objectives. The main goal of the program is to register municipal bonds in a timely and accurate manner and operate a cost effective bond servicing program providing transfer and paying agent services for registered bonds and paying agent services for bearer bonds. Objectives include the following:

Register all bond issues by the end of the next working day following receipt from the Attorney General of an approved transcript of proceedings.

Process all payments of interest on bearer and registered bonds promptly and accurately and deposit monies received into the state's bank account on the day it is received.

Process accurately all routine transfers of ownership of registered-form bonds within three working days of receipt.

Statutory History. This program is authorized by Chapter 10 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. In 1983, the Legislature enabled municipalities to issue registered bonds (KSA 10-103) and enacted the Kansas Bond Registration Law (KSA 10-601 et seq.).

Municipal Bond Services

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | _ | |
| Salaries and Wages | 290,307 | 297,922 | 315,750 | | 310,475 |
| Contractual Services | 106,709 | 108,350 | 111,750 | | 111,750 |
| Commodities | 9,349 | 9,500 | 9,500 | | 9,500 |
| Capital Outlay | 18,470 | 12,000 | 18,530 | | 18,530 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$424,835 | \$427,772 | \$455,530 | \$ | \$450,255 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$424,835 | \$427,772 | \$455,530 | \$ | \$450,255 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 406,296 | 88,860 | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$406,296 | \$88,860 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 18,539 | 338,912 | 455,530 | | 450,255 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$18,539 | \$338,912 | \$455,530 | \$ | \$450,255 |
| Total Expenditures | \$424,835 | \$427,772 | \$455,530 | \$ | \$450,255 |
| FTE Positions | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | | 10.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | | 10.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Average number of hours required to register a bond issue | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Number of bondholder accounts maintained | 30,520 | 31,000 | 31,200 |
| Average cost per bond holder account | \$13.92 | \$14.37 | \$14.39 |

Cash Management Services

Operations. The Cash Management Services Program receives money collected by all state agencies, verifies the amounts received, and deposits checks and cash daily to the state's bank accounts. This program also estimates and finalizes amounts available for investment.

This program consists of two subprograms: Aid to Local Governments and Item Processing. Through the Aid to Local Governments Subprogram, the Treasurer distributes monies to city and county governments according to statutory provisions. These include Local Ad Valorem Tax Reduction Aid, County and City Revenue Sharing Aid, Local Alcoholic Liquor Aid, Taylor Grazing Aid, Racing Admissions Tax Aid, and Rental Motor Vehicle Excise Tax Aid.

The Item Processing Subprogram receives, records, and deposits all state monies accurately and timely and records all disbursements made through the warrant writing process.

Goals and Objectives. A major goal is to ensure that money deposited in any bank is secured by proper collateralization or federal deposit insurance coverage.

Another goal is to maintain an accurate accounting of receipts and disbursements in the state treasury and to be responsible for the custody and security of all monies and securities in the state treasury. Objectives related to this goal are to:

Balance each day's warrants presented for payment on the day received and, on the next business day, return all items that for any reason cannot be paid as presented.

Deposit all items on the day of receipt.

Ensure that all financial institutions that receive state deposits meet statutory pledging requirements.

Another goal is to improve the state's cash management practices. Objectives related to this goal are to:

Maintain and communicate a reliable and timely cashflow forecasting process to use in the investment of idle pool funds.

Maintain an ongoing coordinated cash management program.

Statutory History. KSA 75-604 entrusts the State Treasurer with general custody of public monies paid into the treasury, while KSA 75-603 requires accurate accounting of receipts and disbursements. The State Monies Law (KSA 75-4201 et seq.) relates to the designation of banks and pledging of securities. In 1992, KSA 75-628 charged the State Treasurer with responsibility for the review and improvement of cash management practices in all state agencies. Authority to distribute aid to local governments is provided by various statutes: local ad valorem tax reduction aid, KSA 79-2959; county and city revenue sharing aid, KSA 79-2964 et seq.; and local alcoholic liquor fund aid, KSA 79-41a01 et seq.

Cash Management Services

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 322,209 | 326,832 | 344,979 | | 339,252 |
| Contractual Services | 364,986 | 379,100 | 385,000 | | 380,000 |
| Commodities | 13,661 | 5,500 | 6,000 | | 6,000 |
| Capital Outlay | 21,370 | 6,000 | 15,190 | | 6,190 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$722,226 | \$717,432 | \$751,169 | \$ | \$731,442 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 113,831,664 | 107,198,132 | 107,843,946 | 20,160,840 | 114,008,199 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$114,553,890 | \$107,915,564 | \$108,595,115 | \$20,160,840 | \$114,739,641 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 722,226 | 717,432 | 751,169 | | 731,442 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 94,834,660 | 88,670,406 | 88,670,406 | 20,160,840 | 94,834,659 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$95,556,886 | \$89,387,838 | \$89,421,575 | \$20,160,840 | \$95,566,101 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | 18,997,004 | 18,527,726 | 19,173,540 | | 19,173,540 |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$18,997,004 | \$18,527,726 | \$19,173,540 | \$ | \$19,173,540 |
| Total Expenditures | \$114,553,890 | \$107,915,564 | \$108,595,115 | \$20,160,840 | \$114,739,641 |
| FTE Positions | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | | 10.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | | 10.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of items received by 2:00 p.m. deposited the same day | 100.0 % | 100.0 % | 100.0 % |
| Administrative cost per item deposited | \$0.079 | \$0.088 | \$0.088 |
| Administrative cost per warrant issued | \$0.043 | \$0.045 | \$0.045 |
| Annual number of warrants presented | 3,957,739 | 3,850,000 | 3,850,000 |

Pooled Money Investment Board

Operations. The five-member Pooled Money Investment Board manages a large pool of money consisting of cash available from hundreds of state funds, commingled for purposes of cash management and investment. In addition, the program is responsible for providing depositories for state and special monies in demand deposit and interest-bearing accounts. The Investment Program consists of the Pooled Money Investment Portfolio, which includes investments with Kansas banks, the KDOT portfolio, the Health Care Stabilization Fund portfolio, and various other "special funds." The Board's responsibilities further include the active management administration of the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to maximize the interest earnings of the State General Fund, state agencies, and local governments participating in the Municipal Investment Pool through the use of investments that provide an optimal balance of safety, liquidity, and yield. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Ensure the safety of assets while maximizing the yield on investments.

Use progressive cashflow forecasting and effective management techniques.

Statutory History. In 1974, the Legislature created the Pooled Money Investment Board to replace the State Board of Treasury Examiners. The State Monies Law (KSA 75-4201 et seq.) establishes the Board and its responsibilities. In 1996, the statute was amended to change the membership of the Board. The 1997 Legislature reduced the number of members from six to five. Significant changes were made to the State Monies Law in 1992. Investment authority was broadened to include investments in United States government securities (U.S. treasuries and federal agencies). High-grade commercial paper was added during the 1996 Legislative Session. Late in FY 1996, the Board combined the investment portfolio of the Municipal Investment Pool with the Pooled Money Investment Portfolio to manage more effectively and match cashflows closely.

Pooled Money Investment Board

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 389,275 | 395,385 | 417,336 | | 412,863 |
| Contractual Services | 263,999 | 300,366 | 310,897 | | 310,897 |
| Commodities | 9,310 | 10,500 | 11,000 | | 11,000 |
| Capital Outlay | 3,581 | 7,500 | 6,500 | | 6,500 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$666,165 | \$713,751 | \$745,733 | \$ | \$741,260 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$666,165 | \$713,751 | \$745,733 | \$ | \$741,260 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 666,165 | 713,751 | 745,733 | | 741,260 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$666,165 | \$713,751 | \$745,733 | \$ | \$741,260 |
| Total Expenditures | \$666,165 | \$713,751 | \$745,733 | \$ | \$741,260 |
| FTE Positions | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | | 7.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | | 7.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
|---|---------|----------|----------|
| | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Interest earned on the idle portfolio: All Funds (in millions) State General Fund (in millions) | \$157.8 | \$167.0 | \$139.9 |
| | \$81.2 | \$71.2 | \$48.2 |
| Average rate of return on the idle portfolio | 5.7 % | 6.6 % | 6.2 % |
| Yield on idle portfolios in excess of average yield of comparable U.S. government Treasury mutual funds | 0.4 % | 0.4 % | 0.4 % |

Unclaimed Property_

Operations. The Unclaimed Property Division administers disposition of unclaimed property in accordance with the Uniform Unclaimed Property Act enacted by the 1979 Legislature. The act designates the State Treasurer as administrator of the act. It provides that the State Treasurer take possession of specified types of unclaimed intangible property and safe deposit box contents, become the custodian in perpetuity, and attempt to return the property and safe deposit box contents.

Each year financial institutions and other businesses report the names of people with accounts, stocks, dividends, and other assets that have been abandoned for five years. They also report wages that remain unclaimed after one year. Attempts are made to locate owners through the use of various forms of media, including free television and radio appearances, the Internet through the agency's website, public relations efforts, and a booth at the State Fair. The Division's traveling system appears at other events around the state regularly.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of this program is to increase the accuracy of reporting and remitting unclaimed property to the State Treasurer, as well as increasing the number of holders reporting unclaimed property, thereby increasing monies to the State General Fund. The related objectives are to:

Attain a net increase in the number of holders reporting unclaimed property through institution of a voluntary compliance program involving Kansas holders who may not be in compliance with the act's reporting and remittance requirements.

Increase the number of reciprocal exchanges of unclaimed property with other states.

Enhance electronic transmission capabilities for reporting and remitting unclaimed property and encourage all large holders of unclaimed property to remit funds through the electronic funds transfer system.

Another goal is to expedite and increase the return of various forms of unclaimed assets to the rightful owners. Objectives include the following:

Maintain a statewide traveling system in an attempt to locate owners.

Decide all claims for abandoned property delivered to the State Treasurer within 30 days after filing the claim.

Explore new strategies for identifying potential owners of unclaimed property.

Use of free television, free print media, and the Internet to reach potential owners of unclaimed property.

Statutory History. The Uniform Unclaimed Property Act (KSA 58-3934 et seq.) was originally passed in 1979 and has been amended several times. The 1994 Legislature made comprehensive changes that brought the act into compliance with the recently-adopted model uniform code for unclaimed property. The amendments also enhanced authority to locate property and granted more flexibility in finding property owners.

Unclaimed Property

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | J | |
| Salaries and Wages | 363,057 | 396,342 | 418,175 | | 411,301 |
| Contractual Services | 150,939 | 174,630 | 193,650 | | 178,150 |
| Commodities | 23,778 | 20,700 | 20,700 | | 20,700 |
| Capital Outlay | 28,721 | 4,500 | 15,210 | | 8,210 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$566,495 | \$596,172 | \$647,735 | \$ | \$618,361 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$566,495 | \$596,172 | \$647,735 | \$ | \$618,361 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 566,495 | 596,172 | 647,735 | | 618,361 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$566,495 | \$596,172 | \$647,735 | \$ | \$618,361 |
| Total Expenditures | \$566,495 | \$596,172 | \$647,735 | \$ | \$618,361 |
| FTE Positions | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | | 12.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | | 12.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of holder reports processed | 15,256 | 15,500 | 16,000 |
| Value of unclaimed property receipts to State General Fund (in millions) | \$18.9 | \$13.0 | \$13.0 |
| Number of claims sent to potential claimants | 80,496 | 80,000 | 80,000 |
| Number of claims approved | 11,985 | 9,600 | 9,600 |
| Amount of claims returned to rightful owners (in millions) | \$6.1 | \$6.5 | \$6.5 |

Postsecondary Education Savings.

Operations: The Kansas Postsecondary Education Savings Program was created by the 1999 Kansas Legislature. The purpose of the program is to provide for the establishment of family higher education savings accounts. The accounts may be used to pay qualified educational expenses at accredited higher education institutions in Kansas and other states. The program allows tax advantages under both state and federal laws.

The State Treasurer selected American Century Investments as the program manager through a negotiated bid process. American Century is responsible for marketing the program, opening and administering customer accounts. managing investments, and reporting to customers and the Treasurer. It is the responsibility of the Treasurer to ensure that the program complies with the federal Internal Revenue Service Code, Section 529, that allows state agencies to implement these programs. A Director in the Treasurer's office works closely with the program manager and promotes the program throughout the state.

July 1, 2000, was the official launch of the program, and deposits were accepted on that date. Any person (the account owner) can open an account for any other person (the beneficiary) and is not restricted to family members. When the account owner opens the account, a beneficiary is named, an investment track is chosen (conservative, moderate, or aggressive), and the year of graduation is selected. The program manager will invest the funds based on these decisions. After the account is opened, the owners do not have control over the investment strategy but do have control over the account in the following ways: (1) they can close the account after a two-year waiting period; however, the withdrawal would be subject to a 10.0 percent penalty on any earnings and could be subject to taxation; (2) they can transfer the account to another beneficiary who is related to the original beneficiary; or (3) they

can direct the program manager to pay educational expenses for the beneficiary.

If the beneficiary dies, becomes disabled or receives a scholarship, the account owner can withdraw all or part of the funds with no penalty, or funds can be transferred to a family member of the original beneficiary.

There are federal and state tax benefits to persons who open these accounts. Both federal and state taxes on the earnings derived from the investments are deferred until the money is withdrawn. At that time, the tax due is calculated at the beneficiary's rate, which should be lower than that of the account owner. An additional benefit to Kansas residents is the ability to deduct from taxable income deposits of up to \$2,000 annually for each beneficiary. A married couple filing jointly can deduct up to \$4,000 annually for each beneficiary.

Goals and Objectives. The main goal of the program is to provide oversight and monitor the success of the program through a number of service, performance, marketing, and satisfaction benchmarks.

A second program goal is to provide an annual report to the Legislature.

A third program goal is to a develop, implement, and maintain a payroll deduction program for state employees.

The final program goal is to promote the program through speaking engagements and presentations throughout Kansas.

Statutory History. The program was authorized by KSA 75-640 et seq. enacted by the 1999 Kansas Legislature. HB 2655 passed by the 2000 Legislature further clarified the original act.

Postsecondary Education Savings

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 81,464 | 108,988 | 114,435 | | 112,629 |
| Contractual Services | 17,503 | 110,436 | 116,065 | | 116,065 |
| Commodities | 3,259 | 4,000 | 5,500 | | 5,500 |
| Capital Outlay | 17,400 | 10,000 | 1,500 | | 1,500 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$119,626 | \$233,424 | \$237,500 | \$ | \$235,694 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$119,626 | \$233,424 | \$237,500 | \$ | \$235,694 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 119,626 | 233,424 | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$119,626 | \$233,424 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | 237,500 | | 235,694 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$ | \$ | \$237,500 | \$ | \$235,694 |
| Total Expenditures | \$119,626 | \$233,424 | \$237,500 | \$ | \$235,694 |
| FTE Positions | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | | 2.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | | 2.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of Kansas households with children who open an account | NA | 3.0 % | 7.0 % |
| Total number of accounts opened | NA | 18,360 | 23,740 |
| Total number of requests for enrollment kits | 9.000 | 30,000 | 50.000 |

University of Kansas

Mission. The University of Kansas will continue to be a major comprehensive research and teaching university that serves as a center for learning, scholarship, and creative endeavor. The University will also continue to provide programs that represent excellence in graduate and professional education and the highest achievements in research internationally.

Operations. The University of Kansas is a major educational and research institution with more than 27,000 students and 1,900 faculty members. Academic programs, arts facilities, and public programs provide cultural enrichment opportunities for the larger community. Educational, research, and service programs are offered throughout the state, including the main campus in Lawrence, the KU health-related degree programs and services in Kansas City and Wichita, as well as the Regents Center and other sites in the Kansas City metropolitan area, Topeka, and Parsons.

Research is an integral part of the University's educational process. KU has more than 40 special research facilities, in addition to individual academic departments and schools. The National Science Foundation classifies KU as a major university receiving substantial research support. The University's private support comes primarily through the KU Endowment Association. Among public university endowment associations, KUEA ranks 13th in size of endowment and life-income assets.

The University belongs to the American Association of Universities, a select group of 58 higher education institutions in the United States and Canada. Members are chosen on a basis of national significance in graduate studies and research. The University's library system, contains more than 3.4 million volumes, 32,000 current subscriptions, more than 1.0 million government publications, more than 250,000

maps, and extensive manuscript and photographic holdings.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established by the University:

Protect and enhance the overall quality of the institution at every level.

Strengthen further the instructional mission.

Strengthen further the research mission.

Strengthen further the services that the University provides to its external constituencies in Kansas and elsewhere.

Strengthen further faculty resources.

The University of Kansas also strives, as do other Regents institutions, to increase the involvement of full-time faculty in undergraduate instruction, improve the retention rate of undergraduate students, increase the undergraduate student graduation rate, increase external grant funding for research, minimize administrative expenses, maximize the use of instructional space, and improve educational services to the Kansas City area through the Regents Center.

Statutory History. The establishment of the University of Kansas was authorized by Article 6 of the *Kansas Constitution*, which states that "...provision shall be made by law for the establishment...of a state university, for the promotion of literature and the arts and sciences..." Acting under this authority, the Legislature of 1864 established and organized the University of Kansas. Under current law, the institution operates as one of the universities under the control of the Kansas Board of Regents (KSA 76-711, et seq).

_University of Kansas

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| Institutional Support | 23,957,523 | 32,774,479 | 30,763,494 | 3,550,922 | 31,174,895 |
| Educational Program | 199,360,176 | 196,969,137 | 196,544,791 | 16,379,556 | 200,723,828 |
| Research | 42,868,847 | 30,936,270 | 31,227,636 | 1,950,250 | 31,516,552 |
| Public Service | 4,818,813 | 3,664,497 | 3,722,098 | 203,851 | 3,756,964 |
| Student Aids & Awards | 85,361,629 | 85,694,803 | 86,573,615 | 43,487 | 86,573,615 |
| Auxiliary Enterprises | 27,642,204 | 29,271,706 | 29,787,961 | 789,626 | 29,787,961 |
| Physical Plant | 28,884,416 | 27,693,311 | 28,184,865 | 890,245 | 28,496,236 |
| Debt Service & Capital Improve. | 10,309,623 | 18,038,472 | 4,115,682 | 2,482,000 | 4,115,682 |
| Total Expenditures | \$423,203,231 | \$425,042,675 | \$410,920,142 | \$26,289,937 | \$416,145,733 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 240,817,634 | 242,375,857 | 245,524,235 | 17,226,319 | 250,699,826 |
| Contractual Services | 51,907,982 | 51,141,224 | 48,848,963 | 1,498,120 | 48,848,963 |
| Commodities | 18,978,192 | 17,683,511 | 17,188,950 | 561,133 | 17,238,950 |
| Capital Outlay | 14,055,919 | 12,766,611 | 11,352,312 | 4,522,365 | 11,352,312 |
| Debt Service | 1,724,287 | 1,714,396 | 1,620,682 | | 1,620,682 |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$327,484,014 | \$325,681,599 | \$324,535,142 | \$23,807,937 | \$329,760,733 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 87,133,881 | 83,037,000 | 83,890,000 | | 83,890,000 |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$414,617,895 | \$408,718,599 | \$408,425,142 | \$23,807,937 | \$413,650,733 |
| Capital Improvements | 8,585,336 | 16,324,076 | 2,495,000 | 2,482,000 | 2,495,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$423,203,231 | \$425,042,675 | \$410,920,142 | \$26,289,937 | \$416,145,733 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 127,216,641 | 134,292,779 | 131,658,550 | 18,683,105 | 135,567,903 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 367,285 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 1,041,167 | | | 2,482,000 | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$128,625,093 | \$134,292,779 | \$131,658,550 | \$21,165,105 | \$135,567,903 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 200,267,373 | 191,388,820 | 192,876,592 | 5,124,832 | 194,192,830 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 86,766,596 | 83,037,000 | 83,890,000 | | 83,890,000 |
| Capital Improvements | 7,544,169 | 16,324,076 | 2,495,000 | | 2,495,000 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$294,578,138 | \$290,749,896 | \$279,261,592 | \$5,124,832 | \$280,577,830 |
| Total Expenditures | \$423,203,231 | \$425,042,675 | \$410,920,142 | \$26,289,937 | \$416,145,733 |
| FTE Positions | 4,461.7 | 4,485.1 | 4,485.1 | 6.3 | 4,485.1 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 4,461.7 | 4,485.1 | 4,485.1 | 6.3 | 4,485.1 |
| | , | , | , | | , |
| | | | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2003 |
| Performance Measures | | | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Five-year graduation rate | | | 49.0 % | 51.0 % | 55.0 % |
| Percent of credit hours taught by ranked | l faculty | | 59.0 % | 62.0 % | 63.0 % |
| Percent of expenditures for institutional | support | | 6.3 % | 6.3 % | 6.2 % |
| = | = = | | | | |

University of Kansas Medical Center_____

Mission. The University of Kansas Medical Center's mission is to serve the health care needs of the citizens of Kansas, the region, and the nation. This mission is met by providing educational opportunities for careers in the health professions; comprehensive services to maintain health and wellness; ongoing support of the state and the nation's health services systems; and continued development of medical knowledge through education and research.

Operations. The University of Kansas Medical Center was established in 1905 when several proprietary medical schools merged to form a four-year school directed by the University of Kansas. The Medical Center presently maintains campuses in Kansas City and Wichita.

In Kansas City, the Medical Center currently maintains the School of Medicine, which offers basic science and clinical education, the School of Nursing, the School of Allied Health, and the Office of Graduate Studies. The Wichita campus includes a unit of the School of Medicine, which provides clinical training for third- and fourth-year medical students.

The four-year curriculum of the School of Medicine includes two years of preclinical basic science courses and two years of clinical experience/patient care under the direction of a physician. The School also provides graduate medical education which extends from three to six years, depending on the specialty. The School of Nursing offers degree programs at the baccalaureate, masters, and doctoral levels. It also participates in the Kansas Primary Nurse Practitioner Program with Wichita, Pittsburg, and Fort Hays State Universities. The institutions share core classes over a computer network and two-way audio-visual equipment, while the clinical experience is completed in the community. The School of Allied Health educates medical support personnel. Certificate and degree programs are offered in such areas as nutrition, medical technology, and physical and occupational The University of Kansas School of therapy. Medicine in Wichita was developed as a communitybased program for medical students and residents. It draws on the resources of area hospitals.

The health care market continues to change with the development of major health care alliances and a movement toward managed care. An increasing emphasis on delivery of health care services on an outpatient or short-term inpatient basis, rather than the traditional extended inpatient service, has had a profound effect on the operations of the Medical In recent years, the Medical Center has Center. formed affiliations and networks with hospitals in Kansas City and across the state and formed University Affiliated Health Care, Inc. to serve as one point of contact for negotiation of managed care Although these administrative changes contracts. improved the Hospital's financial standing, further changes were sought. In response, the 1998 Legislature established the KU Hospital Authority. Governance of the Hospital comes through this Authority's 14-member Board of Directors rather than the Board of Regents.

Another large component of the Medical Center's mission and operations is research. The University has received national recognition for many of its research programs and external funding support continues to grow. The newly-renovated Biomedical Research Center accommodates laboratories and offices of faculty and researchers to conduct medical research in a variety of areas.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established by the Medical Center:

Provide quality education in the health care professions.

Provide clinical training experiences and research opportunities for multiple health care professions.

Conduct research to advance knowledge and to promote excellence in patient care.

Statutory History. The University of Kansas Medical Center was established in 1905 by the Kansas Legislature (KSA 76-711 et seq.). The 1998 Legislature established the KU Hospital Authority (KSA 2000 Supp. 76-3301, et seq.).

_University of Kansas Medical Center

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|----------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| General Administration | 20,707,438 | 24,014,195 | 24,133,467 | 1,243,631 | 25,242,631 |
| EducationKansas City Campus | 86,356,356 | 85,493,127 | 85,590,523 | 6,659,347 | 87,158,247 |
| Research | 38,108,039 | 29,452,972 | 28,616,983 | 3,256,967 | 28,833,695 |
| EducationWichita Campus | 17,829,452 | 20,072,000 | 20,261,642 | 1,360,072 | 20,605,148 |
| Financial Aid | 3,343,915 | 3,269,139 | 3,521,001 | 1,388 | 3,521,001 |
| Auxiliary Enterprises | 897,175 | 971,422 | 987,038 | 15,430 | 987,038 |
| Physical Plant | 17,340,941 | 16,600,256 | 16,855,133 | 257,935 | 16,991,144 |
| Debt Serv. & Capital Improve. | 5,216,906 | 6,662,316 | 2,729,755 | 700,000 | 2,729,755 |
| Total Expenditures | \$189,800,222 | \$186,535,427 | \$182,695,542 | \$13,494,770 | \$186,068,659 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 133,803,658 | 140,759,325 | 142,436,966 | 10,164,515 | 145,586,638 |
| Contractual Services | 30,862,291 | 24,137,342 | 23,470,220 | 1,729,891 | 23,621,354 |
| Commodities | 8,365,884 | 3,991,295 | 3,945,540 | 262,369 | 3,945,540 |
| Capital Outlay | 5,085,418 | 4,516,386 | 3,392,436 | 636,607 | 3,392,436 |
| Debt Service | 159,610 | 123,846 | 119,255 | · | 119,255 |
| Non-expense Items | , | , | , | | , |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$178,276,861 | \$173,528,194 | \$173,364,417 | \$12,793,382 | \$176,665,223 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | · / / | | | |
| Other Assistance | 6,466,065 | 6,468,763 | 6,720,625 | 1,388 | 6,792,936 |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$184,742,926 | \$179,996,957 | \$180,085,042 | \$12,794,770 | \$183,458,159 |
| Capital Improvements | 5,057,296 | 6,538,470 | 2,610,500 | 700,000 | 2,610,500 |
| Total Expenditures | \$189,800,222 | \$186,535,427 | \$182,695,542 | \$13,494,770 | \$186,068,659 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 92,700,861 | 95,016,546 | 95,634,695 | 8,997,771 | 97,897,041 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 4,377,915 | 4,560,081 | 5,101,625 | 1,388 | 5,173,936 |
| Capital Improvements | | , , , | | 700,000 | , , , |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$97,078,776 | \$99,576,627 | \$100,736,320 | \$9,699,159 | \$103,070,977 |
| Other Funds | , , | , , | . , , | | |
| State Operations | 85,576,000 | 78,511,648 | 77,729,722 | 3,795,611 | 78,768,182 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 65,570,000 | 70,311,040 | 11,129,122 | 3,793,011 | 76,706,162 |
| Other Assistance | 2,088,150 | 1,908,682 | 1,619,000 | | 1,619,000 |
| Capital Improvements | 5,057,296 | 6,538,470 | 2,610,500 | | 2,610,500 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$ 92,721,446 | \$86,958,800 | | \$3,795,611 | \$82,997,682 |
| Total Expenditures | \$189,800,222 | \$186,535,427 | | | \$186,068,659 |
| | | | | . , , | |
| FTE Positions | 2,494.7 | 2,448.7 | 2,448.7 | 5.5 | 2,448.7 |
| Other Unclassified Positions Total Positions | 2 404 7 | 2 449 5 | 2 449 5 | 5.5 | 2 449 5 |
| Total Positions | 2,494.7 | 2,448.7 | 2,448.7 | 5.5 | 2,448.7 |
| | | | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
| Performance Measures | | | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Telemedicine consultations | | | 619 | 800 | 900 |
| Percent of students passing professional | l exam on first try | | | | |
| School of Medicine—Fourth Year | . Chain on mist dy. | | 99.4 % | 97.0 % | 97.0 % |
| School of Nursing | | | 87.0 % | 88.0 % | 88.0 % |
| | | | 00 /0 | 33.0 /0 | 30.0 /0 |

Commission on Veterans' Affairs

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs is to provide Kansas veterans, their relatives, and dependents with information, advice, direction, and assistance through the coordination of programs and services in the fields of education, health, vocational guidance and placement, and economic security. The mission also includes the management and control of the Veterans' Services Program, Kansas Soldiers' Home, Kansas Veterans' Home, Persian Gulf War Health Initiative Program, and State Veterans' Cemeteries Program.

Operations. The Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs was established by the 1986 Legislature. The Commission is composed of five members who have served in the armed forces. The Governor appoints one commissioner from each of the four federal legislative districts and one "at large." Members are appointed to four-year terms. The Commission designates an Executive Director to administer the activities of the agency. The Commission serves veterans in all Kansas counties from 14 field offices and six Service Organization offices, as well as a Central Office located in Topeka.

The Commission provides information and assistance to veterans and their eligible dependents. The Commission establishes and supervises the policies of the Kansas Soldiers' Home, Kansas Veterans' Home, Persian Gulf War Health Initiative Program, and the State Veterans' Cemeteries Program. The Commission is designated to be the State Approving Agency for the purpose of approving programs in accordance with the provisions of Title 38 of the *U. S. Code* and Chapter 1606 of Title 10, *U. S. Code*.

Goals and Objectives. The Commission has developed the following goals:

Enhance the quality of all services offered to veterans and their eligible dependents.

Improve the quality of life of all veterans and their dependents who are under the state's care.

Strengthen all partnerships with Veterans' Service Organizations, the Department of Veterans' Affairs, and other state and local organizations that serve to improve the condition of veterans.

Execute all tasks in a timely manner.

Serve people with dignity and respect.

Statutory History. The Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs is a consolidation of several programs dating back to 1937. The Commission assumed its present form in 1953, when the Legislature combined the Veterans' Services Program and the Kansas Soldiers' home under the Kansas Veterans' Commission (KSA 73-1207). Commission was transferred to the Veterans' Department of Human Resources by Executive Reorganization Order No. 14 of 1976. The 1986 Legislature (KSA 73-1219) established the Commission as an independent agency with supervisory control of the Kansas Soldiers' Home. The 1989 Legislature combined the Kansas Soldiers' Home with the Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs.

In 1997 the Legislature established the Persian Gulf War Health Initiative Program (KSA 73-1222 et seq.). A nine-member advisory board to the Commission was established to assist staff in developing the goals necessary for execution of the directed and implied missions of the legislation. The 1997 Legislature also passed HB 2497 (KSA 76-1951 et seq.), which created the Kansas Veterans' Home on the grounds of the former Winfield State Hospital located in Winfield, Kansas. During the 1999 Legislative Session, SB 19 was passed authorizing the Commission to establish and maintain a state system of veterans' cemeteries.

Commission on Veterans' Affairs

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| Veterans' Services | 2,063,497 | 5,654,645 | 9,976,982 | 903,259 | 9,982,607 |
| Kansas Soldiers' Home | 5,216,302 | 5,299,515 | 4,919,695 | 888,494 | 5,142,487 |
| Kansas Veterans' Home | 2,736,916 | 3,888,620 | 11,177,992 | 15,794 | 6,696,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$10,016,715 | \$14,842,780 | \$26,074,669 | \$1,807,547 | \$21,821,094 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 5,773,586 | 8,856,940 | 14,287,625 | 1,042,104 | 11,436,332 |
| Contractual Services | 909,189 | 1,184,988 | 2,110,367 | 91,856 | 1,251,667 |
| Commodities | 925,722 | 888,019 | 1,316,008 | , | 959,508 |
| Capital Outlay | 414,297 | 100,000 | 283,832 | | 150,000 |
| Debt Service | | | | | · |
| Non-expense Items | 1,200 | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$8,022,794 | \$11,029,947 | \$17,997,832 | \$1,133,960 | \$13,797,507 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 20,020 | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$8,042,814 | \$11,029,947 | \$17,997,832 | \$1,133,960 | \$13,797,507 |
| Capital Improvements | 1,973,901 | 3,812,833 | 8,076,837 | 673,587 | 8,023,587 |
| Total Expenditures | \$10,016,715 | \$14,842,780 | \$26,074,669 | \$1,807,547 | \$21,821,094 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 3,837,164 | 5,199,921 | 8,372,181 | 1,133,960 | 4,620,810 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 20,000 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 15,000 | | | 18,587 | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$3,872,164 | \$5,199,921 | \$8,372,181 | \$1,152,547 | \$4,620,810 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 4,185,630 | 5,830,026 | 9,625,651 | | 9,176,697 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 20 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 1,958,901 | 3,812,833 | 8,076,837 | 655,000 | 8,023,587 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$6,144,551 | \$9,642,859 | \$17,702,488 | \$655,000 | \$17,200,284 |
| Total Expenditures | \$10,016,715 | \$14,842,780 | \$26,074,669 | \$1,807,547 | \$21,821,094 |
| FTE Positions | 336.8 | 460.8 | 546.8 | 18.0 | 552.8 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 4.0 | 4.8 | 4.4 | | 4.4 |
| Total Positions | 340.8 | 465.6 | 551.2 | 18.0 | 557.2 |

Veterans' Services

Operations. The Veterans' Services Program provides information, advice, direction, and assistance to Kansas veterans and their eligible dependents through 21 offices located throughout the state. In addition to the Agency Central Office in Topeka, services are provided and coordinated through 14 field offices and six state Service Organization offices within Kansas.

The six Service Organization offices are operated through a joint employment relationship with both the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and each office is staffed with a state Veterans' Services representative. In addition to providing the same services as the field offices, the Service Organization offices assist veterans by acting as their advocates to appeal veterans benefit claims denied by the Veterans' Administration. To participate in the appeals process above the regional level, advocates must be accredited with a National Veterans' Service Organization. Two Service Organization offices are located at each VA Medical Center in Kansas: Leavenworth, Topeka, and Wichita.

The Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs is also the "State Approving Agency" for the federal Department of Veterans' Affairs. This program determines whether an educational institution or training establishment is qualified to provide education or training in accordance with federal law. Currently, more than 120 schools and training establishments are evaluated each year for approval.

The 1997 Legislature authorized the Persian Gulf War Veterans' Health Initiative Program and created a project advisory board. The program is charged with investigating the unexplained health problems reported by Kansas' veterans who served in the Gulf War and providing information to veterans and family members concerning health issues and available programs and benefits.

The 1999 Legislature authorized the Commission to establish and maintain a state system of veterans' cemeteries. A veterans' cemetery has been in

operation at the Kansas Soldiers' Home since 1890 and is currently being expanded. Other proposed sites for establishment of state veterans' cemeteries include the Kansas Veterans' Home at Winfield, Ft. Riley (assuming the army will transfer land to the state at no cost), and WaKeeney.

Goals and Objectives. The Commission has established the following goals for the Veterans' Services Program:

Improve assistance to veterans in submission of benefit claims to the Veterans' Administration.

Ensure the highest quality approval of education and training establishments in Kansas.

Evaluate all applications by educational institutions or training establishments for new or revised programs.

Provide Kansas Persian Gulf War veterans with the most complete information possible relating to their health and well being and ensure that any needed assistance is available through either state or federal programs.

Improve the joint employment relationship with the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars to ensure effective and efficient administration.

Statutory History. The Veterans' Services Agency was created in 1937 as a Division of the Department of Social Welfare to assist veterans and survivors in obtaining federal benefits. The 1953 Legislature combined the Veterans' Services Agency and the Kansas Soldiers' Home under the Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs (KSA 73-1207).

KSA 73-1222 et seq. established the Persian Gulf War Veterans' Health Initiative Program. A nine-member advisory board to the Commission was established to assist staff in developing the goals necessary for the execution of the agency's mission. SB 19 of the 1999 Legislature authorized the Commission to establish a system of state veterans' cemeteries.

_Veterans' Services

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | · · | |
| Salaries and Wages | 1,638,304 | 1,864,586 | 1,884,128 | 156,403 | 1,921,753 |
| Contractual Services | 214,299 | 291,615 | 291,532 | 91,856 | 263,532 |
| Commodities | 42,534 | 48,444 | 56,322 | , | 52,322 |
| Capital Outlay | 30,573 | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$1,925,710 | \$2,204,645 | \$2,231,982 | \$248,259 | \$2,237,607 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 20,020 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 117,767 | 3,450,000 | 7,745,000 | 655,000 | 7,745,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$2,063,497 | \$5,654,645 | \$9,976,982 | \$903,259 | \$9,982,607 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 1,715,027 | 1,811,706 | 1,860,326 | 248,259 | 1,824,465 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 20,000 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 15,000 | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$1,750,027 | \$1,811,706 | \$1,860,326 | \$248,259 | \$1,824,465 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 210,683 | 392,939 | 371,656 | | 413,142 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 20 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 102,767 | 3,450,000 | 7,745,000 | 655,000 | 7,745,000 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$313,470 | \$3,842,939 | \$8,116,656 | \$655,000 | \$8,158,142 |
| Total Expenditures | \$2,063,497 | \$5,654,645 | \$9,976,982 | \$903,259 | \$9,982,607 |
| FTE Positions | 50.0 | 53.0 | 53.0 | 4.0 | 53.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 4.0 | 4.8 | 4.4 | | 4.4 |
| Total Positions | 54.0 | 57.8 | 57.4 | 4.0 | 57.4 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of claims submitted | 4,208 | 4,800 | 4,800 |
| Percent of claims allowed by Veterans' Affairs | 72.1 % | 75.0 % | 79.2 % |

Kansas Soldiers' Home_

Operations. The Kansas Soldiers' Home provides a residence for honorably discharged veterans and their eligible dependents who, because of age, infirmity, and/or disability, are incapable of self-support. The Home is a self-contained community with its own water and sewage systems, chapel, fire department, general store, recreational facilities, auditorium, and cemetery.

Three levels of care are provided. The least restrictive residential level of care is independent living in cottages that are available to any eligible veteran and the veteran's spouse. Residents desiring independent living but requiring minimal care reside in one of three domiciliary units. The nursing care center accommodates residents who are not acutely ill and not in need of hospital care, but who require skilled nursing care and related medical services. In addition to residential facilities and staff nursing personnel, other medical and health services are available to all residents who reside at the facility. These services physician; podiatry; dental; speech, occupational, and physical therapy; and pharmacist services.

In FY 2000, the Commission opened a Community-Based Outpatient Clinic as a contract health care provider for the U. S. Department of Veterans' Affairs. The Clinic, located at the Kansas Soldiers' Home, provides health care to 1,080 veterans. Previously,

these veterans traveled to the VA Medical Center in Wichita for health care.

Goals and Objectives. The major goal of the Kansas Soldiers' Home is the operation of a licensed, quality facility offering long-term (nursing) care, domiciliary care, and unassisted living care. The Home offers top quality care and is staffed by professionally and technically proficient personnel.

Statutory History. The Kansas Soldiers' Home at Fort Dodge was established in 1889. KSA 76-1901 et seq. set forth the criteria for establishment and facility operations. The 1953 Legislature combined the Veterans Services Program and the Kansas Soldiers' Home under the Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs (KSA 73-1207). The Commission was transferred to the Department of Human Resources by Executive Reorganization Order No. 14 in 1976.

The 1986 Legislature (KSA 73-1219) established the Commission as an independent agency with supervisory control of the Kansas Soldiers' Home. The 1989 Legislature combined the Kansas Soldiers' Home with the Commission on Veterans' Affairs. The Commission on Veterans' Affairs, through the Executive Director, continues to be the appointing authority of all positions at the Kansas Soldiers' Home and executes all policies, instructions, and directives established by the Commission.

.Kansas Soldiers' Home

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | _ | |
| Salaries and Wages | 3,474,033 | 3,779,134 | 3,495,187 | 869,907 | 3,810,979 |
| Contractual Services | 545,798 | 547,873 | 556,635 | | 518,635 |
| Commodities | 771,170 | 689,675 | 749,286 | | 694,286 |
| Capital Outlay | 122,222 | | 18,587 | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | 1,200 | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$4,913,223 | \$5,016,682 | \$4,819,695 | \$869,907 | \$5,023,900 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 303,079 | 282,833 | 100,000 | 18,587 | 118,587 |
| Total Expenditures | \$5,216,302 | \$5,299,515 | \$4,919,695 | \$888,494 | \$5,142,487 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 938,276 | 1,372,603 | 1,027,571 | 869,907 | 1,209,779 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | 18,587 | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$938,276 | \$1,372,603 | \$1,027,571 | \$888,494 | \$1,209,779 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 3,974,947 | 3,644,079 | 3,792,124 | | 3,814,121 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 303,079 | 282,833 | 100,000 | | 118,587 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$4,278,026 | \$3,926,912 | \$3,892,124 | \$ | \$3,932,708 |
| Total Expenditures | \$5,216,302 | \$5,299,515 | \$4,919,695 | \$888,494 | \$5,142,487 |
| FTE Positions | 137.8 | 143.8 | 137.8 | 14.0 | 143.8 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 137.8 | 143.8 | 137.8 | 14.0 | 143.8 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
|--|---------|----------|----------|
| | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Average daily census at the Soldiers' Home | 249 | 247 | 252 |
| Total beds Assisted living | 297 | 297 | 297 |
| | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| Nursing home | 84 | 84 | 84 |
| Cottages (60) | 120 | 120 | 120 |

Kansas Veterans' Home_

Operations. The Kansas Veterans' Home provides long-term skilled nursing care and domiciliary care to Kansas veterans and their dependents through an integrated and core value driven health care system. The Kansas Veterans' Home was established in 1997 at the site of the former Winfield State Hospital and Training Center. After renovation of the campus is completed, the Kansas Veterans' Home will offer three levels of care to 347 veterans. Long-term nursing care, Alzheimer (dementia), and domiciliary care will be provided in the four main buildings.

Approximately 65.0 percent of the capacity will be for long-term care and 35.0 percent for domiciliary care.

Goals and Objectives. The major goal of the Kansas Veterans' Home is the establishment of a licensed, quality nursing care and domiciliary care facility. This facility is staffed by technically proficient personnel and offers top quality care.

Statutory History. The Kansas Veterans' Home at Winfield was established by KSA 76-1951 et seq.

Kansas Veterans' Home

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | · · | |
| Salaries and Wages | 661,249 | 3,213,220 | 8,908,310 | 15,794 | 5,703,600 |
| Contractual Services | 149,092 | 345,500 | 1,262,200 | | 469,500 |
| Commodities | 112,018 | 149,900 | 510,400 | | 212,900 |
| Capital Outlay | 261,502 | 100,000 | 265,245 | | 150,000 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$1,183,861 | \$3,808,620 | \$10,946,155 | \$15,794 | \$6,536,000 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 1,553,055 | 80,000 | 231,837 | | 160,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$2,736,916 | \$3,888,620 | \$11,177,992 | \$15,794 | \$6,696,000 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 1,183,861 | 2,015,612 | 5,484,284 | 15,794 | 1,586,566 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$1,183,861 | \$2,015,612 | \$5,484,284 | \$15,794 | \$1,586,566 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | | 1,793,008 | 5,461,871 | | 4,949,434 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 1,553,055 | 80.000 | 231.837 | | 160,000 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$1,553,055 | \$1,873,008 | \$5,693,708 | \$ | \$5,109,434 |
| Total Expenditures | \$2,736,916 | \$3,888,620 | \$11,177,992 | \$15,794 | \$6,696,000 |
| FTE Positions | 149.0 | 264.0 | 356.0 | • | 356.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 147.0 | ∠U 4 .U | 330.0 | | 330.0 |
| Total Positions | 149.0 | 264.0 | 356.0 | | 356.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Average daily census at the Veterans' Home | NA | 87 | 323 |
| Total beds | NA | 347 | 347 |
| Assisted living | NA | 120 | 120 |
| Nursing home | NA | 227 | 227 |

Kansas Water Office_

Mission. The Kansas Water Office works to achieve proactive solutions for water resource issues of the state and to ensure good quality water to meet the needs of the people and the environment of Kansas. The Office evaluates and develops public policies, coordinating the water resource operations of agencies at all levels of government.

Operations. The Kansas Water Office is the water planning and marketing agency for the state. The Water Office is administered by a director, who is appointed by the Governor for a four-year term. The Governor also makes appointments to a 23-member Kansas Water Authority, which advises the director of the Water Office in water-related topics.

The Kansas Water Office develops and implements the Kansas Water Plan. The plan outlines the policies for management, conservation, and development of water resources of the state. A State Water Plan was adopted during the 1963 Legislative Session. Since its adoption, the Water Office and the Water Authority have emphasized implementation, evaluation, and revision of the Water Plan. The State Water Plan Fund receives demand transfers from the State General Fund and the Economic Development Initiatives Fund. Other receipts to the fund come from assessments in water consumption and fertilizer purchases.

The Water Office also administers the State Water Plan Storage Act. Through this act, the agency has acquired storage in federal reservoirs for the purpose of reselling it to municipal and industrial water users. Another function of the Water Office is to administer the State Water Assurance Act, which authorizes the establishment of local water assurance districts.

Goals and Objectives. The Kansas Water Office ensures protection of the water resources of the state in a manner that is technologically and economically feasible. To achieve this goal the Kansas Water Office plans to:

Reduce the amount of "wasted" and "unaccounted for" water.

Reduce the number of irrigation points of diversion where water use exceeds the regional standards.

Provide surface water and ground water to meet public water supply needs even during a period of drought.

The agency improves the quality of the state's water supply through the following objectives:

Reduce the levels of pollutants detected in the state's groundwater, streams, and lakes.

Provide public information and education on water issues.

Statutory History. The Kansas Water Office and the Kansas Water Authority were created by the 1981 Legislature (KSA 74-2608 et seq.) as successors to the Kansas Water Resources Board. Statutory milestones include adoption of a constitutional amendment in 1958 to permit state expenditures for water resource development; enactment of the State Water Resource Planning Act in 1963 (KSA 82a-901 et seq.); enactment of the State Water Plan Storage Act in 1974 (KSA 82a-1301 et seq.); enactment of the Water Transfer Act in 1983 (KSA 82a-1501 et seq.); and approval of the State Water Plan in 1985 (KSA 82a-906).

Enactments in 1986 authorized the Water Assurance Program, amended the State Water Plan Storage Act, altered the membership of the Water Authority, and established a program for water conservation planning (KSA 82a-1331, et seq., 82a-915, et seq., and 82a-927, respectively). The 1989 Legislature (KSA 82a-951, et seq.) established the State Water Plan Fund to provide a permanent source of funding for projects and programs recommended in the State Water Plan. The 1991 Legislature created the Water Marketing Fund to which direct deposits are made from water sales. In 1994, the Legislature gave the agency expanded authority to issue bonds for the purchase of water storage (KSA 82a-1360).

Kansas Water Office

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 1,296,735 | 1,277,083 | 1,383,070 | | 1,389,408 |
| Contractual Services | 4,518,579 | 4,457,835 | 4,379,251 | 431,000 | 4,317,751 |
| Commodities | 46,570 | 27,365 | 30,069 | 15,000 | 30,069 |
| Capital Outlay | 13,735 | 4,500 | | | |
| Debt Service | 258,982 | 251,841 | 263,991 | | 263,991 |
| Non-expense Items | 366,443 | 404,116 | 402,000 | | 402,000 |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$6,134,601 | \$6,018,624 | \$6,056,381 | \$446,000 | \$6,001,219 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$6,134,601 | \$6,018,624 | \$6,056,381 | \$446,000 | \$6,001,219 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$6,134,601 | \$6,018,624 | \$6,056,381 | \$446,000 | \$6,001,219 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 1,455,410 | 1,447,004 | 1,420,236 | 446,000 | 1,424,681 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$1,455,410 | \$1,447,004 | \$1,420,236 | \$446,000 | \$1,424,681 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 4,679,191 | 4,571,620 | 4,636,145 | | 4,576,538 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$4,679,191 | \$4,571,620 | \$4,636,145 | \$ | \$4,576,538 |
| Total Expenditures | \$6,134,601 | \$6,018,624 | \$6,056,381 | \$446,000 | \$6,001,219 |
| FTE Positions | 23.5 | 23.5 | 23.5 | | 23.5 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | | 5.0 |
| Total Positions | 28.5 | 28.5 | 28.5 | | 28.5 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of public water suppliers with "unaccounted for" water of 30 percent or more that received on-site technical assistance | 28 | 49 | 65 |
| Number of state-funded gauging stations | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| Number of public water supply conservation plans developed and approved | 49 | 69 | 50 |

Kansas Wheat Commission -

The Kansas Wheat Commission was abolished as a state agency by the 2000 Legislature effective July 1, 2000. The agency conducted research, education, and publicity to develop new markets or maintain existing

markets for wheat and wheat products on behalf of Kansas wheat producers. Although it is no longer a state agency, the Commission is still operational through a private organization located in Manhattan.

Kansas Wheat Commission

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 351,780 | | | | |
| Contractual Services | 2,690,210 | | | | |
| Commodities | 37,621 | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 18,164 | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$3,097,775 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$3,097,775 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 3,097,775 | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$3,097,775 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Total Expenditures | \$3,097,775 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| FTE Positions | 8.0 | | | | |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | 8.0 | | | | |

Wichita State University_

Mission. The mission of Wichita State University is to provide comprehensive educational opportunities in an urban setting. Through teaching, scholarship, and public service, the University seeks to equip both students and the larger community with the educational and cultural tools they need to thrive in a complex world and to achieve both individual responsibility in their own lives and effective citizenship in the local, national, and global community.

Operations. Wichita State University began as Fairmount College in 1895 under management of the Congregational Church. The institution became the Municipal University of Wichita under the City of Wichita in 1926. In 1964 the University became an institution under the State Board of Regents.

The University is an urban institution with the primary goal of service to the citizens of the 13-county area surrounding the City of Wichita and Sedgwick County. The University especially attempts to serve the citizens residing in the urban area. The student body of the University is predominantly part-time and beyond the traditional college age. The University operates both day and evening programs for those students who, because of age, family responsibilities, or economic or job constraints, must obtain a college education on a part-time basis.

Building on a strong tradition in the arts and sciences, the University offers programs in business, education, engineering, fine arts, and health professions, as well as in the liberal arts and sciences. Degree programs range from the associate to the doctoral level and encompass 75 fields of study; non-degree programs are designed to meet the specialized educational and training needs of individuals and organizations in South Central Kansas.

Scholarship, including research, creative activity, and artistic performance, is designed to advance the

University's goals of providing high quality instruction, making original contributions to knowledge and human understanding, and serving as an agent of community service. This activity is a basic expectation of all faculty members of WSU.

Public and community service seek to foster the cultural, economic, and social development of a diverse metropolitan community and the state. The University's service constituency includes artistic and cultural agencies, businesses, as well as community, educational, governmental, health, and labor organizations.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of Wichita State University is to provide a high quality education for its students. To achieve this goal, its objectives are to:

Provide quality teaching and learning opportunities in all undergraduate, graduate, and continuing education programs.

Utilize scholarship, research, creative activity, and artistic performance to advance the instructional mission.

The University strives to serve as an agent for community service. An objective of this goal it to:

Cultivate the cultural, economic, and social development of the diverse metropolitan community in Wichita and the state through University public and community service activities.

Another goal of the University is to make original contributions to knowledge and human understanding.

Statutory History. Wichita State University was made a state university by the 1963 Legislature in KSA 76-3a01 and KSA 76-711 et seq.

_Wichita State University

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| Institutional Support | 8,200,385 | 10,228,917 | 9,489,308 | 1,297,817 | 9,640,083 |
| Educational Program | 72,545,949 | 75,911,224 | 75,810,170 | 6,264,153 | 77,343,714 |
| Research | 10,916,816 | 14,673,389 | 14,703,112 | 354,657 | 14,721,551 |
| Public Service | 11,503,629 | 9,552,538 | 9,605,722 | 412,084 | 9,633,081 |
| Student Aids | 8,951,328 | 8,408,499 | 8,415,790 | 10,937 | 8,415,790 |
| Auxiliary Enterprises | 3,084,317 | 2,931,228 | 2,946,599 | 54,774 | 2,946,599 |
| Physical Plant | 15,293,896 | 15,836,957 | 16,083,801 | 286,405 | 16,252,657 |
| Debt Service & Capital Improve. | 1,628,860 | 4,290,569 | 1,941,944 | 485,925 | 1,941,944 |
| Total Expenditures | \$132,125,180 | \$141,833,321 | \$138,996,446 | \$9,166,752 | \$140,895,419 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 86,712,791 | 90,852,703 | 91,900,756 | 5,774,927 | 93,799,729 |
| Contractual Services | 23,136,502 | 22,950,698 | 22,779,113 | 307,050 | 22,779,113 |
| Commodities | 4,663,896 | 8,867,276 | 8,616,565 | 454,547 | 8,616,565 |
| Capital Outlay | 6,028,464 | 6,018,651 | 4,897,353 | 2,133,366 | 4,897,353 |
| Debt Service | 744,358 | 1,012,264 | 1,024,277 | | 1,024,277 |
| Non-expense Items | 10,203,373 | 4,255,033 | 4,500,000 | | 4,500,000 |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$121,286,011 | \$129,701,592 | \$129,218,064 | \$8,669,890 | \$131,117,037 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 9,954,667 | 8,853,424 | 8,860,715 | 10,937 | 8,860,715 |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$131,240,678 | \$138,555,016 | \$138,078,779 | \$8,680,827 | \$139,977,752 |
| Capital Improvements | 884,502 | 3,278,305 | 917,667 | 485,925 | 917,667 |
| Total Expenditures | \$132,125,180 | \$141,833,321 | \$138,996,446 | \$9,166,752 | \$140,895,419 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 61,351,397 | 63,285,174 | 62,616,754 | 7,391,239 | 64,216,199 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 15,315 | 325,106 | 328,164 | 10,937 | 328,164 |
| Capital Improvements | | | | 485,925 | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$61,366,712 | \$63,610,280 | \$62,944,918 | \$7,888,101 | \$64,544,363 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 59,934,614 | 66,416,418 | 66,601,310 | 1,278,651 | 66,900,838 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 9,939,352 | 8,528,318 | 8,532,551 | | 8,532,551 |
| Capital Improvements | 884,502 | 3,278,305 | 917,667 | | 917,667 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$70,758,468 | \$78,223,041 | \$76,051,528 | \$1,278,651 | \$76,351,056 |
| Total Expenditures | \$132,125,180 | \$141,833,321 | \$138,996,446 | \$9,166,752 | \$140,895,419 |
| FTE Positions | 1,717.5 | 1,727.3 | 1,727.3 | | 1,727.3 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 1,717.5 | 1,727.5 | 1,727.5 | | 1,727.5 |
| Total Positions | 1,717.5 | 1,727.3 | 1,727.3 | | 1,727.3 |
| Total Tostions | 1,717.6 | 1,727.5 | 1,727.0 | | 1,727.0 |
| | | | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2003 |
| Performance Measures | | | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| | | | | | |
| Five-year graduation rate | | | 24.2 % | 21.5 % | 21.8 % |
| Percent of credit hours taught by ranked | d faculty | | 71.4 % | 70.0 % | 70.5 % |
| | • | | | | |
| First-year retention rate | | | 67.3 % | 65.0 % | 68.0 % |
| | | | | | |

Department of Wildlife & Parks_

Mission. The Department's mission is to conserve and enhance Kansas' natural heritage, its wildlife, and its habitats to assure future generations the benefits of the state's diverse, living resources. The Department also strives to provide the public with opportunities for use and appreciation of the natural resources of Kansas consistent with the conservation of those resources.

Operations. Oversight of the Department is the responsibility of the Secretary of Wildlife and Parks. The Secretary and support staff are located in Topeka. General administrative responsibilities are handled by the Assistant Secretary for Administration who, by law, is located in Topeka. General field responsibilities are managed by the Assistant Secretary for Operations who, by law, is located in Pratt. The Department of Wildlife and Parks Commission offers advice on outdoor recreation and natural resources protection and approves all fees, rules, and regulations.

The Department is responsible for managing and protecting the outdoor recreational opportunities and natural resources of the state. The programs used to fulfill the Department's direct responsibilities are Parks, Law Enforcement, and Fisheries and Wildlife, which includes oversight of the Department's public lands. The support program, Administration, includes Administrative and Executive Services. Through these programs the Department manages lands and waters, enforces wildlife laws, manages and researches wildlife resources, focuses attention on environmental protection, provides both required and voluntary outdoor educational programs, and oversees various federal and state mandates, such as acts relating to threatened and endangered species.

Statutory History. The Department of Wildlife and Parks' powers and authorities can be found in KSA 32-801 through 32-808.

Department of Wildlife & Parks

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Program | | | | | |
| Administration | 7,085,275 | 7,073,507 | 7,546,045 | 248,472 | 7,576,294 |
| Grants-in-Aid | 1,594,892 | 1,949,596 | 1,735,000 | | 1,735,000 |
| Law Enforcement | 4,210,781 | 4,704,183 | 4,954,091 | 498,686 | 5,463,946 |
| State Parks | 7,211,986 | 7,602,855 | 7,915,937 | 912,281 | 8,490,563 |
| Fisheries & Wildlife | 12,500,721 | 13,186,763 | 13,726,462 | 519,740 | 14,219,463 |
| Capital Improvements | 10,798,309 | 11,291,128 | 5,764,000 | 488,500 | 5,834,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$43,401,964 | \$45,808,032 | \$41,641,535 | \$2,667,679 | \$43,319,266 |
| Expenditures by Object | | | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | 18,281,568 | 18,811,121 | 18,970,168 | 927,143 | 19,815,213 |
| Contractual Services | 6,794,017 | 8,112,579 | 8,521,800 | 585,650 | 8,953,700 |
| Commodities | 3,719,335 | 3,368,459 | 3,475,342 | 55,936 | 3,531,278 |
| Capital Outlay | 2,205,847 | 2,275,149 | 3,175,225 | 610,450 | 3,450,075 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | 100,305 | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$31,000,767 | \$32,567,308 | \$34,142,535 | \$2,179,179 | \$35,750,266 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 1,594,892 | 1,914,596 | 1,735,000 | | 1,735,000 |
| Other Assistance | 7,996 | 35,000 | | | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures | \$32,603,655 | \$34,516,904 | \$35,877,535 | \$2,179,179 | \$37,485,266 |
| Capital Improvements | 10,798,309 | 11,291,128 | 5,764,000 | 488,500 | 5,834,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$43,401,964 | \$45,808,032 | \$41,641,535 | \$2,667,679 | \$43,319,266 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 3,501,646 | 3,569,346 | 4,299,836 | 224,484 | 4,305,369 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 216,720 | 395,104 | | 388,500 | 70,000 |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$3,718,366 | \$3,964,450 | \$4,299,836 | \$612,984 | \$4,375,369 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 27,499,121 | 28,997,962 | 29,842,699 | 1,954,695 | 31,444,897 |
| Aid to Local Governments | 1,594,892 | 1,914,596 | 1,735,000 | | 1,735,000 |
| Other Assistance | 7,996 | 35,000 | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 10,581,589 | 10,896,024 | 5,764,000 | 100,000 | 5,764,000 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$39,683,598 | \$41,843,582 | \$37,341,699 | \$2,054,695 | \$38,943,897 |
| Total Expenditures | \$43,401,964 | \$45,808,032 | \$41,641,535 | \$2,667,679 | \$43,319,266 |
| - | | | | | |
| FTE Positions | 395.5 | 397.5 | 394.5 | 12.0 | 406.5 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 56.0 | 53.0 | 3.0 | 53.0 | 54.0 |
| Total Positions | 451.5 | 450.5 | 397.5 | 65.0 | 460.5 |

Administration_

Operations. The Administration Program is responsible for overall management of the Department and includes two divisions.

The Administrative Services Division provides general support, including business and fiscal management, licensing, data processing, and management of the Pratt Operations facility. Oversight of these functions is the responsibility of the Assistant Secretary for Administration. Direct management is provided by the Director of the Administrative Services Division.

The Executive Services Division consists of the Office of the Secretary of Wildlife and Parks, engineering, personnel, budget, policy and planning, educational development, environmental services, and public information.

Goals and Objectives. The Administrative Services Division seeks to provide effective agency support. This goal is accomplished through the following objectives:

Provide accurate, timely, and efficient fiscal management, information, and administrative support.

Coordinate and manage the Department's motor pool operations, payroll functions, and contractual agreements.

The Executive Services Division seeks to establish sound management at all levels of operation. This is accomplished through the following objectives:

Develop and implement quality management principles.

Provide technical fisheries and wildlife input to sponsoring groups, propose land use and development projects, and assess the probable effects of such activities on the state's fish and wildlife resources.

Administer the Department's permitting authority.

Investigate pollution events affecting fish and wildlife resources comprehensively and rapidly and prevent destruction of habitats and/or populations.

Process employee personnel transactions within 30 days of receipt.

Complete 75.0 percent of engineering projects by the original completion date.

Statutory History. The Department of Wildlife and Parks' powers can be found in KSA 32-801 through 32-808.

Department of Wildlife & Parks Administration

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Evman diturna hy Ohiaat | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages | 3,906,993 | 3,963,696 | 4 102 177 | 27 622 | 4,125,426 |
| Contractual Services | 2,248,876 | 2,307,935 | 4,102,177 2,445,470 | 37,622 103,750 | 2,445,470 |
| Commodities | 581,596 | 478,096 | 469,933 | 7,000 | 476,933 |
| Capital Outlay | 343,310 | 323,780 | 528,465 | 100,100 | 528,465 |
| Debt Service | 3 - 3,310 | 323,760 | 320,403 | 100,100 | 320,403 |
| Non-expense Items | 5,006 | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$7,080,77 5 | \$7,073,507 | \$7,546,045 | \$248,472 | \$7,576,294 |
| Aid to Local Governments | ψ1,000,11 c | φ <i>τ</i> ,σ <i>τ</i> ε,εσ <i>τ</i> | ψ, γ, ε 10, ο 1ε | Ψ 2 10,172 | ψ <i>τ</i> ,ε <i>τ</i> ο, 2 > |
| Other Assistance | 4,500 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$7,085,275 | \$7,073,507 | \$7,546,045 | \$248,472 | \$7,576,294 |
| Expenditures by Fund State General Fund | , , | , , | | , | |
| State Operations | 938,357 | 1,076,397 | 1,365,779 | 194,484 | 1,381,798 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | *000 0 == | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$938,357 | \$1,076,397 | \$1,365,779 | \$194,484 | \$1,381,798 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 6,142,418 | 5,997,110 | 6,180,266 | 53,988 | 6,194,496 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 4,500 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$6,146,918 | \$5,997,110 | \$6,180,266 | \$53,988 | \$6,194,496 |
| Total Expenditures | \$7,085,275 | \$7,073,507 | \$7,546,045 | \$248,472 | \$7,576,294 |
| FTE Positions | 91.5 | 93.5 | 90.5 | 1.0 | 93.5 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | |
| Total Positions | 94.5 | 93.5 | 93.5 | 1.0 | 93.5 |
| | | | | | |
| Performance Measures | | | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
| Number of new wildlife habitat impact | projects reviewed | | 939 | 750 | 750 |
| Number of permits and licenses issued | | | | | |
| Deer Permits | • | | 157 600 | 160,000 | 160,000 |
| Fishing Licenses (resident and non- | racidant) | | 157,608 338,157 | 160,000 339,000 | 160,000 339,000 |
| Hunting Licenses (resident and non- | | | 195,761 | 198,000 | 198,000 |
| Daily Park Use Permits | i-resident) | | 378,956 | 380,000 | 380,000 |
| Annual Park Use Permits | | | 40,489 | 61,000 | 61,000 |
| | | | 40,409 | 01,000 | 01,000 |
| Number of students certified through e | ducation programs i | n: | | | |
| Hunting | | | 12,340 | 13,000 | 13,000 |
| Boating | | | 921 | 1,000 | 1,500 |
| Personal Water Craft | | | 5,650 | 5,750 | 6,000 |
| Furharvester | | | 419 | 400 | 400 |
| Kansas Wildlife & Parks magazine circ | culation | | 27,500 | 28,000 | 28,000 |

Grants-in-Aid

Operations. The Department of Wildlife and Parks' Grants-in-Aid Program provides funding and grant assistance to eligible local outdoor recreation agencies. Specific grant programs for local groups that are administered by the Department include the Kansas Local Government Outdoor Recreation Grant Program, Community Lake Assistance Program, Outdoor Wildlife Learning Sites, and Local Shooting Range Development Program. Other assistance is provided to individuals through the Youth in the Outdoors Program, Wildscape, the Americorps Program, and the National Recreational Trails Program. Grants-in-Aid is financed by a variety of state and federal sources.

Since 1965, Kansas has received over \$40.0 million in federal aid as matching funds for state and local projects. Of the \$40.0 million, approximately 70.0 percent has been distributed to local governments.

The Kansas Local Government Outdoor Recreation Grant Program was established during the 1998 Legislative Session. The Department has created guidelines for distributing funding to outdoor recreation groups.

Goals and Objectives. The agency has established the following goals for this program:

Maintain compliance with federal guidelines for program administration.

Utilize all available funds for state and local recreation projects.

Statutory History. Public Law 88-578 established the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965, which provides for state participation in the development of outdoor recreation. KSA 32-825 designates the Department of Wildlife and Parks as the state agency that applies for, accepts, administers, and disburses federal assistance under federal law. KSA 32-1201 et seq. establish the Kansas Local Government Outdoor Recreation Grant Program.

_Grants-in-Aid

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Gov. Estimate | FY 2002 Curr. Service | FY 2002 Enhanc. Pkg. | FY 2002 Gov. Rec. |
|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Expenditures by Object | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Cuii. Scivice | Ellianc. 1 kg. | Gov. Rcc. |
| Salaries and Wages | | | | | |
| Contractual Services | | | | | |
| Commodities | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | 95,299 | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Aid to Local Governments | 1,594,892 | 1,914,596 | 1,735,000 | Ψ | 1,735,000 |
| Other Assistance | | 35,000 | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,594,892 | \$1,949,596 | \$1,735,000 | \$ | \$1,735,000 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | 1,594,892 | 1,914,596 | 1,735,000 | | 1,735,000 |
| Other Assistance | | 35,000 | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$1,594,892 | \$1,949,596 | \$1,735,000 | \$ | \$1,735,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,594,892 | \$1,949,596 | \$1,735,000 | \$ | \$1,735,000 |
| FTE Positions | | | | | |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | | | | | |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of grant programs | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| Number of Local Outdoor Recreation Grants approved | 45 | 42 | 45 |

Law Enforcement_

Operations. The Wildlife and Parks Law Enforcement Program provides for the oversight and enforcement of all wildlife laws, boating laws, Department regulations, and the Hunter Safety Act. Oversight of this program is the responsibility of the Assistant Secretary for Operations. Direct management of this program is provided by the Division Director for the Law Enforcement Division. Law enforcement personnel also enforce many federal regulations, such as the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, the Endangered Species Act, and the Black Bass Act.

The personnel assigned to the Wildlife and Parks Law Enforcement Program are responsible for enforcing all hunting, fishing, and boating laws in the state. The Special Investigations Unit performs investigations as directed by the Secretary. Assisting in education efforts is a secondary duty of personnel assigned to this program.

Goals and Objectives. Through its Law Enforcement Program, the Department seeks to provide oversight and protection of the state's natural resource areas. The following are objectives of this program:

Maintain a compliance rate for wildlife laws and regulations at 90.0 percent or higher.

Perform 900 wildlife license and permit checks per Conservation Officer annually.

Statutory History. KSA 32-808 grants authority over the conservation and protection of the state's natural resources dealing with wildlife and its habitats. As part of this authority, the Department establishes and enforces open and closed seasons and bag limits on wildlife. The Department also conducts investigations regarding the conservation of threatened and endangered species.

Law Enforcement

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Gov. Estimate | FY 2002 Curr. Service | FY 2002 | FY 2002 Gov. Rec. |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Expenditures by Object | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Salaries and Wages | 3,189,600 | 3,382,066 | 3,502,215 | 175,000 | 3,688,384 |
| Contractual Services | 280,310 | 356,192 | 429,641 | 41,900 | 471,541 |
| Commodities | 272,085 | 245,472 | 223,282 | 48,936 | 272,218 |
| Capital Outlay | 468,697 | 720,453 | 798,953 | 232,850 | 1,031,803 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$4,210,692 | \$4,704,183 | \$4,954,091 | \$498,686 | \$5,463,946 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 89 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$4,210,781 | \$4,704,183 | \$4,954,091 | \$498,686 | \$5,463,946 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 4,210,692 | 4,704,183 | 4,954,091 | 498,686 | 5,463,946 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 89 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$4,210,781 | \$4,704,183 | \$4,954,091 | \$498,686 | \$5,463,946 |
| Total Expenditures | \$4,210,781 | \$4,704,183 | \$4,954,091 | \$498,686 | \$5,463,946 |
| FTE Positions | 73.0 | 73.0 | 73.0 | 5.0 | 78.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | 1.0 |
| Total Positions | 73.0 | 73.0 | 73.0 | 5.0 | 79.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of public contacts | 105,756 | 150,000 | 150,000 |
| Number of wildlife license, boating safety, and registration checks per Conservation Officer | 1,143 | 1,222 | 1,222 |
| Compliance rate with laws and regulations for: Wildlife | 93.0 % | 91.0 % | 91.0 % |
| Boating | 83.5 % | 82.3 % | 82.3 % |

State Parks_

Operations. The Parks Program is responsible for managing 24 state parks and the Prairie Spirit Rail Trail. Oversight of this program is the responsibility of the Assistant Secretary for Operations. Direct management is provided by the Division Director for the Parks Division. To manage park facilities more effectively, the state is divided into three regions, each managed by a Regional Supervisor.

This program also is responsible for administering Local Government Outdoor Recreation Grants. An evaluation committee reviews and prioritizes the applications according to statewide needs. However, the Department provides support and technical assistance with the application procedure.

Goals and Objectives. It is a goal of the Department to manage, protect, and administer effectively all state

parks to provide a diversity of recreational experiences. This goal is accomplished through the following objectives:

Provide improved maintenance for existing facilities.

Utilize consistent, statistically valid user surveys to evaluate customer service and demand.

Evaluate continually and use employees to maintain proper efficiency.

Statutory History. KSA 32-807 authorizes the Department to operate a state park system. The development and operation of recreational trails are contained in KSA 58-3211 et seq.

___State Parks

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| F 1' 1 01' | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Expenditures by Object | 4.006.752 | 5 202 201 | 4 000 721 | 620 701 | 5 462 257 |
| Salaries and Wages | 4,806,753 | 5,203,291 | 4,888,731 | 629,781 | 5,463,357 |
| Contractual Services | 1,209,068 | 1,253,414 | 1,409,857 | 50,000 | 1,409,857 |
| Commodities | 863,987 | 872,170 | 850,349 | | 850,349 |
| Capital Outlay | 328,771 | 273,980 | 767,000 | 232,500 | 767,000 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$7,208,579 | \$7,602,855 | \$7,915,937 | \$912,281 | \$8,490,563 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 3,407 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$7,211,986 | \$7,602,855 | \$7,915,937 | \$912,281 | \$8,490,563 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | 2,563,289 | 2,492,949 | 2,934,057 | 30,000 | 2,923,571 |
| Aid to Local Governments | · · · · | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | · · · · | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$2,563,289 | \$2,492,949 | \$2,934,057 | \$30,000 | \$2,923,571 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 4,645,290 | 5,109,906 | 4,981,880 | 882,281 | 5,566,992 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | 3,407 | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | , | | | | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$4,648,697 | \$5,109,906 | \$4,981,880 | \$882,281 | \$5,566,992 |
| Total Expenditures | \$7,211,986 | \$7,602,855 | \$7,915,937 | \$912,281 | \$8,490,563 |
| FTE Positions | 104.0 | 104.0 | 104.0 | 4.0 | 107.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 53.0 | 53.0 | | 53.0 | 53.0 |
| Total Positions | 157.0 | 157.0 | 104.0 | 57.0 | 160.0 |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Percent of campers satisfied | 82.0 % | 85.0 % | 90.0 % |
| Percent of day users satisfied | 85.0 % | 85.0 % | 90.0 % |
| Percent of campsites utilized | 75.0 % | 75.0 % | 76.0 % |
| Number of "Adopt a Park" programs | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Number of volunteer hours | 38,000 | 45,000 | 65,000 |

Fisheries & Wildlife

Operations. The Fisheries and Wildlife Program is responsible for management of all wildlife and fish resources on public and private lands, including state fishing lakes and wildlife areas. This program is also responsible for research and technical analysis, evaluation of fish and wildlife populations, statewide regulatory efforts, and other functions, including fish production and stocking statewide. In addition, this program develops wildlife management plans to improve the quality of hunting and fishing in the state and addresses nongame wildlife concerns. comprehensive wildlife management process is prepared every five years, then used to review and revise these management plans. Oversight of this program is the responsibility of the Assistant Secretary for Operations. This program is directly managed by the Division Director of the Fisheries and Wildlife Division

The Fisheries and Wildlife Program provides technical assistance and guidance to other programs in the Department. This program also evaluates grant proposals submitted by local organizations for development of community lake recreation opportunities. It also evaluates grant applications for establishing local Outdoor Wildlife Learning Sites. Another responsibility is to ensure compliance with the Threatened and Endangered Species Act.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the Fisheries and Wildlife Program are (1) to protect, enhance, and manage the fisheries and wildlife resources in Kansas and (2) plan and implement an orderly system of recreational use opportunities. The objectives are as follows:

Provide the number, size, and species of fish requested for statewide stocking, while maintaining adequate stocks of forage and brood fish.

Maintain the continuity of fisheries and wildlife population databases and user performance surveys.

Enhance the status and habitats of nongame species with emphasis placed on promoting appreciation for threatened and endangered species.

Increase the number of days spent hunting, fishing, and observing wildlife.

Reverse the trend of deteriorating quantity and quality of wildlife habitat.

Develop and implement a comprehensive management approach to all wildlife related issues.

Protect and enhance those species classified as threatened, endangered, or in need of conservation.

Statutory History. The Department, by law, is granted authority over the conservation of the natural resources of the state in regard to wildlife and habitat. In addition, KSA 32-958 et seq. direct the Department to conduct investigations and establish programs for conserving nongame, threatened and endangered species, and all other wildlife.

Fisheries & Wildlife

| | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 | FY 2002 |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Expenditures by Object | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Curr. Service | Enhanc. Pkg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Salaries and Wages | 6,378,222 | 6,262,068 | 6,477,045 | 84,740 | 6,538,046 |
| Contractual Services | 3,055,763 | 4,195,038 | 4,236,832 | 390,000 | 4,626,832 |
| Commodities | 2,001,667 | 1,772,721 | 1,931,778 | , | 1,931,778 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,065,069 | 956,936 | 1,080,807 | 45,000 | 1,122,807 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$12,500,721 | \$13,186,763 | \$13,726,462 | \$519,740 | \$14,219,463 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$12,500,721 | \$13,186,763 | \$13,726,462 | \$519,740 | \$14,219,463 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | | _ | | | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | 12,500,721 | 13,186,763 | 13,726,462 | 519,740 | 14,219,463 |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 412 500 531 | 012 107 572 | 012 5 26 462 | 4510 540 | 014 010 463 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$12,500,721 \$12,500,721 | \$13,186,763 | \$13,726,462 | \$519,740 \$510,740 | \$14,219,463 |
| Total Expenditures | \$12,500,721 | \$13,186,763 | \$13,726,462 | \$519,740 | \$14,219,463 |
| FTE Positions | 127.0 | 127.0 | 127.0 | 2.0 | 128.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | 127.0 | 127.0 | 127.0 | 2.0 | 120.0 |
| Total Positions | 127.0 | 127.0 | 127.0 | 2.0 | 128.0 |
| | | | FY 2000 | FY 2001 | FY 2002 |
| Performance Measures | | | Actual | Estimate | Estimate |
| Number of surveys conducted: | | | | | |
| Wildlife population | | | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| Hunter | | | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| Landowner | | | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| Angler | | | 19 | 24 | 24 |
| _ | | | - | | |
| Percent satisfied with associated man Deer hunters | agement program. | | 71.0.0/ | 90 0 n/ | 90 0 n/ |
| Landowners (deer) | | | 71.0 % 50.0 % | 80.0 % 50.0 % | 80.0 % 60.0 % |
| Turkey hunters | | | 81.0 % | 85.0 % | 85.0 % |
| Landowners (turkey) | | | 60.0 % | 65.0 % | 70.0 % |
| Anglers | | | 79.0 % | 70.0 % | 70.0 % 70.0 % |
| _ | C | | | | |
| Number of acres affected by Upland | Gamebird Habitat Pro | ogram | 50,000 | 75,000 | 95,000 |
| Number of acres in Walk-in Hunting | Program | | 635,000 | 730,000 | 730,000 |

Capital Improvements_

Operations. The Capital Improvements Program for the Department of Wildlife and Parks provides funding for repair and construction projects at state-owned or administered areas under the jurisdiction of the Department. The Capital Improvements Program encompasses five major functions: planning, designing, budgeting, preliminary engineering and/or architecture, and construction. Large improvement projects are generally constructed through contracts awarded to private contractors on a competitive bid basis. Smaller capital projects are constructed using agency equipment and staff.

In 1998, the Governor proposed a \$10.0 million initiative to improve the infrastructure of Kansas' parks. His initiative, *Parks 2000*, was the result of input and feedback from the Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks Commission. *Parks 2000* is a three-year program which will replace or rehabilitate

structures, provide enhanced camping facilities, and improve access to Kansas' park system.

Goals and Objectives. A primary goal is to provide facilities that meet the needs of Kansas citizens. It will be pursued through the following objectives:

Maintain or improve the physical structure of all agency facilities.

Construct agency facilities, as needed, which address the expectations of park patrons.

Construct agency facilities, as needed, to address the expectations of new user groups.

Statutory History. The Secretary of the Department is granted authority over conservation of the natural resources of the state by KSA 32-807.

Capital Improvements

| | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Gov. Estimate | FY 2002 Curr. Service | FY 2002 Enhanc. Pkg. | FY 2002 Gov. Rec. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Expenditures by Object | Actual | Gov. Estimate | Cuii. Scivice | Limane. 1 kg. | Gov. Rec. |
| Salaries and Wages | | | | | |
| Contractual Services | | | | | |
| Commodities | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Non-expense Items | | | | | |
| Subtotal: State Operations | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 10,798,309 | 11,291,128 | 5,764,000 | 488,500 | 5,834,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$10,798,309 | \$11,291,128 | \$5,764,000 | \$488,500 | \$5,834,000 |
| Expenditures by Fund | | | | | |
| State General Fund | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 216,720 | 395,104 | | 388,500 | 70,000 |
| Subtotal: State General Fund | \$216,720 | \$395,104 | \$ | \$388,500 | \$70,000 |
| Other Funds | | | | | |
| State Operations | | | | | |
| Aid to Local Governments | | | | | |
| Other Assistance | | | | | |
| Capital Improvements | 10,581,589 | 10,896,024 | 5,764,000 | 100,000 | 5,764,000 |
| Subtotal: Other Funds | \$10,581,589 | \$10,896,024 | \$5,764,000 | \$100,000 | \$5,764,000 |
| Total Expenditures | \$10,798,309 | \$11,291,128 | \$5,764,000 | \$488,500 | \$5,834,000 |
| FTE Positions | | | | | |
| Other Unclassified Positions | | | | | |
| Total Positions | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Performance Measures | FY 2000 Actual | FY 2001 Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Number of structures in need of major repair or replacement | 8 | 4 | 6 |
| Percent of dams repaired | 40.0 % | 45.0 % | 50.0 % |
| Number of miles of roadway in need of resurfacing | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| Number of bridges repaired or replaced | 0 | 1 | 3 |

Winfield Correctional Facility_

Mission. The mission of Winfield Correctional Facility, as part of the criminal justice system, contributes to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while actively assisting them to become law-abiding citizens.

Operations. The Winfield Correctional Facility is a 522-bed facility which provides housing for minimum security male inmates. The facility serves a prerelease function designed to provide a smooth transition from an institutional setting to the community for inmates expected to be paroled in the near future. The Pre-release Program offers participants opportunities to learn and practice a variety of social skills in less restricted settings which will enable them to reenter the communities to which they are being paroled.

The institution operates six major budget programs: Administration, Security, Classification and Programs, Support Services, Capital Improvements, and the Wichita Work Release Facility.

The Administration Program provides for the overall management and operation of the institution and includes financial management, planning, and personnel administration. The Security Program's primary function is to minimize escapes from the institution, minimize acts of physical violence by inmates, and provide staff with a safe working environment. Correctional officers control the internal and external movement of inmates; monitor activities; supervise work details; investigate incidents relating to the security, safety, and well-being of the institution, inmates, and staff; and perform miscellaneous duties.

Classification and Programs maintains all the records regarding work assignments, progress reviews, attitudinal and adjustment counseling, probation/parole counseling, and other matters regarding the inmates. The Support Services Program includes such activities as laundry and supply, facilities operations, and physical plant maintenance. Food Service operations were privatized in FY 1997 and moved to the Department of Corrections' budget. Medical and mental health services are provided under a Department of Corrections contract with a private firm.

The Wichita Work Release Facility became part of Winfield Correctional Facility on September 1, 1996. Prior to FY 1997, the Wichita Work Release Facility was part of the Facilities Operations Program in the Department of Corrections. The facility affords selected inmates the opportunity for community reintegration prior to actual release from custody. Inmates housed at the facility become gainfully employed on a full-time basis in the community. The residential-style facility has a capacity of 198 male and female inmates.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the facility is to provide for the secure and humane confinement of offenders as well as for public safety. The objectives associated with this goal are to:

Limit the number of inmate assaults on staff.

Limit the number of inmate escapes.

In addition, a separate goal of the Wichita Work Release Facility is to provide for the confinement, control, and rehabilitation of adult felons.

Statutory History. The Winfield Correctional Facility operates under the authority of the Secretary of Corrections as specified in the provisions of KSA 75-52,117.

_Winfield Correctional Facility

| FY 2000 FY 2001 FY 2002 FY 2002 Actual Gov. Estimate Curr. Service Enhanc. Pkg. | FY 2002 Gov. Rec. |
|--|----------------------|
| Expenditures by Program | Gov. Rec. |
| Administration 618,075 610,272 615,559 60,936 | 625,243 |
| Security 3,506,704 3,542,663 3,618,698 594,406 | 3,814,101 |
| Classification and Programs 938,323 903,395 921,403 29,458 | 912,742 |
| Wichita Work Release 1,783,911 1,856,083 1,889,409 68,470 | 1,919,630 |
| Support Services 2,146,022 2,288,352 2,333,198 243,039 | 2,278,056 |
| Debt Service & Capital Improve. 279,081 107,119 | |
| Total Expenditures \$9,272,116 \$9,307,884 \$9,378,267 \$996,309 | \$9,549,772 |
| Expenditures by Object | |
| Salaries and Wages 7,148,934 7,168,746 7,363,298 714,073 | 7,635,803 |
| Contractual Services 1,008,286 1,254,008 1,268,819 130,136 | 1,167,819 |
| Commodities 730,586 687,011 695,150 | 695,150 |
| Capital Outlay 104,606 91,000 51,000 152,100 | 51,000 |
| Debt Service | |
| Non-expense Items | |
| Subtotal: State Operations \$8,992,412 \$9,200,765 \$9,378,267 \$996,309 | \$9,549,772 |
| Aid to Local Governments | |
| Other Assistance 623 | |
| Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$8,993,035 \$9,200,765 \$9,378,267 \$996,309 | \$9,549,772 |
| Capital Improvements 279,081 107,119 | |
| Total Expenditures \$9,272,116 \$9,307,884 \$9,378,267 \$996,309 | \$9,549,772 |
| Expenditures by Fund State General Fund | |
| State Operations 8,625,745 9,000,254 9,217,018 996,309 | 9,388,523 |
| Aid to Local Governments | |
| Other Assistance 623 | |
| Capital Improvements | |
| Subtotal: State General Fund \$8,626,368 \$9,000,254 \$9,217,018 \$996,309 | \$9,388,523 |
| Other Funds | |
| State Operations 366,667 200,511 161,249 | 161,249 |
| Aid to Local Governments | |
| Other Assistance | |
| Capital Improvements 279,081 107,119 | |
| Subtotal: Other Funds \$645,748 \$307,630 \$161,249 \$ | \$161,249 |
| Total Expenditures \$9,272,116 \$9,307,884 \$9,378,267 \$996,309 | \$9,549,772 |
| FTE Positions 200.0 201.0 201.0 | 201.0 |
| Other Unclassified Positions | |
| Total Positions 200.0 201.0 201.0 | 201.0 |
| | |
| Performance Measures FY 2000 FY 2001 Actual Estimate | FY 2002 Estimate |
| Number of escapes 1 1 | |

1

Number of assaults on staff